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## Gen. Drum Analyzes Efficiency of Army

MAJ. GEN. HUGH A. DRUM, in his annual report as The Inspector General of the Army, asserts that "the Army has made material improvement during the last year in its many tasks."

"This is especially true," Gen. Drum points out, "in relation to administration, state of mind, discipline and appearance. The officers of the Inspector General's Department have worked conscientiously and enthusiastically to assist in this work. The service at large has responded to the fullest extent."

The report covers a wide range of subjects. In the adjoining column are reproduced his observations on the effect upon morale of the present pay scale and promotion stagnation. Following are pertinent extracts from the balance of the report:

### Administration of the Army

TEN years have elapsed since the Army was reorganized under the National Defense Act of 1920. This reorganization and the lessons taught by the World War have necessitated an extensive overhauling of the administrative system of the Army, with many additions to and changes of Army Regulations. As a result there is a widespread feeling among responsible officers that far too much of their time and efforts is absorbed in keeping track of new and modified regulations and in complying with a constant stream of additional administrative instructions. After ten years of reorganization effort, it should be practicable to stabilize the administration of the Army and to divert most of the energy now devoted to changing policies and methods to promoting a better understanding, and a more efficient execution and a stricter enforcement, of the administrative system as now prescribed by regulations. The great need of the Army in this connection is less conception and more energetic execution. Furthermore, it is now time to subordinate administration to the primary army purpose, i.e., efficient combat forces. Future changes of regulations should have as their main purpose the elimination of unnecessary details, simplifying methods, and the restoration, whenever practicable, of the initiative of the subordinate commanders, so that they may receive proper training in the application of sound administrative principles to the problems confronting them, instead of learning to depend upon cut-and-dried solutions provided for their use by regulations. In war, administrative problems arise for which there are no peace-time precedents. These problems can only be solved by officers who have a sound grasp of basic administrative principles. The peace-time indoctrination of officers in the principles of administration is as essential as their indoctrination in tactical principles. The present tendency to suppress initiative in administration by prescribing the exact manner in which every administrative process shall be executed is distinctly inimical to the efficient training of the younger officers of the Army. Closely associated with and resulting from the existing complicated administrative system are the excessive overhead establishments maintained in all echelons of command. The number of officers and enlisted men, plus civilian employees, involved in the peace-time administration and education of the Army appears greatly out of proportion to the military personnel in combat units.

The multiplicity of periodical reports rendered to higher authority continues  
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## Inspector Gen'l Reports on Pay and Morale

INVESTIGATIONS made by the Inspector General's Department into the "Discipline and State of Mind of Commands" reveal inadequate pay and the slowness of promotion are the two most serious adverse factors in the maintenance of a high morale. Of the two, the report states, pay is the greater factor.

The text of the report of Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, the Inspector General, on the subject, follows:

### "Discipline and State of Minds of Commands"

"Special inquiries have been made during the year by inspectors in the course of their annual inspections as to the discipline of commands as reflected in the state of mind of officers and enlisted men. These inquiries have revealed that the standards of discipline are improving throughout the Army, in spite of adverse factors such as inadequate pay, promotion blocks, poor housing conditions still existing in many places, high turn-over of officers, heavy administrative overhead, and the labor duties imposed in connection with the construction and maintenance of camps and posts.

"The inadequate pay of officers, particularly in company grades, and the slowness of promotion are probably the two most serious adverse factors in the

maintenance of a high morale. Company officers are in closer contact with enlisted men than their seniors. The state of their morals is bound to have a strong influence for good or bad upon the morale of the enlisted men under their command. The slow promotion factor is probably less serious in its effect than is the factor of inadequate pay although stagnation in promotion tends to a serious atrophy of mental and physical qualities of the officer body. There can be no question that a large majority of the senior officers of the Army are in debt. Some corps area inspectors place this majority as high as 90 per cent. The ownership of an automobile is probably the most serious drain upon the small incomes of junior officers yet in most assignments in which they find themselves the possession of an automobile and its use in the performance of their duties are practically essential. Frequent changes of station, particularly in connection with tours of duty at service schools, impose heavy financial burdens. The almost universal failure to take advantage of the authorization to wear the blue uniform is an indication of how difficult it is under present conditions for officers of all grades to maintain themselves on their  
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## Col. Cole Sees Vital Need For Adequate OR Training

BY COL. WALTER C. COLE  
 National President, Reserve Officers' Association of U. S.

THE National Defense Act provides for the organization of the Army of the United States into three component parts:

1. The Regular Army.
2. The National Guard while in the service of the United States, and
3. The Organized Reserves including the Officers' Reserve Corps and the Enlisted Reserve Corps.

The act also provides for the organization and training of young men in the Citizens' Military Training Camps and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and the mobilization of the industrial resources of the nation in the event of a national emergency.

The act, the first definite military policy this country has ever had, provides the plan for an adequate and balanced system of National Defense. It provides the plan for the type of defensive agency that is in keeping with the institutions and ideals of the American people—a small but adequate army together with a National Guard and Organized Reserve constituting a framework on which a great national army of well trained men can be quickly built to defend our country in time of war.

### Result of World War

The Act was the natural result of the World War. In 1920 the Congress of the United States determined that this country would never again be found in such a deplorable condition as far as military preparedness was concerned as it faced at the beginning of the World War.

Appropriations are required annually to put into effect the plan provided for in the Act. The appropriations in the past have not been in sufficiently large amounts to carry out in any degree the provisions of the Act and truly put that plan into effect.

The Regular Army and National Guard today have an authorized strength of less than 50 per cent of the number required in the Act. If our protective agencies are to function efficiently in an event of a nation  
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## Asst. Sec. Ingalls Replies To Speed Plane Questions

THE Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Aeronautics, David S. Ingalls, on Feb. 4 addressed a letter to Representative LaGuardia of New York following the latter's request for information concerning the speed and efficiency of naval planes.

Following is the text of Secretary Ingalls' letter:

The Honorable F. H. LaGuardia,  
 House of Representatives,  
 Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. LaGuardia:

May I acknowledge your letter of Jan. 31st requesting information with regard to American aviation, particularly in connection with the International Schneider Cup Seaplane Race. It is with much pleasure that I appreciate the interest, helpful suggestions, and promises of active aid on your part in furthering the cause of this most modern and efficient weapon employed in our system of national defense, the airplane.

### Other Governments

With reference to the questions, I beg leave to answer as follows:

Q. 1. Can you inform me why it is that the governments of England, France and Italy have developed higher speed seaplanes than we have been able to do?

The question assumes that this government has made a serious, earnest and organized effort to compete with the high speed seaplanes of those countries, which is not true as of recent date. When the United States government, particularly through the Navy, did seriously and earnestly compete in these races, it won the Schneider Cup Race through its naval entry. Since 1925, the Navy Department has found it impossible with the appropriations which it has secured to continue any sort of racing program. In view of this one can hardly definitely conclude that this government could not under proper circumstances compete favorably with other governments in the development of high speed seaplanes.

### No Effort Made

(b) This government has not actually developed seaplanes with a speed comparable to those of the governments of England, France and Italy because  
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## Service Legislation Faces Many Obstacles

WITH less than a month of the 71st Congress left—just 20 legislative days—a number of bills vitally affecting the services are hanging fire, their chances of passing becoming less every day.

Probably the greatest obstacle the bills face is the pressure of business which always exists during the last few days of a dying Congress, aggravated this year by the almost continuous fight which has been waged between the administration and the opposition, over various relief measures. On the other hand, the outstanding merit of some of the pending service measures, coupled with the intelligent backing and efforts of service legislation leaders will go a long way toward overcoming this inertia.

### Pay and Promotion

Pay relief will go over until next Congress, but hopes are entertained that consideration of the matter can be carried on during the interim between Congresses, in order that definite recommendations toward salary revisions can be presented early next Winter, and enacted into law.

To this end Senator Reed intends to press a resolution creating a joint congressional committee which would consider promotion legislation and continue with the study of pay revision. He is confident that the Senate will pass such a resolution. In the House, however, the situation is quite different. Members of the legislative committees are definitely opposed to delegation of their jurisdiction over promotion to a joint committee which would consider pay and promotion together. On the other hand, Representative French and the members of the Joint Pay Committee believe that promotion inequalities should be settled before pay is considered or that the two subjects be taken up together.

This situation is not only holding up pay relief but also the enactment of separate promotion bills, for Representative French opposes the passage of what he terms "piece-meal" legislation.

### Navy Line Bill

Chairman Britten of the House Naval Committee, however, is going right ahead with plans for passing the Navy line personnel bill which bears his name. He asked the Rules Committee for a special rule to enable the bill to be brought before the House, and declares that both the Speaker and the Chairman of the Rules Committee are behind him. The Senate already has passed the measure.

S. 4, the Reed promotion bill, which passed the Senate May 15, 1929, has not been considered by the House committee, which has not taken up any Army promotion legislation. Opposition to the Marine Corps personnel bill, both in the Corps and in Congress, bars promotion relief for this service.

Other Army legislation is in a hardly more favorable position. Since June 30, 1930, H. R. 8159, authorizing construction at West Point, has been in conference between the House and Senate, both bodies having passed the bill. No indication is seen that the differences between them in the matter have been reconciled.

### Army Band Bill

The Army band bill, to give commissioned rank to band leaders, has passed the Senate and has been favorably reported to the House. Opposition of the War Department and the attitude of the Joint Pay Committee toward "piece-meal" personnel legislation prejudice its chances, however. The Speaker's National Guard of the United States measure is on the House calendar bearing  
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## Court Martial For Gen. Butler Arouses Much Editorial Comment

THE recent affair in which Maj. Gen. Smedley Darlington Butler, USMC, was alleged to have made derogatory statements about Premier Benito Mussolini of Italy, and which resulted in a court-martial order for Gen. Butler, has aroused editorial comment all over the country.

THE Greensboro, N. C., *Daily News* (Independent) says: "Gen. Smedley D. Butler's tongue persists in getting its owner into far more precarious situations than were ever brought upon him in the practice of his chosen profession, although he not only participated in the World War but has had varied passages at arms with Haitian, Chinese and Nicaraguan bandits. \* \* \* Gen. Butler without doubt has picked some most unpropitious occasions upon which to let loose equally unpropitious remarks. \* \* \* The *Daily News* confesses to little or no sympathy for Premier Benito Mussolini in what he conceives to be the great injustice done him by the talkative general in his latest verbal explosion. \* \* \* At the risk of being considered wholly lacking in diplomacy or realization of intricate problems of state, the *Daily News* frankly admits that nothing would please it more than to see the general and the premier tied together, hung on a clothes line and left alone to claw it out."

"THOUGH not in good taste, the references to Mussolini were not serious enough to justify them as being treated as an international incident," holds the Houston, Tex., *Post-Dispatch* (Independent). "The premier's skin must be thinning down materially, if repetition of a story about him by an Army officer moves him to make formal complaint to the officer's government. \* \* \* Nevertheless, Gen. Butler was ill advised when he, in a public address, made derogatory references to the head of a friendly nation. Gen. Butler is an officer in an important branch of the Government, and his utterances, therefore, have an official significance. Army and naval officers are not privileged to express their opinions on political matters or foreign questions as are private individuals."

"IN VIEW of the nature of the apology which Secretary Stimson sent to the Italian Government, it is hard to see any other outcome of the court-martial to which Gen. Butler will have to submit except a punishment of great severity," claims the Birmingham, Ala., *Age-Herald* (Independent Democratic). "The State Department must have assured itself that newspaper reports of Butler's references to Mussolini were correct. Once that was established Washington could do nothing but offer the sweeping amends contained in Thursday's (Jan. 29) note. And that step having been taken, consistency will require that the offending general be dealt with accordingly. \* \* \* Butler has always been a stormy petrel, the very sort of person who ought to refrain from making a speech. So unruly a tongue has to be caged and confined. But the general gave it free rein instead, and the upshot is that he is now thoroughly in Dutch."

### Organized Reserve Funds

THE need for training a minimum of 26,000 Reserve Officers during the coming fiscal year is emphasized in a letter written by Brig. Gen. Henry J. Reilly, chairman of the legislative committee of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, and presented to the House Appropriations Committee by Lt. Col. Edgar J. Roberson, secretary of the ROA.

Gen. Reilly also pointed out the advisability of increasing the present authorization of contract students in the ROTC.

Following is the full text of the letter of Brig. Gen. Henry J. Reilly, chairman of the ROA legislative committee, which Col. Roberson presented to the appropriations subcommittee The Chairman,

Dear Sir:

The Reserve Officers' Legislative Committee, made up entirely of unpaid Reserve Officers, who voluntarily give their service to that Committee and who with the exception of one temporarily in Washington, live in other cities, respectfully submit the following:

That at the present time something approaching a crisis exists in the Officers' Reserve Corps. This because while that Corp has not yet attained the strength intended by the National Defense Act many of its members feel that the conditions under which they hold reserve commissions are not satisfactory. At the same time the Reserve Officers' Training Corps does not supply annually enough second lieutenants of Reserve to fill the natural wastage, much less the increasing wastage due to discontent.

As the existence of the Corps, the means provided by the National Defense Act to prevent our again going to war with 190,000 untrained officers out of a total of 200,000, depends upon the voluntary effort of American civilians busy earning their own living, it is evident that discontent on their part means failure of the scheme.

This discontent which in numerous cases has crystallized into indifference is due primarily to the lack of opportunity to train.

The attached table shows that such opportunity has been denied year after year to a considerable proportion of the Reserve Officers.

The three fiscal years 1926, 1927 and 1928 when the number who could train were practically stationary at 16 per cent were particularly discouraging. The evil effects in indifference and disgust are still manifest.

By training is meant other than by correspondence course, because the latter while desirable in some respects

does not meet the real necessities of Reserve training.

Taking into full consideration the present difficult times, and Reserve officers being taxpayers, employers and employees are as personally aware of them as are other civilians, the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States feels that a minimum of 26,000 officers should be trained the coming fiscal year if the present discouragement is to be checked.

This number was also agreed upon by the National Defense Committee of the American Legion as a reasonable one.

A carry-over of \$407,000 from the fiscal year 1931 apparently not available at the time the Army Appropriation Bill was before the House but now apparently available added to the amounts at present in the Bill will enable this number to be trained.

Some improvement in and encouragement to R. O. T. C. students can be given by increasing the present authorization of contract students from 13,800 to 16,000, the number which can be handled without increase of existing personnel and equipment at institutions and camps.

The only increased cost would be for allowances which would approximate \$230,000 for the fiscal year 1932.

Arrangements had been made to bring in from different parts of the country witnesses who, using their personal experiences, could explain to the Committee the necessity for immediate, if only the slight, action, outlined above.

However, these arrangements were made for the morning of Friday, Jan. 23, the date set some days ago for the hearing. As the notification of change to the morning of Thursday, Jan. 22, was only received at 5 p. m. Wednesday, the 21st, and efforts to have the original date adhered to were unsuccessful it is impossible to make the broad and complete presentation of the facts of the situation as seen and experienced by the average Reserve Of-

The table accompanying Gen. Reilly's statement was as follows:

COST OF THE OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS AND NUMBER TRAINED					
Fiscal year ending June 30	Total Strength	Total Number Trained	Per Cent Trained	Total	Appropriation
1922	(x)	1,000(*)	(x)		\$ 250,000
1923	(x)	4,500(*)	(x)		1,000,000
1924	76,322	7,434	9.7		1,755,000
1925	88,898	10,390	10.2		3,280,132
1926	97,125	15,595	16.5		3,674,800
1927	101,563	16,889	16.6		3,721,300
1928	105,059	17,657	16.8		4,158,641
1929	102,000	20,048	19.6		5,453,583
1930	100,303	22,393	22.3		6,335,352
1931	100,917	(x)	(x)		6,949,362
1932	(x)	(x)	(x)		(**)6,765,385

(X) Information not available.

(\*) Approximate number trained.

(\*\*) Money estimated to be appropriated in H. R. 15593.

"THE trial will afford him an opportunity to offer an explanation," maintains the Washington, D. C., *Post* (Independent). "The public version of the speech is of such a character as to raise doubts of his ability to offer anything whatever in extenuation of his offense."

"Whatever the outcome of the court-martial may be, beneficial effects may be expected from the prompt action of the Secretary of the Navy in calling this officer to account. In times past too much leniency has been shown toward certain spoiled children among naval officers, with resulting damage to Navy morale. Any naval officer who can not regulate his conduct to the proprieties of the service must be subjected to discipline for the sake of the Navy itself."

"THIS is a free country, as is said ever and anon," states the Washington, D. C., *Star* (Independent). "Speech is one of the freest things we boast of, and rightly so. But a man who wears the uniform of the armed forces of the United States is not quite as free with respect to speech as the ordinary ununiformed citizen. The military, naval or Marine officer is an official of the Government. In that capacity he has far less latitude of expression than the private citizen. His freedom of utterance is very distinctly limited when he essays to discuss a foreign power or official with whom the United States Government is on friendly terms."

"MAJ. GEN. SMEDLEY D. BUTLER passed to an audience a bit of gossip which came to him from a friend," says the Boston, Mass., *Globe* (Independent). "The general also added a sentiment of his own to what he had heard. He now finds himself in water hotter than any he has ever known before."

"THERE are no apologies to be made for Gen. Smedley Butler," holds the Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* (Independent Republican). "He is not of the breed to desire anyone to make apologies for him. He would prefer to take care of anything of that sort himself and in his own way. But a part of the country that knows him thoroughly and well, and appreciates his sterling worth in spite of his impetuosity, hopes that the things he has done will be remembered and measured as well as things which he may have said. The latter may have been out of order, imprudent, even improper. But the things that this typical Marine has done, which have won him notable honors and promotion, have been consequential, things that have counted large and not to be forgotten."

"BUTLER used to talk fairly freely in Philadelphia when he was on leave and was acting as the city's director of public safety," avers the Syracuse, N. Y., *Post-Standard* (Republican). "But that was different."

"His Quaker upbringing surely did not, on the recent occasion, prompt him to talk over much; and military experience should not have done so. The shooting a soldier does should not be done with the mouth."

### Ordnance Leaders Meet

THE regular annual meeting of trustees and directors of the Army Ordnance Association held in New York, Jan. 29, brought together for the discussion of industrial preparedness, a group of leading figures of the World War. The presiding officer was Benedict Crowell of Cleveland, Ohio, president of the Association, who was Assistant Secretary of War and Director of Munitions and who was recently nominated by President Hoover to be a brigadier general in the Reserve Corps.

Other officials present included Frank A. Scott, a director of the Association, first chairman of the General Munitions Board, which later became the War Industries Board; William W. Coleman, president of the Bucyrus-Erie Co. of Milwaukee, Wis., a vice president of the Association, who served as an assistant to the Chief of Ordnance in charge of Artillery production; Charles Elliott Warren, vice president, Irving Trust Company of New York, treasurer of the Association, who was vice chairman of the War Credits Board; John Ross Delafield, corporation attorney of New York, counsel of the Association, who served as chairman of the War Department Board of Contract Adjustment following the war; John C. Jones, president, Cochrane Corporation of Philadelphia, a director of the Association, who was head of the Philadelphia Ordnance District during the war, and others. Few national defense organizations can claim the active inter-

ficer, an average American civilian earning his own living, who sees fit to voluntarily give part of his time to his government.

Very respectfully,

HENRY J. REILLY,  
Brigadier General, ORC,  
Chairman, R. O. A. Legislative Committee.

est of such distinguished leaders among their officers and directorate.

Maj. Gen. C. C. Williams, ret., former Chief of Ordnance of the Army, was formally announced as a director of the organization. Gen. Williams was elected by general ballot of the membership to succeed the late Waldo C. Bryant, chairman of the Bryant Electric Co. of Bridgeport, Conn.

In addition to the transaction of routine business, including the annual reports of the treasurer and executive secretary, the officials discussed plans and policies for the ensuing year. The treasurer's report revealed that 1930 was, from a financial standpoint, one of the most successful in the history of the organization. Membership and professional activities showed the same healthy condition.

The sessions of the thirteenth annual meeting of the Association will be held at Washington, D. C., Oct. 7, 1931, and, subject to the approval of the secretary, at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Oct. 8. These meetings have become the foremost industrial preparedness events of the year.

Among other routine matters acted upon, the Board adopted resolutions opposing the affiliation of the Army Ordnance Association with any strictly service organizations. This action had particular reference to the activities of civilian interests and certain officer personnel of the Army who are promoting the affiliation of service associations and their publications. While the Association cooperates at all times with the War Department, it is not a service organization since more than 90 per cent of its membership is civilian and, for the most part, executives and engineers of American industry. It has no officers on the active list of the Regular Army on its governing board and it is the only organization devoted to furthering the work of a particular branch of the Army which does not have Regular Army personnel on the active list in charge of its executive offices and as editor of its publications.

The meeting was followed by luncheon at the Army and Navy Club, at which the president of the Club, Col. Brown, was an invited guest.

### ARMY MUTUAL AID

Army Mutual Aid Association Insurance Certificates issued: Maj. R. W. Cooksey, Cav.; Maj. L. C. Frizzell, Cav.; Capt. J. A. Porter, Q. M. C.; 2d Lt. B. D. Gill, C. A. C.; 1st Lt. J. B. Clearwater, F. A.; Maj. N. A. Harper, D. C.; Capt. G. R. Middleton, F. A.; Capt. T. H. Chambers, F. D.; Capt. M. H. Patton, Cav.; 1st Lt. J. E. Moore, Inf.; Capt. C. J. Dockler, Cav.; Capt. William May, Inf.



### Did You Read

The following important service stories last week:

**Army**—Senate Passes Bill Authorizing the Attendance and Participation of Army Personnel at the Olympics; Urge New Commissioned Rank of Bandmaster in House; Senator Partridge No Stranger to Army and War Department; Maj. Gen. Bishop to Make Inspection Trip to Panama; Army Air Corps Surveys Inter-American Highway Route?

**Navy-Marine Corps**—Naval Legislative Leaders in House Seek to Pass Britten Bill Unchanged; Analysis of Navy Promotion Hump; Six Enlisted Men Awarded Life Saving Medals; Communication Engineering Course for Warrant Officers; the Marine Band History?

**General**—Text of the Memorandum from Office of the Comptroller General on the Proposed Joint Service Promotion and Pay Bills?

If not, you did not read the Army and Navy Journal. You cannot get this vital information from any other source.

### Col. Cole Urges Training

(Continued from First Page)

tional emergency they must function efficiently in time of peace and provide the framework on which a great National Army and Navy of well trained men could be built to defend our country in the event of war. It is generally recognized that our peace time structure of today fails to provide that framework.

Scarcity of proper training due to inadequate appropriations is also having a very discouraging effect on the Reserve officers of the country. In order to train the largest number of officers with the smallest expenditure of moneys the junior officers are encouraged to take training and the general policy followed that not more than 10 per cent of the total number of officers trained in any one year shall be of field grade.

#### Training Vital

If the inadequate appropriations for Reserve training are continued and Reserve officers do not receive proper training they will be of little immediate value in the event of a national emergency. There are many evidences of this lack of training on the inactive list of the Reserve today.

It is generally recognized that the Pacifist and others who advocate complete land disarmament are making an organized effort to bring about a gradual reduction in the appropriation for the civilian component of the Army with the end in view of their early emasculation.

In my opinion the National Defense Act and particularly the civilian component of the Army has reached the breaking point. Appropriations must be increased or the Pacificist and Internationalist effort, carried on under the guise of economy coupled with charges of inefficiency of the civilian component, will be successful.

The appropriation for the organized Reserves as passed by the House of Representatives, namely, \$6,765,385, is not sufficient to train the minimum number of officers—26,000—to maintain this civilian component on an efficient basis.

The failure to provide funds to train 26,000 during the next fiscal year will be a marked victory for the Pacificist and Internationalist forces as it will have a very discouraging effect on the Reserve officers of the country and will result in the emasculation of that great potential civilian army which this country must have in the event of another national emergency.

### Maryland NG. Notes

**CAPT. W. B. SEARLS**, 5th Inf., Maryland NG., has been ordered to the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., for the company officers' course, Feb. 19-May 21, 1931.

The War Department, Militia Bureau, has Federally recognized, in the Maryland NG: Capt. H. W. Gardiner, 110th FA, 1st Lt. H. D. Ives, 2d Lt. C. J. Stine, 2d Lt. D. D. Kennedy, 5th Inf., and 2d Lt. R. T. Bankard, 104th Observation Squadron.

The 5th Infantry, Maryland NG, is preparing for a military pageant Feb. 12, in the Fifth Regiment Armory, Baltimore, for the benefit of the unemployed Ex-Service Men.

### Inspector General's Report

(Continued from First Page)

to be a heavy burden upon subordinate commanders and leads to unduly large staffs and clerical overhead. In spite of the efforts of the Board for the Reduction of Army Paper Work, practically nothing has been accomplished during the past year to reduce the volume of periodical reports and returns. Undoubtedly many periodical reports now required could be dispensed with and much closer touch kept with field agencies by supervising authorities in the War Department and at corps area headquarters if visual inspections of activities were substituted for the scrutiny of written reports and tabulations of their operations. Much of the information contained in periodical reports could be obtained when actually needed, without expense and constant labor, by radio. The substitution of radio messages for many written communications of all kinds should be encouraged throughout the Army.

#### Post Exchange

ALL post exchanges have been carefully inspected at annual inspections made during the year. The necessity of close supervision of exchanges by commanding officers and exchange councils, and the importance of accurate inventories and audits, have been stressed. In general, post exchanges have been operated in accordance with the regulations and have given satisfactory service to the garrisons at prices which compare favorably with those of neighboring stores.

There can be no question that post exchanges when well managed are contributing factors to the comfort and contentment of garrisons. Over 200 exchanges are now in operation in the Army. Some of the largest of them do a monthly business commensurate with that of fair-sized department stores. A recent inquiry made by a service journal disclosed that the combined annual business of 83 of the exchanges amounted to over \$11,000,000. (The inquiry referred to by The Inspector General was made by the Army and Navy Journal and the figures published in our issue of June 28, 1930.)

As a general rule, prices are fixed so as to produce reasonably low profits. These profits are now used mainly for the promotion of garrison athletics and as dividends to the owning organizations from which purchases are made of recreational equipment, day-room furniture, labor-saving devices for the messes and other things contributing to the health and contentment of the enlisted men.

Some post exchanges suffer from excessive overhead charges due to a lack of knowledge of the principles of business management on the part of the officers charged with their administration.

The large amounts of money invested in post exchanges running into millions of dollars make their efficient management a matter of serious concern to the War Department.

The responsibility which rests upon commanding officers to select only experienced officers with a knowledge of business principles and methods for duty as exchange officers cannot be too strongly emphasized.

#### Messes

SPECIAL attention has been given throughout the year by inspectors to the subject of organization messes. Their reports indicate that the system of centralized purchasing of food supplies through the Quartermaster Corps which has now been given a thorough trial has proved very satisfactory to all concerned. There can be no doubt that, if operated with efficiency and intelligence, this system is far superior to the old system of permitting every organization commander through his mess sergeant to purchase at will any food articles not furnished by the local commissary. Petty graft has been materially reduced. Bulk purchasing is practicable, resulting in lower prices and higher quality. Inspection is more thorough and better informed. In order, however, that full advantage may be taken of the power of purchasing in large quantities, it is essential that the menus of organization messes are coordinated so that the same basic articles are used by all. This fact has not been given adequate recognition by many post commanders, with the result that the buying power of the post

quartermaster is frittered away in a multitude of small purchases to meet the varied requirements of uncoordinated menus. Coordination of menus is practicable of achievement without undue interference with the initiative of organization mess officers. A properly developed mess system in any garrison should ensure the preparation of menus of uniform basic articles of food, with particular regard to the local market supply and prices. Menus should be properly balanced from a dietetic viewpoint and be economically arranged to avoid waste.

The policy of sending company officers to take courses of instruction at corps area schools for bakers and cooks has proved very successful. Marked improvement has been general in organization messes where the company commander of his mess officer is a graduate of these schools.

In general, the quality of enlisted graduates of schools for bakers and cooks has been satisfactory, although in many corps areas reports indicate that a high percentage of non-graduates are employed as bakers and cooks in spite of the availability of graduates. This is due in some cases to the reluctance of organization commanders to displace non-graduates who are giving satisfactory service, and in others to lack of care in selecting suitable men as students at the schools. Organization commanders should be held to a stricter responsibility for the selection of suitable men to take the school courses. Government funds should not be wasted in the futile effort to make good bakers and cooks out of indifferent material.

The proper cooking and service of food, so that it may reach the mess tables in the most appetizing form possible, continues to tax the ingenuity of mess officers who are handicapped by the lack of modern kitchen and diningroom equipment such as is found in all up-to-date hotels and restaurants. The mess equipment furnished by the Army is at least twenty years behind the times. Thousands of dollars of organization funds are being expended every year for the purchase of modern equipment, including labor-saving appliances, steam and service tables and better grades of utensils and crockery, all of which are needed in order to

cook and service food efficiently and take full advantage of the increased ration allowances. Such expenditures of funds held in trust for the enlisted men of organizations should not be necessary. The whole question of the adoption of modern standardized mess equipment by the Army should be studied and provision made for the progressive replacement of the obsolete types now in use.

#### Army Transport Service

DURING the fiscal year 147 separate inspections of incoming and (Please turn to Page 556)

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# THE UNITED STATES ARMY

## Reject Sub-Machine Guns

UPON the completion of tests at Ft. George G. Meade, recently held, the Tank Board recommended and the Chief of Infantry concurred that the Thompson sub-machine gun be not adopted as an Infantry weapon in tank units.

Possible use from inside the tank and the most advantageous method and position of firing the gun from the outside of the tank were factors in the test. The sub-machine gun was tested in comparison with the Browning tank machine gun, caliber .30, mounted on an emergency tripod, for average dispersion and accuracy at various ranges. Simplicity, reliability, ease in reducing jams, overheating and penetration were the factors tested in the functioning of the submachine gun.

The Tank Board found that as an Infantry weapon, the Thompson sub-machine gun is satisfactory when used outside of the tank as a close range offensive weapon against personnel, and also for use in command and reconnaissance cars. The board considered the gun as unsatisfactory as an infantry weapon for use in tank units.

## First Sgt. Cusick Retires

FIRST SGT. BERNARD A. CUSICK, 1st Ordnance Co., was placed on the retired list of the Army after 30 years of honest and faithful service, Jan. 31.

Sgt. Cusick's first enlistment was on May 24, 1900, in the Coast Artillery Corps. From that time until the date of his retirement his service has been in various arms and branches of the service. He has been on foreign service in Porto Rico, and was in the Philippine Department from 1907 to 1909.

Sgt. Cusick possesses eight Honorable Discharge Certificates, each with character "Excellent."

The troops at Miller Field, N. Y., assembled on Jan. 31st for appropriate ceremonies relative to the retirement of Sgt. Cusick.

## Ft. Douglas Library

DURING the year, 1930, the Post Library at Ft. Douglas, under the direction of Capt. J. L. McBride, Chaplain and Post Librarian, loaned 15,330 books to the soldiers at the post. With an average of 42 books per day, fiction was found to be more popular than other works.

The library, in addition to the book section, has approximately thirty different weekly and monthly magazines, which are donated by the local Post Office. Each week after being read, these magazines are distributed to the Post Hospital and Guard House. Facilities for writing are also found in the library, the expense of which is born by the Chaplains' fund.

One hundred books are donated twice a year by the Corps Area library in addition to those bought locally with funds accumulated from charges on overdue books.

A portion of the Chaplains' fund is now being expended on new furniture and rugs, making the library a more inviting place in which the soldier may spend a portion of his time.

## Confirm Army Nominations

THE following nominations were confirmed by the Senate Jan. 28, 1931:

### Appointments in the ORC

Erland Frederick Fish to be major general.

Daniel Needham to be brigadier general.

### Appointment in Army

Alexander Elliott Williams to be assistant to the Quartermaster General.

### Promotions

M. S. Fairchild to be captain, AC.

J. G. Taylor to be captain, AC.

N. J. Robinson to be first lieutenant, Inf.

J. M. Willems to be first lieutenant, FA.

C. F. Shook to be major, MC.

J. J. Babst to be chaplain with the rank of major.

## Oppose War-Rank Extension

EXTENSION of the War-time Rank Act to authorize promotion upon retirement to warrant officers and enlisted men of not only the World War but also the Spanish-American War, does not meet with favor in the War Department, the House Military Committee was informed this week by Secretary Hurley.

Reporting on Representative Hoffman's bill, H. R. 15007, Mr. Hurley states that "there appears to be little justification for the proposed legislation, unless it be to secure increased retired pay for the personnel described," and also holds that it would be "inconsistent and undesirable" to order retired warrant officers and enlisted men to active duty and then have them function as commissioned officers.

Representative Wainwright, (R.), of New York, chairman of the subcommittee to which the bill was referred, stated that it is unlikely that his committee will consider it this session "unless someone asks for a hearing on it."

Secretary Hurley's recommendations upon the bill follow:

"The effect of the proposed law would be to authorize the President to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint any warrant officer or enlisted man of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard who served in such services creditably during the World War or the Spanish-American War and who has been or may in future be retired according to law to a rank on the retired list at the highest commissioned rank held by him during such war.

"The War Department does not favor the proposed legislation because of the following:

"a. Since Sec. 2 of the Act of June 21, 1930 (War-time Rank Act), authorizes all persons who served honorably in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and or Coast Guard of the United States during war, when not in the active military and or naval service of the United States to bear the official title and, upon occasions of ceremony, to wear the uniform of the rank held by them during such war service, there appears to be little justification for the proposed legislation, unless it be to secure increased retired pay for the personnel described. Whether the bill as drawn would carry such increased pay is open to question. However, in the absence of an advance decision by the Comptroller General or judicial determination by a Court of competent jurisdiction, the War Department believes it is not improbable that the proposed bill would be construed as carrying increased retired pay.

"b. In the absence of judicial determination, the bill as drawn is subject to various constructions. For example, it may be construed as authorizing appointments to commissioned office on the retired list since it authorizes the President to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint, etc. \* \* \*. Should the proposed legislation result, as it may, in appointments to commissioned office on the retired list, it is a question whether those so appointed will not be held to have vacated their prior offices or positions, in which case, as mentioned above, they would very probably receive increased pay and allowances unless their rights in this regard are otherwise specifically defined in the bill. If, however, it is intended that the personnel described in the bill shall continue to hold their present offices or positions and only be advanced to a commissioned rank, it is not necessary to provide that they be appointed to such commissioned rank as Congress has power to confer rank by legislation (Wood v. United States, 107 U. S. 414), although, of course, Congress may reserve to itself the right, through the Senate, to approve of selections made by the President for such advancement (25 Cps. Atty. Gen. 185).

"c. Several of the proposed beneficiaries are now on active duty and it is conceivable that this number may be augmented in the future. Under the present language of the bill such men, when on active duty, probably would not function as warrant officers or enlisted men, as the case may be, but as commissioned officers of the rank to which they would be advanced by the bill, a situation obviously inconsistent and undesirable."

## Finance School Graduation

MAJ. GEN. R. L. CARMICHAEL addressed the 25 graduates of the Finance School upon completion of their courses in finance and accounting, Jan. 26, emphasizing the value of a purpose in life, and self-improvement. He stressed the importance of loyalty and character as attributes of character. Maj. O. W. Gralund, commandant of the school, presided at the closing exercises.

The primary object of the school is to aid the promotion of efficiency, thereby producing a more efficient department. The secondary object is to provide opportunity for enlisted men to attain more proficiency, advance in their grades, and become better equipped individuals. Two classes are graduated annually. The twenty-third class begins Feb. 9, and ends May 29, 1931.

At the conclusion of the exercises, Gen. Carmichael made the presentation of the diplomas. One officer, Capt. Ivan R. Campbell, Fin-Res., graduated. The names of the enlisted men, in the order of their class standing, appear below:

M. E. Allen, staff sergeant; W. G. Twiss, private; G. S. Mixon, private; G. C. Connor, private first class, specialist first class; H. B. McNow, staff sergeant; J. G. O'Rourke, private; R. J. Meier, private first class, specialist third class; James Dean, private first class specialist first class; A. R. Conley, private; E. B. O'Brien, private first class specialist second class; C. H. Henry, private first class specialist third class; O. T. Hinkley, private first class specialist second class; Jesse Bennett, master sergeant; T. W. Weiss, private first class specialist third class; C. L. Lembach, private first class specialist second class; T. N. Trawick, private first class specialist third class; W. E. Gifford, corporal; J. H. Rosowski, corporal; Warren Lantz, corporal; T. P. O'Shanahan, private first class specialist third class; H. K. Enloe, private first class specialist third class; J. A. Carlson, private first class specialist second class; J. E. Marsh, corporal; C. L. Daniels, private first class specialist third class.

## Ft. Monmouth Aid to City

AN ARTICLE appearing on the editorial page of the Long Branch, N. J., *Daily Record*, claims that publicity is, or should be, a well laid campaign for acquainting new residents first, and later those whom there is hope of gaining as residents, with the moral, mental, intellectual, spiritual, social and economic conditions of the city. In this connection the personnel of Ft. Monmouth is praised as being a distinct benefit.

The students at the Army Signal School at Ft. Monmouth and the CMTC students, the *Record* holds, offer excellent mediums of dissemination of information concerning Long Branch, which claims the distinction of having been at one time the most famous Summer resort in America. Col. A. S. Cowan, commanding officer of Ft. Monmouth, has done much to foster the spirit of good will which exists between the citizens of Long Branch and the members of the Ft. Monmouth garrison, the article says, and Long Branch could well profit by the example.

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Army and Navy

## SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Coast Guard  
Reserve Forces

### ALTERNATIVE PAY SOLUTION SUGGESTED BY REP. FRENCH

**SHOULD THE METHOD** of settling the service pay question, proposed by the Joint Pay Committee, prove impossible of being carried out, Representative Burton L. French, vice chairman of the committee, has an alternative plan in view.

While firmly convinced that the best way of handling the pay question is in the manner recommended by his committee, i.e., creation of a new joint committee, which this time will consider not only pay but also promotion legislation for the six services, and hopeful that Congress will follow their recommendations, Mr. French is not unmindful that there is strong opposition upon the part of members of the military and naval legislative committees to taking away any of their jurisdiction.

"There are three alternatives of procedure open, in the event that Congress will not accept our recommendations," Mr. French told the *Army and Navy Journal*.

"First, the present unsatisfactory conditions can continue, nothing being done.

"Second, the legislative committees can draft separate promotion bills for each service with an interlocking arrangement, so that members of the committees can confer upon general provisions of the measures to secure an approximately equal rate of promotion. Then, after promotion parity is accomplished, the pay question can be attacked with some hope of settlement.

"Third, another joint committee might attempt to solve the pay question without bringing in promotion."

Representative French declared that he favored the second course of procedure, if it was found to be impossible to create the joint pay and promotion committee. He would be inclined against the third alternative, he said, as he is personally convinced that it is impossible to arrive at a fair solution of the pay problem in this way.

While visualizing these possible lines of proceeding, Mr. French is by no means of the opinion that Congress will not adopt the recommendations of his committee and give over the service pay and promotion problems to the settlement of a joint committee. On the other hand, when the Navy Department appropriation bill has passed the House, he intends to do all he can to secure the creation of such a joint committee, he says.

The general opinion, however, is the other way. For the legislative committees of the House seem to be dead against any further delegation of authority, especially in the case of such an important problem as promotion. It seems that it will be an impossible task for him to attempt bringing members of these committees around to his way of thinking. Failing this it is of course possible that the House will side with him in a fight against the legislative committees. The likelihood is, however, that such a fight would end in a deadlock, leaving open the three lines of procedure which Mr. French outlines.

### NOT TO HOLD ARMY RELIEF PARTY AT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND

**GOVERNORS Island's** colorful perennial—the annual military tournament and garden party for the benefit of the Army Relief Society—which for more than a quarter of a century has been the highlight of Army social activities in New York, will not be held this year.

In an announcement dated Feb. 2, Maj. Gen. Hanson E. Ely, commanding the 2nd Corps Area, prohibited not only this function but all similar events at Army posts in the Metropolitan Area, because of the already large demands upon the charitably inclined created by the present nation-wide unemployment and drought situation.

Gen. Ely's announcement read as follows:

"On account of the many demands made upon business houses and individuals for donations of funds and supplies to meet the suffering resulting from unemployment, drought and other situations requiring relief, the Corps Area Commander has decided that a Military Tournament for the benefit of the Army Relief Society will not be held at Governors Island or at any Army post in the Metropolitan Area during the present year. The general arrived at this decision after careful consideration and consultation with the people in New York who support the annual event at Governors Island for the benefit of the Army Relief Society."

### ARMY COMBINED MANEUVERS TO BE HELD AT FT. BENNING

**MAJ. GEN. STEPHEN O. FUQUA**, the Chief of Infantry, announces that Ft. Benning, Ga., has been selected as the scene of combined maneuvers which will include Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery, Air Corps, Tanks, Engineers, Chemical Warfare, Ordnance, Medical, Quartermaster, and Finance troops.

The Commanding General, Fourth Corps Area, Ft. McPherson, Ga., in cooperation with the Commandant, The Infantry School, initiated the project and has issued orders for troops to report to Ft. Benning not later than April 6, 1931. Approximately 600 officers and 6,500 enlisted men will be present. The stations furnishing troops for this concentration are Ft. Benning, Ft. McPherson, Ft. Oglethorpe, and Ft. Screven, Ga.; Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Ft. Moultrie, S. C., and Maxwell Field and Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Marches of as much as a month's duration to and from Ft. Benning are a feature of this concentration and will mean a total of as much as three months away from their home stations for some of the troops. Maneuvers are to consist largely of problems of reinforced regiments, brigades, and a division. The schedule provides for a corps area and command post exercise involving six divisions.

Athletic competitions and a horse and transportation show will be staged as diversions from the regular military routine.

All troops will depart from Ft. Benning for their home stations May 7.

### REP. BRITTEN PRESENTS NAVY WITH BOXING TROPHY

**REPRESENTATIVE FRED A. BRITTEN**, Chairman of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, has presented to the Navy through Assistant Secretary of the Navy Ernest Lee Jahncke a silver statue of James J. Corbett to be contested for by the heavyweight boxers of the Atlantic Fleet during the fleet operations at Montauk, Long Island, Aug. 10 to 16.

This statue was won by Rep. Britten before the Boston Athletic Club in 1894 when he was representing the Chicago Athletic Association as amateur lightweight boxing champion of the United States.

Chairman Britten said, "I would not be surprised if another Gene Tunney were graduated from the Navy this year because of the fine type of men now coming into the service," and also, "the next heavy-weight champion of the world is going to be made at Montauk this summer."

### DROP PLAN BECAUSE OF "ADMINISTRATIVE DIFFICULTIES"

**THE PLAN** to allow officers of the Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery and Corps of Engineers to serve with the Coast Artillery overseas has been abandoned. This is because of "administrative difficulties" it was learned at the Operations and Training Division office. The section of War Department Circular 50 (1930) relative to this plan has been revoked by Circular No. 5, Jan. 26, 1931.

The purpose of officers from other arms of the service serving with the Coast Artillery was to have been the providing of a more complete officer personnel for important fixed defense and for certain heavy artillery and antiaircraft regiments. Also, it would have afforded a broad professional training to the officers taking advantage of the plan.

### PHILADELPHIA HOSPITAL BILL PASSES SENATE

**APPROVAL OF THE SENATE** to authorization for construction at the Philadelphia Naval Hospital was secured this week, when that body, by unanimous consent, passed H. R. 10166. As the Senate Naval Committee amended the bill slightly, the House must agree to these changes before the measure becomes law. To this end, Chairman Britten called a meeting of the House Naval Committee, Feb. 5, and the group voted to accept the Senate's amendments and to ask unanimous consent to take the bill up immediately and pass it. The changes in the measure provide that \$300,000 of the \$3,200,000 should come from the Navy hospital fund and that the services of civilian architects and engineers be obtained. Representative McClintic, (D) of Okla., who opposed the bill in committee and on the floor of the House when it passed last June, served notice that he was still going to fight its enactment. The other members of the House Naval Committee, however, are solidly behind the project.

Authorization for construction at the Washington Naval Hospital as contained in H. R. 9676, which passed the House June 10, 1930, was reported to the Senate Feb. 2 by the Naval Committee. The committee amended the bill increasing the amount carried to \$3,200,000, as recommended by the House naval body. When the measure passed the House, Representative McClintic was able to cut the amount to \$1,500,000.

### HOUSE PASSES SUNNYVALE AIRSHIP BASE BILL

**BY UNANIMOUS** consent, H. R. 6810, providing for the construction of a lighter-than-air base at Sunnyvale, Calif., to house the dirigible now under construction at Akron, Ohio, was passed by the House, Feb. 2. The measure now goes to the Senate. Chairman Hale, of the Naval Affairs Committee of that body, states that he will start hearings on the bill very soon. Last Spring, extended hearings were held by the House Naval Committee before decision was reached to locate the base at Sunnyvale. For a time it appeared that the fight over the location of a site would preclude any action in the matter. When the Sunnyvale site was approved by the naval committee, the California congressional delegation accepted the committee's decision and gave united support to the bill.

### APPOINTMENT FOR GOFF FAILS

**UNLESS ACTION** is taken on the investigation asked by Representative Fish, of New York, in the case of Kenneth Goff, the incident of alleged proselyting of a promising athlete for West Point, exposed by the Providence, R. I., *Journal*, which charged that the boy was encouraged to tell a falsehood to secure an appointment, will probably be dropped. It is rumored, however, that the Inspector General's Office of the War Department is looking into the matter. Rep. Stobbs, who was approached at first, refused to give Goff an appointment on the grounds that the latter did not live in his district. As far as it is known up to the present time, an appointment for Goff has not been secured.

### 15 NAVAL OFFICERS TO UNDERGO INSTRUCTION AT LAKEHURST

**FIFTEEN OFFICERS** of the Navy, including one of the rank of captain, have been selected for instruction in lighter-than-air training at Lakehurst, N. J., in the class beginning July 1, 1931. The officers chosen are as follows: Capt. Reed M. Fawell, Lt. Comdr. Bernard F. Jenkins, Lt. Comdr. Jesse L. Kenworthy, Lt. Comdr. Volney O. Clark, Lt. Comdr. Frank L. Worden, Lt. Comdr. Harold E. MacLellan, Lt. Vaughn Bailey, Lt. Donald McA. Mackey, Lt. William K. Phillips, Lt. Howard N. Coulter, Lt. Richard F. Cross, Lt. (jg) Howard T. Orville, Lt. (jg) Emmett J. Sullivan, Ens. Charles H. Kendall, Ens. Hurley M. Zook.



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## THE U. S. NAVY



## THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

## Prerequisite to Promotion

THE possibility of enacting legislation making attendance at the Naval War College a prerequisite to promotion for naval officers was discussed during a hearing on a bill to authorize construction at the College, held recently by the House naval committee.

Members of the committee were informed that 64 per cent of the flag officers, 73 per cent of the captains and 36 per cent of the commanders have attended the War College, and Representative McClintic, D. of Okla., asked how the Navy Department would view legislation requiring that officers have some training at the War College in order to be eligible for promotion.

Comdr. J. F. Shafroth, USN, representing the Bureau of Navigation, in reply stated:

"I think the tendency at the present time is that practically all officers are anxious to go to War College, because they feel that unless they have completed a course at the War College they would be at a disadvantage before the selection board.

"I am in accord with Mr. McClintic," stated Representative Vinson, D. of Ga., "that some regulation should emanate from the Navy Department by which all officers who will ultimately become flag officers or staff officers shall have gone to the War College. It is for the purpose of acquainting them and giving them actual contact in maneuvering ships. I think it would be highly beneficial to the Navy Department, but I have not any particular objection to passing this bill to provide better quarters there at the War College, however, I think it is incumbent upon the Navy Department to exert every effort in its power to see that every officer who is going to have a responsible position with the bureau or in the fleet shall have the benefit of the War College."

Mr. McClintic. "Do you not think that should be coupled with this bill?"

Mr. Vinson. "I do not think we have sufficient information to pass on it at this time, but I think it is incumbent upon the Navy Department to have as efficient an organization as possible. I think the General Staff of the Army has a great many advantages over the way we run our Navy, and I am apprehensive if an emergency were forced on the Navy we would have considerable difficulty in meeting it as we would like to see it handled. I am very much impressed with the Guard Staff of the Army. Its system is the most effective in the world, and no man can become a member of it until he has had the training at the War College. All I am striving for is to have the Navy more efficient. I know it is not incumbent upon Comdr. Shafroth to recommend this legislation but it is incumbent upon somebody in the department to see the advantage of it."

Mr. Coyle. "I think that statement just made by Mr. Vinson for the record is a very fine statement, and I think the department should have it

## Officer Submarine Class

A CLASS in submarine training will convene at the Submarine Base, New London, Conn., on July 6, 1931, the Bureau of Navigation announces. About 30 officers will be assigned to this class.

The orders of those selected will provide for the transportation of their dependents, if any, to New London, from present stations. The course of instruction will last about six months, and those completing the course will be assigned to duty aboard submarines.

Applications should be submitted in time to arrive in the Bureau of Navigation not later than April 15, 1931. Where necessary, applications may be submitted by despatch. Officers who will have completed two or more years' sea duty are eligible for submarine training. This includes the Naval Academy class of 1929.

## Capt. Watts to Portsmouth

CAPT. WILLIAM C. WATTS, USN, selected on December 20, 1930, for promotion to rear admiral, and now serving as Chief of Staff, Fourth Naval District, headquarters, Philadelphia, has received orders as Commandant Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Capt. Watts will relieve Rear Adm. W. W. Phelps, USN, who goes to duty as Commandant Third Naval District, headquarters, New York, as relief for Rear Adm. Louis R. de Steiguer, USN, who retires on April 1, by reason of having reached the statutory retirement age.

called to its attention as being an expression by the Naval Affairs Committee of the House, and I make that as a motion to see that it is called to the department's attention."

Mr. McClintic. "And I second the motion."

Mr. Darrow. "I see the Chief of Bureau of Navigation is here, and if he wishes to make any observations on that we shall be glad to hear him."

Adm. Upham. "As a matter of fact, in favoring the General Staff the Navy has in time past made effort to get a general staff by legislation, and has failed to accomplish that. The officers of the line of the Navy make very serious effort to attend the War College if only because some of them feel that it would operate to increase their chances of selection or promotion. I would say that the reason for the difficulty that officers experience in going to the War College is, as Comdr. Shafroth pointed out, that their services are so frequently demanded elsewhere. It should be borne in mind that the Army is very largely skeletonized, that many more officers are available to attend the educational course at Leavenworth and elsewhere, including the War College, many more of them are available for that intensive schooling and training than there are officers in the Navy. I think that answers your question, Mr. Chairman."

Mr. Darrow. "I think so, it gives me the impression that the Navy Department itself would be glad to have opportunity for further development that way."

Adm. Upham. "The Navy Department, particularly the Bureau of Navigation, makes very earnest and strenuous effort each year to provide officers to fill the class at the War College."

Mr. McClintic. "But if they had a mandatory provision with respect to promotion, there would be no difficulty, would there be, in getting those classes filled, and then we would be justified in giving you such money as you need for construction of adequate quarters?"

Mr. Darrow. "According to a previous statement, is it not a fact that the Navy is unable to assign as many officers to the War College as it would like to do?"

Adm. Upham. "The facilities at the War College are limited, as has already been said here this morning. In the second place, it is also true that we are all the time building up the percentage of officers who have had that course. Mandatory legislation would make the problem more difficult. Mr. McClintic wishes to make it the best that can be made and I think that mandatory provision would operate to hinder us in that direction."

## Virgin Islands Governor

TRANSFER of the administration of the Virgin Islands from the Navy Department to Interior Department was made by the President this week.

"We have undertaken to reorganize the Government of the Virgin Islands," President Hoover stated. "The Navy Department has asked to be relieved of the administration, and I am assigning it to the Department of the Interior."

"I am proposing to forward to Congress the name of Dr. Paul M. Pearson, of Pennsylvania, for Governor. Other civilian officials will be appointed in replacement of naval officers."

"Congress recently made special appropriations for reorganization and developmental work in the Islands, and the new organization is intended to make these provisions more effective."

"Mr. Herbert Brown, of the Bureau of Efficiency, and Col. Roop, Director of the Budget, have drafted plans for the new administration which are being carried into action."

Secretary of the Navy Charles Francis Adams made the following statement in reference to the transfer:

"The transfer of administration of the islands to the Department of the Interior has been made after mutually satisfactory arrangements, and in withdrawing naval personnel, we are attempting to do so in a matter which will permit the newly-appointed officials to assume their duties under such guidance as they may desire from our naval personnel."

"The policy of the Navy Department with regard to the naval establishment in the Virgin Islands will be to reduce all naval activities to a minimum, retaining in an active status only the radio station and personnel necessary to care for naval property."

"As fast as the naval personnel can be dispensed with they will be withdrawn and in no case will they remain longer than six months from the date of transfer of administration to the Interior Department."

The naval and marine corps personnel in the Virgin Islands totals 282. Naval personnel stationed ashore number 27 officers, including 10 medical officers and one dental officer; 9 nurses, and 85 enlisted men. Aboard the USS Grebe, minesweeper and station vessel which will be withdrawn as soon as suitably replaced by the Department of the Interior, there are 3 officers and 48 enlisted men. Marine Corps personnel number 7 officers and 103 enlisted men.

## New Governor of Guam

CAPT. JOHN S. ABBOTT, USN, in command of the repair ship USS Medusa, has been issued orders to duty as Governor of Guam and Commandant of the Naval Station, Guam, to succeed Comdr. Willis W. Bradley, USN, about May 15, 1931. Comdr. Bradley has been ordered to the next class at the Naval War College, which convenes in July.

Capt. Abbott was born in Vallejo, Calif., June 18, 1882, and was appointed to the Naval Academy from Wisconsin in 1899. During the World War, he was attached to the battleship Kansas, and in 1918 was transferred to the battleship Connecticut. In 1919, he was appointed Aide to the Superintendent of the Naval Academy. In June, 1921, he was ordered to duty with the Destroyer Force, Atlantic Fleet, in command of the destroyer USS Toucey, and in June, 1922, was transferred to command the destroyer USS Peary.

In 1924-1925, he was under instruction at the Naval War College and upon the completion of that course was on duty in the Bureau of Engineering, Navy Department. He was a member of the U. S. Naval Mission to Peru from 1926 to 1929, when he was given command of the Medusa.

## Jewish Holidays

COMMANDING Officers of the Navy are authorized to grant leave, at discretion, to men of the Jewish Faith, from noon of Tuesday, March 31, 1931, until midnight of Saturday, April 4, 1931, with such additional travel time as may be necessary, the Bureau of Navigation directs.

## Report Enlisted Pilot Bill

REVISION of the law fixing the percentage of enlisted pilots in the Navy was approved by the House Naval Affairs Committee this week, when H. R. 16588 was reported to the House.

By the terms of the bill, not less than 20 per cent of the pilots in the Navy and Marine Corps shall be enlisted men "except when the Secretary of the Navy shall determine that it is impracticable to secure that number of enlisted pilots." Under existing law the percentage of enlisted pilots is set at 30 per cent, although actually the number is somewhat below this.

In the report on the measure, it is stated, "The minimum figure of 30 per cent of the total number of pilots employed in the Navy on aviation duty by existing law was based upon experience gained prior to the enactment of the law mentioned above in 1926, which, however, was a somewhat limited experience in view of the small size and short period of existence of the Navy flying arm. Since the enactment of this provision considerable study has been given to the proper proportion of enlisted pilots to officer pilots and the experience of three years' flying has been gained, with a gradually increasing air arm, and particularly with an enormous increase in flying from carriers at sea. As a result of this study and experience, the final proportion of the enlisted pilots can not now be definitely established even for the conditions of the moment. Furthermore, as the conditions of flying and the actual components of the Navy air squadrons vary with the rapid development of the flying art, it would appear unwise to fix for all time a definite proportion or even a minimum definite proportion for enlisted pilots."

## Capt. Morris to Maryland

CAPT. ROBERT MORRIS, USN, in command of the destroyer tender USS Rigel, has been ordered to command the battleship Maryland to succeed Capt. Joseph K. Taussig, USN, whose orders to duty as Chief of Staff, Battleship Divisions, Battle Force, have been announced.

Capt. Morris was born in Atlantic, Iowa, Nov. 15, 1878, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1896 from Utah. For his services as commanding officer of troop transports during the war, he was awarded the Navy Cross. He was also awarded the decoration of the Legion of Honor by the French Government, and a letter of commendation from the War Department.

## To Sell Vessels

THE Navy Department will open bids Feb. 19, for the sale of seven destroyers, now at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; for the sale of a steam ferryboat, the USS Porpoise, and small freight and passenger steamer, the USS Gampus, now at the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.; for the sale of an ammunition lighter, now at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., and for the sale of a 92-foot wood motor boat, now at the Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.

The destroyers are the USS William Jones, McCawley, Melvin, Mervine, Moody, Selfridge and Yarrowbrough, built between 1917 and 1920.



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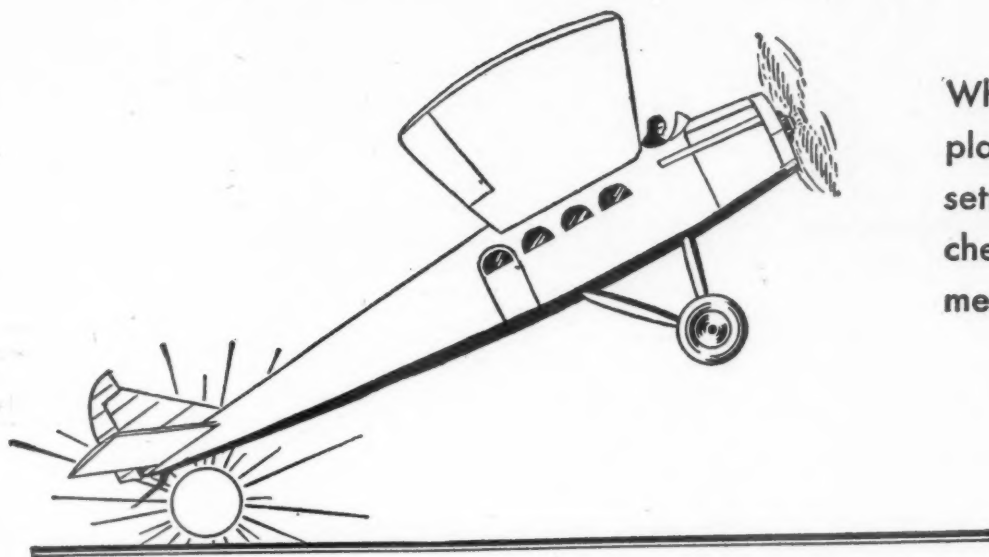
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## SERVICE SPORTS SUMMARY

Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.—USS Texas wrestlers and boxers tangled with the grapplers and mittmen from the Arkansas, and although losing, showed prospects of developing good teams with a little more practice and experience.

Newport, R. I.—The Station five journeyed to Durham, N. H., where they met, and succumbed to the U. of New Hampshire, 39 to 19. In the first of a series of home games, the Station five defeated the Dean Academy squad, 30 to 27. In the second of the series, Northeastern U. took away the victory, 41 to 31, but only after a hot scrap.

Madison Barracks.—On Feb. 3, the standing of the Post Bowling League revealed four teams, Co. C, 28th Inf., QM Detachment, Brigade and Hq. Btry., 7th FA, tied for first place with percentages of .714, each team having won 5 games and lost 2.

Great Lakes, Ill.—Co. 12, 2nd Bn., defeated Co. 13 in a swimming match, 102 to 34.

Ft. Snelling, Minn.—Co. H leads the basketball league with a perfect mark, having won 6 out of 6 games. Co. I leads the bowlers, having won 23 and lost 4 games, for a percentage of .852. The Cubs won from the Red Wings, in a hockey game, 1-0.

Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.—Jan. 26, the basketball team defeated the Wilsons, 26 to 19. Ft. Slocum took a fall from the basketballers, the following night, winning 31-19. On Jan. 23, Ft. Schuyler defeated Miller Field in a league game, 22-12.

Ft. Ontario, N. Y.—The local basketball team journeyed to Maddison Barracks, Jan. 28, and came through with a win, 35-33. Boxing has been resumed here.

Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.—The basketball team is leading the N. Y. Harbor Posts League. It is the only undefeated team in the league, having won four games, from Ft. Schuyler, 37-19; Mitchell Field, 47-19; Miller Field, 47-8, and Ft. Slocum, 43-25.

Vancouver Barracks, Wash.—The "B" basketball team won from the Molalla, Ore., second team, 33-10, while the first team was nosed out by the Molalla town team, 29-27, Jan. 21. On Jan. 24, the team met the strong Willamette U. team and yielded 67-23.

Ft. Moultrie, S. C.—Basketball results for the week ending Jan. 30, are as follows: Co. E 44, Co. F 27; Co. G 38, Hq. 33; Co. H 2, Co. F 0; Serv. Co. 28, Hq. 27; Co. H 20, Co. G 15; and Serv. Co. 2, Co. F 0. Volleyball results are: Co. E 15, Co. G 7; Co. H 15, Co. E 9, and Co. G 15, Serv. 11.

Ft. Benning, Ga.—The baseball team has on its schedule, Michigan State, U. of Illinois, Notre Dame, U. of Georgia, Mercer U. and Auburn U. Several other college teams may be met, and among the professional teams on the list are the Columbus Foxes of the Southeastern League, the Macon Peaches of the S. A. League, and the Toronto Leafs of the International circuit.

The Musketeers won from the Jaycee basketball team of Atlanta, 34 to 29. This gives the Musketeers 16 victories and 2 losses for the season.

John (Corn) Griffin, army light-heavy boxer, scored a K. O. over Mike Firpo, Cuban heavyweight.

Schofield Barracks, T. H.—The inter-regimental basketball series began Jan.

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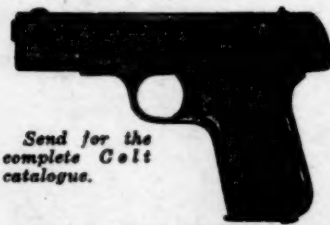
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## SERVICE SPORT NEWS

## ARMY PLEBES WIN SWIM

Led by Bunker, who set a new Plebe record in the breast stroke, the Army Plebes defeated the James Monroe High School tankmen of New York, at West Point, Jan. 24.

## ARMY SWORDSMEN SCORE

Cadet fencers defeated the New York Athletic Club swordsmen at West Point recently by the score of 15-12. The New Yorkers were handicapped by the failure of both the saber and foil teams to arrive. The epee team took the Army fencers on in all three competitions. Army won six bouts to three with the foils and seven to two with the sabers, but lost the epee event by the same score.

## ARMY BEATS OHIO STATE

Army won its ninth straight basketball game at West Point last Saturday, when it defeated the Ohio State aggregation, 40-29.

Kreuger led the Army attack with 14 points, and he was ably abetted by Ray Stecker, with 12. Wesley Fesler, Ohio State's football star, led his team with 9 points scored.

The line-up and summary:

ARMY (40)	G	F	P	OHIO STATE (29)	G	F	P
Stecker, lf	6	0	12	Ervin, lf	2	1	5
Kreuger, rf	6	2	14	Wrigley	0	0	0
Epler, c	0	0	0	Hinchman, rf	1	0	2
Blanning	0	0	0	Lively	1	0	2
Strother, lg	1	0	2	Brown	0	0	0
Malloy	0	1	1	Mattison	0	3	3
Herb	0	0	0	Russell	2	1	5
Abell, rg	2	1	5	Larkins, lg	1	1	3
Besson	2	2	6	Hoffer	0	0	0
				Fesler, rg	3	3	9
Totals	17	6	40	Totals	10	9	29

Referee—Calvin L. Brewster, E. I. A. Umpire—David Walsh, E. I. A. Time of Halves—20 minutes.

## NAVY CAGERS BEAT V. M. I.

The Naval Academy basketball team was forced to rally in the second half of a game at Annapolis to finally win from the V. M. I. team, 39-24. The Middies were trailing 14-8 at the end of the half, but ran away in the last period.

The Cadets quickly ran up a 6-0 lead in the first four minutes, when Navy substituted her first team. They could not seem to get any place, however. But in the second half, the Navy sharpshooters, led by Loughlin, got their eye on the basket and quickly overcame the Southerners' lead, and went ahead. Loughlin was high scorer for the game, with 16 points, and Bob Brown, V. M. I., was next, with 12.

## MIDDY FENCERS TRIUMPH

The Naval Academy fencers defeated the Penn Athletic Club swordsmen at Annapolis last Saturday, 16-6. Navy took the foil matches 6-3, won eight out of nine of the epee bouts and split the four caber matches with the visitors.

1 and will end March 15. To date, the "Wolfhounds" quintet of the 27th Inf. remains undefeated. The scores in January games are as follows 27th Inf. 54, 21st Inf. 33; 27th Inf. 51, Staff-Air Corps 30; 27th Inf. 38, 35th Inf. 34; 27th Inf. 47, 11th F. A. 43. Games are scheduled with teams of the 3rd Engineers, 13th F. A., 8th F. A., and 19th Inf., then a second string of games will be played. Stemple and Marker are starring this season, although Captain Eniar W. Chester, the basketball coach, has three complete teams trained for battles.

## NAVY MATMEN WIN

After losing the first three bouts, the Navy wrestlers proceeded to take the remaining five matches to defeat the V. M. I. grapplers at Annapolis last Saturday, by a 19 to 11 score. Des Camps, V. M. I., secured a fall over Campbell in the 115 pound event. Silverstein, 155 pounds, and Kirkpatrick, 175 pounds, both of Navy, won their matches by falls.

The summary:

115-Pound Class—Des Camps, V. M. I., defeated Campbell by a fall in 8 minutes 20 seconds with a half-nelson and body chancery hold.

125-Pound Class—Will, V. M. I., defeated White. Time advantage, 4 minutes 12 seconds.

135-Pound Class—Dewey, V. M. I., defeated Goodman. Time advantage, 1 minute 33 seconds. Extra periods.

145-Pound Class—Loughlin, Navy, defeated Stith. Time advantage, 3 minutes 5 seconds.

155-Pound Class—Silverstein, Navy, defeated Tompkins by a fall in 3 minutes 57 seconds with a double bar hold.

165-Pound Class—Coleman, Navy, defeated Tallman. Time advantage, 1 minute 8 seconds. Extra periods.

175-Pound Class—Kirkpatrick, Navy, defeated Rochelle by a fall in 2 minutes 50 seconds with a hammer and a half-nelson hold.

Unlimited Class—Kane, Navy, defeated Shell. Time advantage, 3 minutes. Extra periods.

## ARMY BOXERS BEAT TERRORS

Winning five of the seven bouts, and drawing one, Army boxers defeated the Green Terrors of Western Maryland, 5½ to 1½, at West Point last Saturday. Army chalked up four knock-outs, one being Brown's victory over Crosby, who had won 25 consecutive victories, and was intercollegiate in the 135-pound class for two years.

Summaries:

115-Pound Class—Powell, Army, defeated Murchison, technical, second round.

125-Pound—Greco, Army, and Myers, three rounds, no decision.

135-Pound—Brown, Army, defeated Crosby, knockout, third round.

145-Pound—Roller, Army, defeated Borchers, knockout, second round.

160-Pound—Brubaker, Western Maryland, defeated McAleer, three rounds, decision.

175-Pound—Olson, Army, defeated Lee, knockout, first round.

Heavyweight—Ramus, Army, defeated Barnett, three rounds, decision.

Score—Army, 5½; Western Maryland, 1½.

## NAVY PLEBES LOSE

Western High School, of Washington, D. C., came from behind in the second half of the game at Annapolis last Saturday to defeat the Navy Plebe basketball team, 30-26. This is the first game the Plebes have lost this season.

## ON THE RANGES

Navy's rifle team defeated the Penn State squad at Annapolis last Saturday, 1,370 to 1,301. Moore, Navy captain, was high gun with 283 out of a possible 300. The whole Navy team shot higher scores than Penn States' highest total.

	NAVY	Pr.	Knlg.	Stdg.	Totals.
Moore	98	98	87	283	
Forbes	99	91	91	281	
Hunter	100	91	80	271	
Sunderland	96	94	79	269	
Robbins	97	88	81	266	
Totals	490	462	418	1,370	

	PENN STATE	Pr.	Knlg.	Stdg.	Totals.
Morgan	100	77	86	263	
Emysen	98	90	74	262	
Wolcott	99	91	71	261	
Hixon	97	96	68	261	
Stauff	91	82	81	254	
Totals	485	436	380	1,301	

## To Test V-6

FOLLOWING participation in Fleet concentration at Panama, the USS V-6, fleet submarine, will conduct deep submergence test off Portsmouth, N. H., during the period of April 1 to 7, 1931. The USS Falcon, submarine rescue vessel, will be assigned to tend the V-6 during the test.

Upon completion of deep submergence test, the V-6 will rejoin Submarine Division 12, consisting of V-boats and basing at San Diego, Calif. Enroute to San Diego, she will stop at New York from April 8 to 11; at Washington, D. C., from April 13 to 17, and at Coco Solo, C. Z., from April 25 to 28. The V-6 is scheduled to arrive at San Diego May 9.

## New Organ Screens Installed

West Point.—The women of the Army who have so generously contributed toward the building of the new organ screens for the East channel section of the Cadet Chapel organ, will be glad to learn that the screens have been completed and installed. They will be dedicated on Palm Sunday, March 29, 1931.

The three screens, two large ones, opening into the channel, and a smaller transept screen, are artistically designed and executed in carved oak.

The two larger screens, in general style, blend harmoniously with the original screens on the opposite side of the channel; yet in detail they are quite different. The pipes in the old screens extend from the base to the top, while in the new screens, the pipes are in double compartments, one row superimposed on the other. In the lower compartment the central section carries a row of 12 pipes flanked by two small towers crowned with richly carved shades. On either side of these towers are two arches filled with smaller pipes. The columns separating the arches are in the form of sculptured figures playing musical instruments. The standing figure nearest the nave has a viol, the second figure a lute, the third a harp and the fourth a trumpet. At the base of the small towers in the lower compartments are kneeling musical figures. The first figure plays a hand organ, the second an accordion, the third a French horn, the fourth a bagpipe. A paneled base gives foundation to the lower compartment.

The upper compartments of the screens are dominated by a central tower flanked by two larger towers. The central tower rises gracefully from a bracket, while the two large towers are corbelled out of groined brackets supported by the carved columns which divide the arches of the lower compartment. Two flats of pipes are on either side of the central tower, separating it from the larger towers. The two screens vary in detail from each other. At first glance one might think them similar in design, but a closer inspection reveals many pleasing variations. The two great towers in one are portions of an octagon while the corresponding towers in the other are circular. The smaller central towers also differ in a reverse manner, the circular towers being flanked by a octagonal and the octagonal by circular. The shades and cresting which finish off the top of the screens are highly ornamental and decorative. All the towers are capped with carved crowns whose lacey crochet conceal the ends of the pipes. The carving, bratticing and paneling are all splendidly designed and executed.

The smaller transept screen is equally artistic and pleasing. It contains a central flat of 13 pipes, bracketed by two smaller flats of seven pipes each. These are richly shaded by carved cresting which harmonizes with that decorating the larger screens. A delicately traceried grille fills in the intervening space between the cresting and the masonry of the arch.

The three screens contains 223 pipes ranging in diameter from an inch and an eighth to five and a quarter inches.

The woodwork of the screens was built by Irving and Casson. The pipes were made by the Moiler Organ Co., the builders of the organ, while the screens were designed by the architects, Frohman, Robb and Little. Mr. Robb gave his personal supervision to the work.

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## IN THE SADDLE

FOLLOWING is a list of polo tournament dates for 1931 at those clubs which are members of the United States Polo Association and which regularly apply for assignment of dates. This list is as approved by the Executive Committee of the United States Polo Association at a recent meeting.

Santa Barbara Polo Club, Jan. 23 to Feb. 8; Miami Beach Polo Club, Jan. 30 to Feb. 28; San Antonio Polo Club, Eighth Corps Area, Feb. 1 to Feb. 15; Del Monte Polo Club, Feb. 14 to March 1; Camden Polo Club, Feb. 27 to March 20; Aiken Polo Club, March 2 to March 14; San Mateo-Bur-Ingame Polo Club, March 8 to March 22; Midwick Country Club, Feb. 1 to Feb. 15; Sandhill Polo Club, April 4 to April 18; Boise Polo Club, May 29 to June 7; Meadow Brook Club, June 13 to Aug. 1; Broadmoor Polo Association, June 27 to July 11; Rockaway Hunting Club, July 4 to July 25; Point Judith Polo Club, July 11 to Aug. 29; Maryland Polo Club, June 1 to June 15; Eatontown Polo Club, July 18 to July 25; Rumson Country Club, July 18 to Aug. 1; Big Horn Polo Club, Aug. 5 to Aug. 20; Broadmoor Polo Association, Aug. 8 to Aug. 22; Myopia Hunt Club, Dedham Country and Polo Club, Aug. 8 to Aug. 26.

Miami Valley Hunt and Polo Club, Aug. 22 to Aug. 28; Onwentia Club, Aug. 29 to Sept. 12; Bryn Mawr Polo Club, Aug. 31 to Sept. 12; Philadelphia Country Club, Oakbrook Polo Club, Sept. 14 to Sept. 27; Junior Championship, Rumson Country Club in July; Inter-Circuit Championship; Twelve Goal Championship, Open Championship, Meadow Brook Club in September.

The 110th Field Artillery poloists suffered another twin setback last week when one of their two teams lost to the Maryland Lancers at Pikesville, Md., 18-13, and the other lost to the 109th Field Artillery team at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 10-8.

The Lancers scored six times before the 110th could score, and that was in the second chukker, which the Artillerymen won 5-2. The visitors, however, kept the upper hand, except in the last period when they were outscored 3-2. Lt. C. N. McFarland of the Lancers was high scorer for the game, with nine goals, while Maj. Mowbray could only score five as the high scorer for the Artillerymen.

At Wilkes-Barre, the story was repeated, the 109th gaining a four goal lead in the first chukker without the 110th being able to score. The 110th won the second chukker, but could never catch up. Lt. Mason, 110th, and J. M. Robinson and W. J. Razik of the 109th each scored four goals.

The line-ups and summaries:

MARYLAND LANCERS	
1—Clarence Wheelwright	4
2—J. W. Y. Martin	3
3—George Lorian	2
3—Lt. C. N. McFarland	9
Total	18

110TH FIELD ARTILLERY	
1—Lt. James Shirley	4
2—Capt. William A. Brown	4
3—Maj. John McC. Mowbray	5
Total	13

Score by chukkers:  
Maryland Lancers 4 3 3 2 4 2—18  
110th Field Artillery 0 5 2 1 2 3—13

110TH FIELD ARTILLERY	
1—Lt. F. V. W. Mason	4
2—Capt. George Foote	3
3—Capt. C. W. Schmidt	0
Total	7

\*One goal by pony.

109TH FIELD ARTILLERY	
1—J. M. Robinson	4
2—W. J. Razik	4
3—L. R. Banker	2
Totals	10

Score by chukkers:  
110th Field Artillery 0 1 4 3—8  
109th Field Artillery 4 2 0 4—10  
Referee—Capt. George Senef.

Ft. Benning, Ga.—A ladies' polo team is being developed here under the direction of Maj. Lyman. Prospects for competition are Asheville and Pinehurst. Among the lady poloists are Mrs. A. V. Arnold, Mrs. W. M. Hoge, Mrs. H. W. Brimmer, Mrs. C. F. Gee, Mrs. L. E. Toole, Mrs. R. L. Bodine, Mrs. A. T. Knight, and Miss Nancy Ross.

West Point, N. Y.—Army's polo team outdressed the Essex Troop of New Jersey here last Saturday to score its third consecutive victory, 15-6. The

## Urge Against Vet Relief

A RECOMMENDATION against any amendment which would increase rates or bring any additional classes of war veterans under existing relief laws, until the completion of the study being made by the Veterans' Administration was made by Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, USA, resigned, administrator of the Veterans' Administration, in a report made to the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, in reference to the bill, S. 5098. This bill proposes to extend to May 24, 1931, the provisions of the act of May 24, 1928, making eligible for retirement, under certain conditions, officers and former officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps, other than officers of the Regular Army, who incurred physical disability in line of duty while in the service of the United States during the World War.

In his report, Gen. Hines says that time for filing claims in all classes of the bill as drafted would extend the cases to May 24, 1931, and would extend the time during which 30 per cent permanent disability may be made. It would permit the reopening of cases disallowed before. The cost of such extension could not be estimated. Ultimately a report will be presented to Congress containing the results of the study, with definite recommendations for a uniform system which will equalize benefits as far as possible. It was on the latter consideration that the recommendation against the extension was made.

## Sec. Ingalls to Fly South

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY FOR AERONAUTICS, David S. Ingalls, will leave Washington this morning to be present at the Winter maneuvers of the Fleet.

He will fly a Ford Transport plane to Miami, where he and his party will take passage in two naval patrol planes, leaving Miami the morning of the 9th and flying direct to Kingston, Jamaica. He will remain at Jamaica on the 10th and leave on the morning of the 11th, flying direct to Panama. During the stay in Panama he expects to be present at the various maneuvers first on the Los Angeles, and later on the carriers.

Present plans contemplate leaving Panama on the 22nd of February and returning by the same route to Washington.

He will be accompanied on this trip by his aide, Lt. Comdr. R. P. Molten, and Dr. E. H. Cushing of Cleveland, Ohio.

## Capt. Taussig Assigned

CAPT. JOSEPH K. TAUSSIG, USN, who was selected for promotion to rear admiral on Dec. 20, 1930, now in command of the battleship USS Maryland, has been issued orders as Chief of Staff, Battleship Divisions, Battle Fleet, relieving Capt. Edward C. Kalbfus, USN.

Capt. Taussig was born in Dresden, Germany, August, 1877, and was appointed to the Naval Academy by the President. He is the son of the late Rear Adm. Edward D. Taussig, USN.

For eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle June 20 and 21, 1900, near Tientsin, China, Capt. Taussig was highly commended and advanced four numbers in grade. He holds the Distinguished Service Medal for his services during the World War, and has also been decorated by Great Britain and Chile.

## Lectures at QM School

A LECTURE on "A Corps Area General Mobilization Plan," was delivered at The Quartermaster Corps School on Feb. 6 by Lt. Col. Ned B. Rehkopf, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, of Third Corps Area Headquarters, Baltimore, Md.

Cadets scored in every period, and Grunert, substituted for Rogers, carried off scoring honors, with five goals.

The line-up:

ARMY (15)		ESSEX TROOP (6)	
Cusack	No. 1	McGrath	
Rodgers	No. 2	Hodge	
Beebe	No. 3	Woelsted	

SCORE BY CHUKKERS	
Army	3 3 3 2 2 2—15
Essex	2 0 0 2 1 1—6

Goals—Army: Cusack (4), Grunert (5), Thayer (2), Rodgers, Beebe, Scott, Suddith. Essex Troop: McGrath (2), Hodge (2), Woelsted (2).

Substitutions—Army: Thayer for Cusack, Grunert for Rodgers, Scott for Beebe, Walker for Thayer, Suddith for Grunert, Thinness for Scott.

Referee—Lt. Clendenin, Army.

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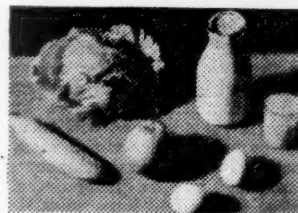
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Amos 'n' Andy America's most popular radio feature. On the air every night except Sunday over N. B. C. network. 7:00 p. m. on stations operating on Eastern time. 10:00 p. m. on stations operating on Central time. 9:00 p. m., Mountain time. 8:00 p. m., Pacific time.

## DO THESE THREE THINGS to have strong, healthy teeth



1 Follow this diet daily: one to three eggs, raw fruit, fresh vegetables, head lettuce, cabbage or celery. ½ lemon with orange juice. One quart of milk, and other food to suit the appetite.



2 Use Pepsodent twice a day.



3 See your dentist at least twice a year.

## Pepsodent

the tooth paste which presents you with the Amos 'n' Andy radio program



# ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."

From Vol. I, No. 1, of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, FEB. 7, 1931

"The uniformed service men of the United States Government are without political representation and have to depend on the people's appreciation of the value of their services. In all other professions in civil life, wages and salaries have grown in proportion with the cost of living. The pay in the service of the United States has not grown in proportion."—MONMOUTH INQUIRER, FREEHOLD, N. J.

**I**N ANOTHER COLUMN we print extracts from the annual report of Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, the Inspector General of the Army. Among other things—and this we urge upon the attention of the President and Congress—he says:

"The inadequate pay of officers, particularly in company grades, and the slowness of promotion, are probably the two most serious adverse factors in the maintenance of a high morale. Company officers are in closer contact with enlisted men than their seniors. The state of their morale is bound to have a strong influence for good or bad upon the morale of the enlisted men under their command."

Could anything be more explanatory of the situation that exists or more definite as to the need of action? Better than we have been able to do, Gen. Drum has described the needs of the Army, and those needs maintain also in the Navy and Marine Corps. Congress should legislate at this session.

**P**ACIFISTS MAY SAY WHAT they will as to the desirability of the abolition of the Armed Services, but we notice that whenever there is a crisis, in peace or war, it is to those Services the Government always turns for help. We are led to this reflection by the announcement that the President has sent three Army officers to the drought-stricken area in Arkansas to make a survey and report upon which there can be action. These officers are Col. Campbell Hodges, Chief Military aide at the White House; Maj. Oliver S. Wood, Infantry, and Capt. Lewis A. Pick, Engineer Corps, stationed in Texas. Maj. Wood is a native of Arkansas. There are experts in civil life, who could have made the survey the President desired, but he realized that a report from them would be a subject of political discussion. No such angle can be applied to the report of Service officers. They describe things as they are, and the country recognizes this to be the case. When Col. Hodges, Maj. Wood and Capt. Pick have presented their conclusions to the President he can safely feel he has the facts to guide him in his policies.

**S**ENATOR HALE TELLS US that at the first opportunity he will press for passage the bill authorizing the first naval construction program under the London Treaty. The Senator is confident of favorable action. Unquestionably, the House will grant a rule under which the British construction program will be considered and adopted. We may expect, therefore, that the meager proposals for naval additions will be approved. We shall hope that appropriations also will be made under which work on the ships allowed can be started. Those who looked for the establishment of equality upon the seas, about which we heard so much, will be disappointed. Unless positive steps are taken next year, the United States will have what it has today and has had in the past, a "paper parity."

**T**HE REPORT THAT SECRETARY of the Navy Adams will be transferred to London as American Ambassador, is denied at the White House. Nevertheless, the report persists. It is known that Gen. Dawes, now in London, will return to Chicago shortly to assume direction of the World's Fair to be held in that City. Mr. Adams made many friends in the British Capital during the London Disarmament Treaty negotiations, and it is this fact which has caused his name to be mentioned as the Chicagoan's successor. There is no doubt the Secretary would fill admirably the London post, but, so far as the Navy is concerned, his departure would be a mistake. Mr. Adams has grasped effectively the multitudinous and technical details of the Sea Service. He has worked zealously to increase efficiency, and the spirit he has manifested has been felt through the rank and file. Nor can the Navy forget that Mr. Adams has shown keen sympathy for the unfortunate pay condition that exists and has not hesitated, in spite of objections from various influential quarters, to proclaim publicly that remedy must be provided. It is our hope that the President and Mr. Adams will agree that the place for the latter continues to be in the office of Secretary of the Navy.

**E**FFORTS SHOULD be made to include funds in the annual appropriations to bring the Army transports up to the standard of safety required in commercial vessels and to make them as comfortable as possible. This need is clearly shown in the Inspector General's annual report. The lives of officers and enlisted men and their families should not be exposed to unnecessary danger because of lack of sufficient lifeboats and fire-fighting equipment. Nor should service members traveling on the transports be forced to forego ordinary comforts. The Army Transport Service has performed wonders with the funds and equipment available, but there is need for more funds and more equipment.

**A** STUDY should be made of a method of modernizing Army organization mess equipment in order to allow mess officers to take full advantage of the increased allowance. The importance of good food to morale is incalculable and with the present obsolete equipment, 20 years behind the time, it is a constant drain on ingenuity to produce properly cooked food. Organization funds in many instances have been spent to alleviate the situation to some extent, but this money should be used to procure for the enlisted men comforts and facilities unavailable in any other way. Mess officers have done much to improve the situation but there is still much to be desired in the way of modern efficient kitchen and mess-room equipment, as is pointed out in the annual report of the Inspector General.

## Service Humor

Well, the Cook Is Safe

Mrs. Col. Smartt: "That woman next door bought a hat exactly like mine."

Col. Smartt: "Well, now I guess you two won't speak any more."

Mrs. Col. Smartt: "Not when she finds out that I've given mine to her cook." —Contributed.

Time to Leave

Doctor (arranging patient on operating table): "To be perfectly frank with you, only one out of five ever recover from the operation that I'm about to perform on you. Is there anything I can do for you?"

Patient: "Yes, if you don't mind, would you help me on with my shoes and trousers?" —Contributed.

The Judge Knows

Mrs. Newlywed: "We hadn't been married a week when he hit me with a piece of sponge cake."

Judge: "Disorderly conduct. Five dollars and costs."

Mrs. Newlywed (sobbing): "And I'd made the cake with my own hands."

Judge: "Assault with a deadly weapon—one year." —Pathfinder.

A Fair Trade

German Officer (to machine gun Sgt.): "Well, why aren't you firing?"

Sgt.: "A flag of truce, Herr Lieutenant."

Officer: "What do they want?"

Sgt.: "The Americans want to know if we'll trade four Gott Mitt Uns belt buckles for a couple of colonels and a can of syrup." —Foreign Service.

An Alibi

On the Bench: "Now, what I want to know, is just exactly who was driving when you crashed into that truck?"

Inebriate: "None of us, we were all in the back seat." —Contributed.

That's the Difference

"How did Col. Blinks make all his money?"

"By judicious speculation and shrewd investment."

"And how did Maj. Blanks lose all his money?"

"By gambling on the stock exchange." —Contributed.

If They Told the Truth

Mrs. Blumer: These pictures of myself and my husband are not at all satisfactory, why Mr. Blumer looks like a gorilla in his picture.

Photographer: Well, lady, you should have thought of that before you had them taken. —Contributed.

That's Right

"What is the most important problem you explorers have to solve?" asked an unscientific but interested listener at a lecture.

"Well," returned the explorer, "getting back is the most important to us." —Newport Recruit.

Anybody Would Know That

Farm Hand (using the telephone for the first time): "Send me a bushel of oats right away."

Voice over phone (probably central): "Certainly. Whom are they for?"

Farm Hand: "Don't be silly. They're for my horse." —Contributed.

Save Doctors Bills

"A laugh a day keeps the doctor away," is a famous author's proverb. Send us your jokes, and help save doctor's bills.

## ASK THE JOURNAL

**SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given as soon as possible after receipt either in this column or by mail. Questions relative to living conditions at Army posts or Navy shore stations will be answered in detail by letter.**

**L. A. L.**—At present you are number eight on the eligible list for appointment to Staff Sergeant, Supply, Quartermaster Corps, according to information received from the Office of the Quartermaster General.

**G. A. L.**—According to information received from the Office of the Chief of Coast Artillery you are number twenty-two on the eligible list for promotion to Staff Sergeant, Electrical, Coast Artillery Corps.

**W. E. M.**—According to information received from the Office of the Chief of Coast Artillery you are number twenty-three on the eligible list for promotion to Staff Sergeant, Electrical, Coast Artillery Corps.

**R. O. T.**—You will be entitled to receive pay for your Civil Service after serving 15 years in the U. S. Assay Office and in addition you can continue to receive your retired pay from the Army, according to the Adjutant General's Office of the War Department.

**L. J. R.**—There are no vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant in either the Army or the Marine Corps at the present time. When vacancies occur, for the next year or so at any rate, they will be filled by graduates of the Military and Naval Academies.

**L. L.**—According to information received from the Office of the Quartermaster General, the average number of men promoted to the grade of staff sergeant, QMC (Supply) during the last five years, was about four hundred and seventy-six (476).

## IN THE JOURNAL

### 60 YEARS AGO

The London *Observer*, the government organ, is quoted as the authority for the announcement that the system of the purchase and sale of commissions (in the British Army) is to be abolished.

On Feb. 5 (1870), part of the West Point barracks burned. The cadets turned out, and, the fire engine being frozen up, they had to subdue the flames by throwing on snow.

Maj. W. H. Lewis, Seventh Infantry, has been appointed a special inspector of the Department of Dakota for the purpose of inspecting the posts in the District of Montana and the Middle District.

A Marine General Court-Martial has just been closed at Boston, after the trial of 1st Lt. Saltmarsh on serious charges. The findings of the court will be announced from Washington.

The House Naval Committee have agreed to report the bill for the sale of the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Instead of peace, the armistice of Jan. 28, has at first brought only anarchy. Two governments immediately appeared one at Paris, favoring peace, free elections, and recognition of the undeniable failure of the war; the other at Bordeaux, without authority except such as it received from that at Paris.



Navy Dept.  
Marine CorpsCoast Guard  
Naval Reserves

## OFFICIAL ORDERS

War Dept.  
Corps AreasNational Guard  
Officers' Reserve Corps

## ARMY ORDERS

**GENERAL STAFF CORPS**  
GEN. DOUGLAS MacARTHUR, C. OF S.  
Lt. Col. E. A. Buchanan, from detail as member of GSC, from duty with Gen. Staff with troops, from duty at 1st CA, June 20, detailed in IGD, for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Col. R. C. Foy, proceed to Hot Springs Nat'l Park, Ark., report Army and Navy Gen. Hosp., for treatment. (Jan. 31.)

**ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.**  
MAJ. GEN. C. H. BRIDGES, THE AG  
Lt. Col. J. B. Richardson, proceed to Army and Navy Gen. Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment. (Jan. 30.)

Lt. Col. H. H. Pfeil, detailed with OR, 3rd CA, assigned with 315th FA, in addition to other duties, Feb. 4, report to senior unit instructor, OR, Wash., D. C. (Jan. 30.)

**QUARTERMASTER CORPS**  
MAJ. GEN. J. L. DEWITT, THE QMG  
The retirement of Maj. Hugh Williams, from active service Jan. 31, is announced. (Jan. 31.)

Col. F. H. Pope, from duty in office of QMG, Wash., D. C., from additional duty as member of joint merchant vessel bd., Feb. 5, proceed to N. Y. C., assume duty as offr. in charge of port of embarkation in N. Y. C., for mothers and widows making the pilgrimage to cemeteries of Europe. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. Lincoln Martin, from duty at Wm. Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Tex., Apr. 22, proceed to Camp Harry J. Jones, Douglas, Ariz., for duty as qm. of that post. (Feb. 2.)

Lt. Col. J. F. Taulbee and 1st Lt. L. D. Talbot, from duty with 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., report cmdg. offr. Randolph Fld., Tex., for duty as asst. to qm. (Feb. 3.)

Capt. L. L. Simpson, in addition to pres. duties at Ft. Bragg, N. C., assigned to duty as asst. to qm. at that post, April 11. (Feb. 2.)

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, THE SG

**Medical Corps**  
Maj. F. R. Borden, assigned to duty at Brooks Fld., Tex., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. R. B. Harding, from duty at Ft. Slocum, N. Y., proceed to N. Y. C., sail June 11, for Panama Canal Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. W. F. Heine, from duty at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to N. Y. C., sail June 11, for Panama Canal Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. T. B. Murphy, from duty at Presidio of S. F., Calif., sail May 26, for Panama Canal Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)  
Maj. J. W. Sherwood and Capt. A. L. Gorby, assigned to duty at Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp., Denver, Colo., and Ft. Lewis, Wash., respectively, on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 30.)

The following from duty at pres. station, proceed to N. Y. C., sail April 8 for Europe, proceed to Paris, France, report in person to offr. in charge pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe: Maj. D. C. Campbell, Maj. S. M. Corbett, Maj. F. M. Fitts, Maj. A. W. Kenner, and Maj. C. L. Maxwell. (Jan. 31.)  
1st Lt. S. F. Hatchett, on completion of pres. course of instr. at Army Med. Sch., AMC, Wash., D. C., report Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., for treatment. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. A. B. Jones and Col. L. J. Owen detailed as medical examiners and witnesses before Army ret. bd. to meet at Wash., D. C., during the exam. of Lt. Col. A. L. Rhoades, SC, only, vice Maj. J. F. Lieberman, MC, and Maj. H. W. Kinderman, MC, relieved as medical examiners and witnesses during this exam. only. (Feb. 3.)

**Veterinary Corps**  
1st Lt. C. S. Greer, from duty at Ft. Bliss, Tex., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail April 9 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

**FINANCE DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. R. L. CARMICHAEL, C. OF F.  
1st Lt. R. S. Moore, from duty as property auditor, S. F., Calif., sail May 27 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. J. P. Tillman, from duty at hq., 6th CA, Chicago, Ill., proceed to Ft. Snelling, Minn., report cmdg. offr., Ft. Snelling, Minn., for duty as finance offr.; thence proceed to Ft. Omaha, Nebr., for station, report as finance officer. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. L. P. Woorall, from duty in office of Ch. of Finance, Wash., D. C., proceed to N. Y. C., sail May 26 for S. F., Calif., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Order amended to read: Capt. L. P. Woorall, upon arrival S. F., Calif., proceed to Ft. Douglas, Utah. (Feb. 3.)

**ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. SAMUEL HOF, C. OF O.  
Col. J. W. Joyes, proceed to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., for treatment. (Jan. 31.)

**SIGNAL CORPS**  
MAJ. GEN. G. S. GIBBS, C. OF SC  
Lt. Col. S. C. McGill, assigned to duty at S. F. gen. depot, Ft. Mason, Calif., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. H. J. Adams, from duty at Presidio of S. F., Calif., report cmdg. gen. 9th CA, for duty with SC at his hq.

## Status of Promotion in Service

## NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Feb. 6, 1931

Rear Adm. E. B. Fenner, Capt. Thomas Withers, Comdr. C. J. Bright, Lt. Comdr. C. D. Leffler, Jr., Lt. F. A. Edwards, Lt. (jg) E. O. Davis.

**Medical Corps**  
Rear Adm. Ammen Farenholt, Capt. F. X. Koltes, Comdr. G. W. Calver, Lt. Comdr. J. B. Logue, Lt. H. O. Cozby, Jr.

**Dental Corps**  
Comdr. E. E. Harris, Lt. Comdr. R. H. Fladeland, Lt. W. R. Burns.

**Supply Corps**  
Rear Adm. J. J. Cheatham, Capt. F. E. McMillen, Comdr. F. C. Bowerfind, Lt. Comdr. J. D. Boyle, Lt. E. T. Stewart, Jr., Lt. (jg) L. L. Lindenmayer.

**Chaplain Corps**  
Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. J. M. Hester, Lt. R. B. Drinan.

**Construction Corps**  
Rear Adm. G. H. Rock, Capt. L. S. Border, Comdr. F. G. Crisp, Lt. Comdr. T. P. Wynkoop, Lt. E. E. Sprung.

**Civil Engineer Corps**  
Rear Adm. F. T. Chambers, Capt. C. D. Thurber, Comdr. Gaylord Church, Lt. Comdr. H. S. Bear, Lt. H. A. Bolles.

## USMC PROMOTION STATUS

Feb. 6, 1931

Last Commissioned Will make number in grade indicated on next vacancy.

**Colonel**  
C. F. Williams P. F. Archer

**Lieutenant Colonel**  
W. C. Wise H. B. Pratt

**Major**  
G. C. Hamner J. T. Moore

**Captain**  
R. H. Schubert T. R. Pugh

**First Lieutenant**  
H. C. Waterman L. F. Narum

## CORPS AREA

## FIRST CORPS AREA

Hq., Boston, Mass.

Col. Hugh H. Hughes, Ch. of Staff  
MAJ. GEN. FOX CONNOR  
Maj. C. W. Gallaher, FA, Commonwealth Armory, Boston, Mass., proceed to places listed below in order named on temp. duty for purpose of conducting the Annual Armory Inspection of units of Marine National Guard, and upon completion return to proper station:

Btry. B, 152nd FA, Caribou, Me., April 13; Btry. C, 162nd FA, Ft. Fairfield, Me., April 14; Btry. A, 152nd FA, Presque Isle, Me., April 15; Hq. Btry. and C Tn., 1st Bn., 152nd FA, Houlton, Me., April 16; Hq. 1st Bn., 152nd FA, Houlton, Me., April 16; Serv. Btry., 152nd FA, Old Town, Me., April 18; Band, 152nd FA, Old Town, Me., April 18; Hq. Btry. and C Tn., 2nd Bn., 152nd FA, Bar Harbor, Me., April 20; Btry. E, 152nd FA, Brewer, Me., April 21; Hq. 152nd FA, Bangor, Me., April 22; Hq. Btry., 152nd FA, Bangor, Me., April 22; Hq. 2nd Bn., 152nd FA, Bangor, Me., April 23; Btry. D, 152nd FA, Bangor, Me., April 23; Btry. F, 152nd FA, Bangor, Me., April 24.

Maj. J. B. Martin, CAC, detailed a member of bd. of offrs., to meet Jan. 15, for purpose of exam. candidates for Federal recognition and promotion in the New Hampshire NG, vice Maj. F. J. Abbott, 172nd FA, relieved.

Leave of absence for 22 days, Feb. 2, to Lt. Col. A. D. Budd, FA, Instr. NG troops, State Armory, Hartford, Conn.  
1st Lt. J. F. Pichel, 9th CA, Ft. Banks, Mass., proceed to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., for treatment.

Lt. Col. R. B. Lincoln, AC, will conduct the Annual Armory Inspection of the following units of Mass. NG:

Hq. 26th Div. Aviation, South Armory, Boston, Mass., April 17; 101st Obs. Sqdn., South Armory, Boston, Mass., April 17; 101st Photo Sect., South Armory Boston, Mass., April 18.

(Feb. 3.)  
Lt. Col. A. L. Rhoades, report in person to Army ret. bd. at Wash., D. C., for exam. by bd. (Feb. 3.)

**CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE**  
MAJ. GEN. H. L. GILCHRIST, C. OF CWS  
1st Lt. R. H. Tate, from duty as instr., Cav. Sch., from duty at Ft. Riley, Kans., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail Sept. 10 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

## CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. G. V. HENRY, C. OF CAV.  
Capt. W. T. Caussett, from duty at Ft. Meade, S. Dak., assigned to 9th Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans. (Feb. 3.)

1st Lt. W. L. Barriger, from duty at N. Y. gen. depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., sail April 8 for Europe, proceed to Paris, France, report offr. in charge pilgrimage of mothers and widows to the cemeteries of Europe. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. J. C. Daly, from duty as instr., Command and Gen. St. Sch., Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., proceed to N. Y. C., report April 15, 1931, to offr. in charge of pilgrimage port of embarkation, N. Y. C., for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe. (Jan. 31.)

## ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since Jan. 30, 1931.

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Carl C. Jones, QMC, No. 10, Page 158, Jan. 1, 1930, Promotion List. Last nomination—Alfred J. Booth, AGD. Vacancies.—One. Officer entitled—Sydney Smith, Inf. Senior Lt. Col. if vacancy were filled—Joseph A. Marmon, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Emil P. Pierson, Cav., No. 587, Page 160. Last nomination—Henry H. Arnold, AC. Vacancies.—One. Officer entitled—Walter R. Wheeler, Inf. Senior Maj. if vacancy were filled—George F. N. Dailey, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Maj.—Orsen E. Paxton, Inf., No. 2312, Page 166. Last nomination—William A. McAdam, Inf. Vacancies.—One. Officer entitled—Frederick L. Black, QMC. Senior Capt. if vacancy were filled—Bert M. Lennon, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Capt.—Guy H. Gale, AC, No. 5710, Page 178. Last nomination—Alfred J. Lyon, AC. Vacancies.—One. Officer entitled—Harold L. Clark, AC. Senior 1st Lt. if vacancy were filled—Sam L. Ellis, AC.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Donald J. Bailey, CAC, No. 8433, Page 188. Last nomination—William N. Gilmore, FA. Vacancies.—One. Officer entitled—Hubert W. Ketchum, jr., Cav. Senior 2nd Lt. if vacancy were filled—Marcel G. Crombez, Inf.

## NATIONAL GUARD

## WASHINGTON

Upon the recommendation of the Comdg. Officer, 41st Div. Aviation, 2nd Lt. George E. Hallett, 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, will make a cross-country flight from Parkwater to Tacoma, Wash. (Municipal Airport), and return.

Upon the recommendation of the Comdg. Officer, 41st Div. Aviation, 2nd Lt. Lawrence S. Heral, 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, will make a cross-country flight from Parkwater to Pasco, Wash. (Municipal Airport), and return.

In accordance with par. 2, Nat'l. Guard Reg. No. 46, and pursuant to prov. of par. 11, Personnel Orders No. 9, Office of the Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C., dated Jan. 12, announcement is hereby made of the qualification of 2nd Lt. W. C. Close, 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, as Airplane Pilot.

In accordance with par. 2, Nat'l. Guard Reg. No. 46, and pursuant to prov. of par. 15, Personnel Orders No. 9, Office of the Chief of AC, Wash., D. C., Jan. 12 announcement is made of the qualification of 1st Lt. W. G. Foster, 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, as Airplane Pilot.

In accordance with par. 2, Nat'l. Guard Reg. No. 46, and pursuant to prov. of par. 13, Personnel Orders No. 9, Office of the Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C., Jan. 12, announcement is made of the qualification of 2nd Lt. R. F. Gleason 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, as Airplane Pilot.

In accordance with par. 2, Nat'l. Guard Reg. No. 46, and pursuant to prov. of par. 7, Personnel Orders No. 9, Office of the Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C., Jan. 12, announcement is made of the qualification of 2nd Lt. R. F. Gleason 116th Observation Sqdn., 41st Div. Aviation, as Airplane Pilot.

Col. W. A. Austin, from detail in OR, 3rd CA, from duty with 62nd Cav. Div., Towson, Md., assigned to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. D. A. Russell, Tex. (Jan. 31.)

Col. Gordon Johnston, from duty as military attache, Mexico City, Mexico, assigned to 6th Cav., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., proceed to Ft. Oglethorpe, Aug. 1, for duty with regiment to which assigned. (Feb. 2.)

Maj. H. M. Estes, placed on duty requiring him to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights for purpose of study and operation of tactical maneuvers and AC problems in connection with course of instr. at AC Tactical School, Langley Fld., Hampton, Va. (Feb. 3.)

## FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. H. G. BISHOP, C. OF FA  
1st Lt. W. L. Coughlin, from duty at FA Sch., on completion of pres. course of instr., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail July 15, for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. G. P. Privett, detailed at Univ. of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 30.)

Maj. J. C. Wyeth, from duty at Univ. of Mo., Columbia, Mo., proceed to N. Y. C., report April 15, to offr. in charge of pilgrimage port of embarkation, for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe. (Jan. 31.)

2nd Lt. J. K. Gibson, 2nd Lt. B. P. (Please turn to Next Page)

## NAVY ORDERS

Jan. 29, 1931

Rear Adm. H. H. Christy, det. command Trng. Sqd., Setg. Force; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. C. C. Bloch, det. duty as Comdt., Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.; to command Trng. Sqd., Setg. Force.

Capt. Conant Taylor, ors. Oct. 17 modified. To command Subm. Div. 14. On April 1, 1931, title be changed to Comdr., Subm. Div. 3.

Capt. J. K. Taussig, det. command USS Maryland; to Battleship Divs., Battle Flt., for duty as Chief of Staff.

Comdr. Stephen Doherty, det. Off. in Chg., Branch Hydrographic Office, New York, N. Y.; to duty as Off. in Chg., Naval Reserve Division, 3rd Naval Dist.

Comdr. H. B. Kelly, det. USS Cincinnati; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. R. P. P. Meclowski, relieved from all active duty; to home.

Lt. W. P. Davis, det. VS Sqd. 9S (USS Chester), about June 20; to USS Arizona.

Lt. W. M. Downes, det. Subm. Div. 2; to Subm. Div. 9.

Lt. D. W. Harrigan, det. Naval Air Sta., Hampton Rds., Va.; to Rigid Airship Trng. and Experimental Sqd., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. (jg) A. F. Anders, det. USS Denver; to Asiatic Sta.

Lt. C. L. Biery (SC), det. Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; to Naval Supply Depot, San Diego, Calif.

Ch. Pay Ck. P. E. Brusky, ors. Jan. 22 modified. To Rec. Sta., Phila. Pa.

Asiatic Despatch Orders, Jan. 27, 1931

Lt. (jg) N. C. Barker, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Lt. (jg) M. A. Hufty, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Lt. (jg) J. F. Walsh, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Lt. (jg) T. L. Mayo, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Lt. (jg) G. A. Leahey, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Lt. (jg) H. T. Deutermann, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Ens. E. C. Carusi, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Ens. J. T. White, to Dest. Sqd. 15, Asiatic Flt.

Ens. A. A. Aichel, det. USS Edsall; to U. S.

Lt. Comdr. Bertram Groesbeck (MC), det. USS Houston; to USS Canopus.

Lt. Comdr. W. P. Blake, to add'l. duty Dest. Sqd. 15.

Lt. (jg) E. B. Hoag (DC), det. USS Houston; to 16th Nav. Dist.

Lt. Comdr. J. A. Byrne, to add'l. duty Dest. Sqd. 15.

Mach. S. B. Exell, det. USS Heron; to treatment, Nav. Hosp., U. S.

Mach. E. R. Hinson, ors. Jan. 3 revoked; to USS Heron.

Lt. (jg) J. B. Maher, det. USS Stewart; to U. S.

Lt. (jg) W. R. Shaw, det. USS S-39; to treatment, Nav.

Lt. (jg) T. J. Flynn, det. USS Peary; to U. S.

Lt. (jg) C. S. Seabring, det. Mine Detachment, Asiatic Flt.; to U. S.

Lt. (jg) A. M. Kemper, det. USS Palos; to U. S.

Lt. (jg) W. D. Irvin, det. USS Pittsburgh; to USS Houston.

Lt. (jg) B. N. Wev, ors. Jan. 2 revoked; to continue duty USS Pittsburgh.

Lt. (jg) Newlin Neuhauser, det. USS Pillsbury; to USS Pittsburgh.

Lt. (jg) D. B. Coleman, det. USS Pittsburgh; to USS Pillsbury.

Lt. (jg) L. M. Matthews, to USS Simpson.

Lt. (jg) H. F. Ripley, to USS MacLeish.

Jan. 30, 1931

Capt. J. S. Abbott, det. command USS Medusa about April 1; to duty as Governor of Guam and Comdt., Naval Station, Guam.

Capt. Robert Morris, det. command USS Rigel about Jan. 28; to command USS Maryland.

Capt. T. H. Taylor, det. 3rd Nav. Dist.; to duty as Off. in Chg., Br. Hydrographic Office, New York, N. Y.

Comdr. C. L. Best, det. command USS Badger; to USS Arizona.

Comdr. W. W. Bradley, Jr., det. duty as Governor of Guam about May 15; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. C. M. Elder, det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., after June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. H. G. Gearing, Jr., det. USS Salt Lake City about May 10; to Bu. Nav.

Comdr. H. F. Glover, det. USS Utah; to USS Arkansas.

Comdr. L. J. Gulliver, det. USS Rochester; to command USS Kittery.

Comdr. Jules James, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Hampton Rds., Va., about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. J. D. Maloney, det. Asst. Insp. of Naval Mat'l, New York, N. Y.; to command USS Badger.

Comdr. W. F. Newton, det. USS Arkansas about May 10; to Hydrographic Office, Navy Dept.

Comdr. P. W. Northcroft, det. Naval Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

(Please turn to Next Page)



## ARMY ORDERS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Heiser, and 2nd Lt. J. C. Stickler, from pres. duty proceed to S. F., Calif., sail July 15, for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. G. S. Baurket, assigned to 6th FA, Ft. Hoyle, Md., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 31.)

Lt. Col. B. M. Bailey, detailed as a member of Army ret. bd. to meet at hq., 4th CA, Ft. McPherson, Ga. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. R. E. Anderson, proceed to Governors Island, N. Y., report Army ret. bd. at hq., 2nd CA, for exam. by bd. (Jan. 31.)

## COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. W. GULICK, C. OF CA.  
Maj. R. N. Perley, detailed in IGD, July 1, from duty at QMC Subsistence Sch., Chicago, Ill., proceed to Omaha, Nebr., 7th CA, for duty. (Jan. 31.)  
Maj. J. P. Smith, from duty with 12th CA, Ft. Monroe, Va., proceed to Newport, R. I., July 1, report to pres. Naval War College for duty as stu. in 1931-32 course. (Feb. 3.)

## INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. S. O. FUQUA, C. OF INF.  
Capt. W. L. Mitchell, assigned to duty at Ft. Benning, Ga., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 30.)  
Capt. C. H. Sargent, detailed to duty as instr. of Inf., Fla. NG, Orlando, Fla., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 30.)

1st Lt. G. A. Hadsell, assigned to 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. R. W. Oder and 2nd Lt. G. H. Lawrence, from pres. duty, proceed to N. Y. C., sail March 18 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

2nd Lt. R. T. Nelson, from duty at Ft. Omaha, Nebr., proceed to S. F., Calif., April 9, sail for Hawaiian Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. J. D. Frederick, 1st Lt. A. J. Monger, and 2nd Lt. J. M. Ivey, from pres. duty, proceed to N. Y. C., sail May 5 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. A. F. Haymes and 2nd Lt. E. E. Enger, from pres. duty, proceed to S. F., Calif., sail May 2 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. E. V. Cutrer, detailed in IGD, July 1, from duty at Harvard Univ., Cambridge, Mass., proceed to place appointed for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Col. W. E. Hunt, detailed in IGD, assigned to duty with IGD, 5th CA, Ft. Hayes, Ohio, for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Order relating to Maj. T. M. Chambliss, revoked. (Feb. 2.)

Maj. C. W. Thomas, from duty with 35th Inf., Schofield Bks., T. H., Oct. 11, report cmdg gen., Hawaiian Dept., for duty with GSC. (Feb. 2.)

Capt. Raymond Orr, assigned to duty at Ft. Benning, Ga., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Feb. 3.)

## AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. B. FECHET, C. OF AC  
2nd Lt. G. J. Eppright, from duty as stu. at AC Technical Sch., on completion of pres. course of instr., from duty at Chanute Fld., Ill., proceed to N. Y. C., sail Aug. 19 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. W. J. Reed, from duty as stu. at AC Tactical Sch., on completion of pres. course of instr., from duty at Chanute Fld., Ill., proceed to N. Y. C., sail Aug. 19 for Philippine Dept., for duty. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. A. I. Eagle, having been fd. by Army ret. bd. incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement from active service, July 31, announced. (Jan. 31.)

2nd Lt. A. J. Mandelbaum, from detail in, from duty at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., assigned to SC, 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (Jan. 31.)

2nd Lt. J. H. Murrell, AC, from detail in AC, from duty at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., assigned to Inf., 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. T. W. Blackburn, detailed to duty as instr., 26th Div. Aviation, Tex. NG, station at Houston, Tex., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service. (Jan. 31.)

Maj. J. D. Reardon, from duty at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, proceed to Newport, R. I., July 1, report July 1, to pres. Naval War College, for duty as stu. in 1931-32 course. (Jan. 31.)

## LEAVES

Two months, April 17, to Maj. J. P. Dinsmore, JAGD. (Jan. 30.)

Two months, April 17, to 1st Lt. A. G. Trudeau, CE. (Jan. 30.)

Two months, June 20, to Maj. A. W. Roffe, Cav. (Jan. 30.)

Two days, Jan. 31, to Lt. Col. J. B. Richardson, AGD. (Jan. 31.)  
One day, Feb. 2, to Lt. Col. W. S. Fulton, GSC. (Jan. 31.)

Two months, Aug. 22, to Maj. H. B. Keen, Inf. (Jan. 31.)

Two months, Feb. 6, to Capt. Everett Busch, FA. (Jan. 31.)

Two months, 15 days, on arrival U. S., to Capt. F. P. Simpson, Inf. (Jan. 31.)

Three months, on arrival U. S., to 2nd Lt. G. W. Hickman, Jr., Inf. (Jan. 31.)

Extension, 20 days, to Capt. A. L. Littell, QMC. (Feb. 2.)

Two months, April 17, to Capt. P. W. Ricamore, Inf. (Feb. 2.)

Extension, 2 days, to 1st Lt. E. W. Kelley, Inf. (Feb. 3.)

One month, 27 days, July 1, to 1st Lt. G. A. Hadsell, Inf. (Feb. 3.)

## PROMOTIONS

Signal Corps  
Capt. R. G. Forsythe, to Maj.  
2nd Lt. R. E. Burns, to 1st Lt.

Quartermaster Corps  
Lt. Col. C. C. Jones, to Col.

Cavalry  
Lt. Col. R. W. Walker, to Col.

Field Artillery  
Maj. W. D. Geary, to Lt. Col.

2nd Lt. G. H. McManus, Jr., to 1st Lt.

Coast Artillery Corps  
2nd Lt. D. J. Bailey, to 1st Lt.

Infantry  
Capt. O. E. Paxton, to Maj.

1st Lt. F. H. Jack, Jr., to Capt.

2nd Lt. M. C. Noble, to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. L. F. Kengla, Jr., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. J. A. Hall, to 1st Lt.

Air Corps  
1st Lt. G. W. Polk, Jr., to Capt.

1st Lt. D. M. Myers, to Capt.

1st Lt. A. W. Marrison, to Capt.

1st Lt. G. H. Gale, to Capt.

Dental Corps  
Capt. C. C. Olsen, to Maj.

## RESIGNATIONS

The resignation by Capt. Sheeley Roper, CAC, of his commission in the Army is accepted by the President. (Jan. 31.)

## WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Cleveland Elkins, from treatment at Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., return to proper station, Ft. Hayes, Ohio. (Feb. 3.)

## Orders to Enlisted Men

The following enlisted men of Cavalry will be sent from station indicated after name, Feb. 1, to Cav. Sch., for duty as stu. in advanced horseshoer's course beginning Feb. 16 and ending June 13: Pvt. G. E. Taylor, Ft. D. A. Russell, Tex.; Pvt. V. E. Craig, Ft. Myer, Va.; Pvt. L. M. Romiglio, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.; Pvt. Leon Stevens, Ft. Clark, Tex.; Pvt. C. B. Hudson, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.; Pvt. Henry Praast, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; Pvt. S. P. Radulski, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; Pvt. R. M. Reed, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; Pvt. Andrew Fletcher, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; Pvt. F. A. Thieson, Pres. of Monterey, Calif.; Pvt. M. B. War, Ft. Brown, Tex.; Pvt. Michael Stegena, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; Pvt. L. M. Chicoski, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa; Pvt. V. L. Simmons, Ft. Sheridan, Ill. (Jan. 31.)

## Retirement of Enlisted Men

Mstr. Sgt. A. G. Phillips, hq. Battery and Combat Train, 1st Bn., 5th FA, placed on ret. list at Ft. Bragg, N. C., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

Mstr. Sgt. W. H. Wiggins, Inf., placed on ret. list at Jefferson Bks., Mo., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 31.)

## War Mother's Pilgrimage

The following officers from assignment to organization indicated and from duty at station specified, proceed to N. Y. C., sail April 8 for Europe, proceed to Paris, France, report in person to offr. in charge pilgrimage of mothers and widows, for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe:

Capt. William Hesketh, 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; Capt. W. C. Louisell, 12th Inf., Ft. Washington, Md.; Capt. Remington Orsinger, 4th Inf., Ft. George Wright, Wash.; Capt. W. H. Quarterman, 1st FA, Ft. Hoyle, Md.; 1st Lt. J. C. Fry, 26th Inf., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.; 1st Lt. E. V. Kerr, 5th FA, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; 1st Lt. W. C. Lucas, 8th Inf., Ft. Moultrie, S. C.; 1st Lt. H. C. Mewshaw, 7th Cav., Ft. Bliss, Tex.; 1st Lt. C. E. Morrison, 8th Cav., Ft. Bliss, Tex.; 2nd Lt. B. M. Greeley, 6th Inf., Jefferson Bks., Mo.; 2nd Lt. J. L. Grier, 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.; 2nd Lt. N. J. Wiley, 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga. (Jan. 31.)

The following from assignment and duties as instr., NG, at station indicated after name, proceed to N. Y. C., sail April 8 for Europe, proceed to Paris, France, report to offr. in charge pilgrimage of mothers and widows for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows.

Maj. R. C. Rutherford, FA, Tex. NG, Abilene, Tex.; 1st Lt. J. S. Robinson, CAC, Mass. NG, Boston, Mass. (Jan. 31.)

The following from duty at station specified proceed to N. Y. C., report April 15 to offr. in charge pilgrimage port of embarkation, N. Y. C., for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe: Capt. Everett Busch, Ft. Benning, Ga.; Capt. A. J. Frink, 34th Inf., Ft. Eustis, Va.; Capt. W. H. Maris, Ft. Myer, Va. (Jan. 31.)

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## NAVY ORDERS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Comdr. R. A. Spruance, det. USS Mississippi; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. T. A. Thomsen, Jr., det. USS Arizona; to Naval Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Comdr. C. G. West, det. USS Detroit about March 20; to USS Omaha.

Lt. Comdr. H. D. Bode, title changed to Comdr., Subm. Div. 7, effective April 1.

Lt. Comdr. M. J. Connolly, det. USS Omaha about March 20; to USS Detroit.

Lt. Comdr. A. R. Early, det. USS California about March 2; to Naval Operations, Navy Department.

Lt. Comdr. S. M. Gambrill, det. USS Luce about Jan. 22; to USS Ramsay.

Lt. Comdr. E. B. Gibson, relieved from all active duty after March 10; to home.

Lt. Comdr. H. R. Hein, relieved from all active duty after April 1; to home.

Lt. Comdr. R. J. Jondreau, det. aide on staff, Flt. Base Force; to Bu. Eng.

Lt. Comdr. E. H. Jones, det. USS Twigg about March 20; to USS Crowninshield.

Lt. Comdr. C. A. Lockwood, Jr., det. Naval Mission to Brazil as of Jan. 31, 1931; to leave of absence until March 5 and upon expiration to duty USS California.

Lt. Comdr. H. J. Nelson, title changed to aide on staff, Comdr., Subm. Force, U. S. Flt., effective April 1.

Lt. Comdr. L. F. Small, title changed to aide on staff, Comdr., Subm. Force, U. S. Flt.

Lt. J. L. Albice, det. USS Detroit about March 20; to USS Omaha.

Lt. N. W. Bard, title changed to division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 4.

Lt. F. V. Barker, det. USS Alden; to duty as Asst. Dist. Commun. Officer, Cordova (Eyak), Alaska.

Lt. T. O. Cullins, Jr., ors. Nov. 12 modified. To USS Tarbell.

Lt. C. B. McVay, 3rd, det. USS Ramsey; to Office of Naval Intelligence.

Lt. P. G. Nichols, det. Subm. Div. 2; to Subm. Div. 9.

Lt. R. P. Noisat, det. USS Henderson about Jan. 19; to command USS Tern.

Lt. J. L. Nolan, det. USS R-13; to USS Henderson.

Lt. R. R. Osborn, Jr., det. aide and flag lieutenant on staff, Control Force; to Subm. Force, U. S. Flt.

Lt. J. T. Talbert, ors. Nov. 1 modified. To USS Crowninshield.

Lt. W. C. Theimer, det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., about Jan. 30; to USS Colorado.

Lt. M. P. Wilson, det. command USS Tern; to USS West Virginia.

Lt. (jg) J. O. Banks, Jr., det. USS Denver; to Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) W. C. Bryson, det. USS Denver; to USS Bernadot.

Lt. (jg) D. H. Collins, det. USS Babbitt about May 1; to Office, Naval Communications.

Lt. (jg) C. W. Parker, det. USS Denver; to USS Biddle.

Lt. (jg) R. L. Perry, det. USS Saratoga about June 1; to Office of Judge Adv. Gen., Navy Dept.

Ens. C. F. Phillips, det. USS Oklahoma about Feb. 14; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) R. A. Lowry (DC), ors. Jan. 16 modified. To Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Lt. Comdr. S. P. Vaughn (SC), det. USS Aroostook; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. Comdr. P. W. Hains (CC), title changed to aide on staff, Comdr., Subm. Force, U. S. Flt.

Ch. Gnr. William Cronan, ors. Nov. 15 revoked; det. USS Altair; to continue treatment, Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Ch. Gnr. Erich Richter, det. Nav. Ammun. Depot, Mare Is., Calif., about March 1; to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif. Jan. 31, 1931

Capt. L. C. Kalbfus, det. duty as chief of staff, Battleship Divs., Battle Flt.; to treatment, Naval Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Comdr. A. W. Rieger, det. USS Memphis; to treatment at the nearest U. S. Nav. Hosp. north of Charleston, S. C.

Comdr. R. C. Smith, det. Naval Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., about Feb. 1; to USS Memphis.

Lt. Comdr. L. R. Brown, det. USS Ogala; to 5th Nav. Dist.

Lt. Comdr. O. L. Downes, det. command USS Southard; to Naval Trng. Sta., Hampton Rds., Va.

Lt. Comdr. J. W. Gates, det. command USS Roper; to University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. C. M. Hall, det. command USS Aaron Ward; to 11th Nav. Dist.

Lt. Comdr. G. C. Hitchcock, title changed to division commander, Subm. Div. 6.

Lt. Comdr. H. J. Redfield, det. USS Omaha; to Bu. Eng.

Lt. Comdr. J. H. Taylor, det. duty Navy

Yard, Phila., Pa.; to treatment, Nav. Hosp., League Is., Phila., Pa.

Lt. J. L. Canoose, title changed; to division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 2.

Lt. J. L. Dingwell, title changed to division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 3.

Lt. W. D. Leggett, det. USS V-2 about April 10; to Bu. Eng.

Lt. J. C. Lester, title changed to division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 6, effective April 1.

Lt. Christopher Noble, title changed to Subm. Force, U. S. Flt., as aide on staff, effective April 1.

Lt. W. S. Price, desp. ors. Dec. 5 modified. To division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 14. Title changed to division engineer officer, Subm. Div. 3, effective April 1, 1931.

Lt. E. H. Tillman, Jr., det. USS Nevada about May 1; to 6th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) R. de C. Baker, det. USS Luce; to USS Sapelo. Ors. Jan. 24, revoked.

Lt. (jg) W. H. Beers, Jr., det. USS V-4 about Jan. 29; to USS New York.

Lt. (jg) E. E. Berthold, ors. Jan. 6 revoked. Det. USS Fulton about Feb. 10; to USS Niagara.

Lt. (jg) F. C. Camp, det. USS Fulton about Feb. 10; to USS Niagara. Ors. Jan. 6 revoked.

Lt. (jg) J. W. Hager, det. USS Niagara; to USS Fulton. Ors. Jan. 6 revoked.

Lt. (jg) Frederick Mackle, Jr., det. USS Sapelo; to U. S. Naval Dispensary, Naval Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Lt. (jg) J. F. Mallach, det. Naval Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Jan. 26; to Asiatic Station.

Ens. C. C. Morgan, det. USS Mississippi about Jan. 27; to resignation accepted effective Jan. 27, 1931.

Ens. D. F. Stillman, det. USS Idaho about Jan. 31; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) M. R. Wirthlin (MC), det. Na- fornia; to resignation accepted effective March 31, 1931.

Ens. R. W. Wood, det. USS Idaho about Jan. 31; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) M. R. Wirthlin (MC), det. Naval Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; to USS Brazos.

Ch. Gnr. H. C. Adams, relieved from all active duty; to home.

Ch. Gnr. Erich Richter, det. Naval Ammun. Depot, Mare Is., Calif., about March 1; to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Ch. Mach. J. M. D. Knowles, ors. Jan. 21 revoked; to continue duty USS Lexington.

Ch. Mach. John Reber, to duty USS Cincinnati.

Elec. R. W. Miller, det. USS V-3 about April 1; to Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Elec. G. L. Van Slyke, det. Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H., about March 1; to USS California.

Ch. Pay Ck. W. A. Joyce, ors. Jan. 23 revoked; to continue duty USS Seattle.

Pay Ck. C. W. Harvey, det. USS Denver; to Asiatic Station.

Feb. 2, 1931  
Comdr. J. C. Van de Carr, title changed to comdr., Subm. Div. 8, effective April 1, 1931. Det. command Subm. Div. 8; to USS Rigel.

Comdr. R. B. Coffman, det. 11th Nav. Dist. about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. G. M. Courts, det. USS Pensacola about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. L. F. Kimball, det. Bu. Eng. about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. I. H. Mayfield, det. as Naval Attache, American Embassy, Santiago, Chile, about March 30; to USS Arizona.

Comdr. W. L. Moore, det. Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. R. C. Needham, det. Hydrographic Office, Navy Dept. about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. J. W. Rankin, det. USS Raleigh about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. F. G. Reinicke, det. Naval Academy about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. P. K. Robottom, title changed to Chief of Staff, Subm. Force, U. S. Flt.

Lt. Comdr. W. C. Barnes, det. USS California; to Naval Intelligence, Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. L. E. Denfeld, to duty Bureau of Navigation.

Lt. Comdr. Clarence Gulbranson, det. USS Utah; to command USS Hamilton.


Lt. (jg) C. M. Winslow, Jr., det. Rec. Ship, New York, N. Y.; to USS Seattle.

Ens. W. J. Hastings, det. USS Tarbell; to USS Lea.

Ens. M. L. Smith, det. USS Long about Jan. 29; to USS Southard.

Ens. J. W. Waterhouse, det. USS Mississippi about Feb. 2; to USS Louisville.

Capt. E. L. Wood (MC), det. Bu. M. & (Please turn to Next Page)



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# U. S. Fleet Directory

Feb. 5, 1931

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

Adm. J. V. Chase, Commander in Chief, USS Texas (flagship), Guantanamo to Cristobal, C. Z.

Address all mail for vessels of Battle Fleet as follows: Battleship Divisions and Carrier Division 2, Care of Postmaster, San Pedro, Calif.; Submarine Divisions, and Destroyer Squadron. Care of Postmaster, San Diego, Calif.

## BATTLE FLEET

Adm. F. H. Schofield, commander in chief, California (flagship), San Pedro, Calif.

### Battleship Divisions

Vice Adm. R. H. Leigh, Commander. Division 3—New York, San Pedro, Calif.; Nevada, Oklahoma, San Pedro, Calif.; Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.; Arizona, Norfolk, Va.

Division 4—Mississippi, San Francisco, Calif.; Idaho, San Pedro, Calif.; New Mexico, San Pedro, Calif.

Division 5—West Virginia, San Pedro; Colorado, San Pedro, Calif.; Maryland, Tennessee, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

### Destroyer Squadrons

Rear Adm. W. H. Standley, Commander. Rigel, San Diego; Omaha, San Diego, Calif.; Melville (tender), San Diego, Calif.; Altair (tender), San Diego, Calif. Squadron 6—Decatur (leader), San Diego, Calif.

Division 15—Trever, Zane, Wasmuth, Perry, San Diego, Calif.

## Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

S.; to aide on staff, U. S. Flt.

Lt. Comdr. T. E. Cox (MC), det. Garde d'Haiti, Port au Prince, Haiti; to U. S. Naval Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. Comdr. H. L. Weer (MC), det. 1st Brigade, U. S. Marines, Port au Prince, Haiti; to duty with Garde d'Haiti, Port au Prince, Haiti.

Lt. (jg) W. E. Kellum (MC), ors. Dec. 27 modified. To Bu M. & S. for duty.

Lt. (jg) Harold Simons (MC), det. USS Arizona; to resignation accepted effective March 22, 1931.

Lt. T. S. Dukeshire (SC), det. USS Florida; to Naval Air Sta., Hampton Rds., Va.

Lt. (jg) J. J. McKinstry (SC), det. USS Florida; to Naval Aircraft Factory, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. Comdr. F. E. Moyer (CHC), det. Rec. Ship, San Francisco; to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Ch. Gun. Le Roy H. Ripley, det. USS Saratoga about Feb. 2; to Naval Ammun. Depot, Mare Island, Calif.

Ch. Pay Clk. J. A. Harris, det. Naval Powder Factory, Indianhead, Md.; to duty with supply officer, Naval Powder Factory, Indianhead, Md.

Ch. Pay Clk. J. J. MacDonald, ors. Jan. 23 revoked; to continue duty USS Cincinnati.

Feb. 3, 1931

Capt. Russell Willson, det. Dest. Sqds., Battle Flt.; to command Dest. Div. 15. When directed by Comdr., Dest. Sqds., Battle Flt.; to command Div. 10, Dest. Sqds., Battle Flt.

Comdr. H. T. Markland, det. command USS Wickes; to Bu. Ord.

Comdr. Archibald McGlasson, det. aide on staff, Battle Flt., about June 1; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. R. M. Griffin, det. USS Colorado; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. E. M. Zacharias, det. Office of Naval Intelligence; to command USS Dorsey.

Lt. (jg) W. A. Lent, det. USS R-15; to USS R-14.

Lt. (jg) T. M. McGraw, det. USS Denver; to Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) J. D. Taylor, det. USS R-14; to treatment, Naval Hosp., New York, N. Y.

Lt. (jg) E. K. Walker, det. USS R-8; to USS R-15.

Lt. (jg) H. P. Richards (SC), det. USS Uphur; to USS Lexington.

A. P. C. J. W. Williams, to duty USS Medusa.

Pay Clk. H. H. Hofmann, relieved from all active duty; to home.

Lt. Comdr. A. E. Neely (MC), USN, died Jan. 28, 1931, at Naval Hosp., League Island, Phila., Pa.

Feb. 4, 1931

Comdr. B. V. McCandlish, det. USS Maryland; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. H. V. McKittrick, det. Insp. of Ord. in Chg., Naval Ammun. Depot, St. Juliens Creek, Va.; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. F. H. Roberts, det. command USS Altair about May 15; to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

## Ammunition for NG Units

The Chief of the Militia Bureau, Maj. Gen. William G. Everson, has authorized the issue of 12,000 rounds of special rifle ammunition to each state training a team for the National Matches this year which will be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, in September. This ammunition will be shipped direct from Frankford Arsenal, Penn., on requisitions from the states.

Division 37—Chandler, Southard, Hovey, San Diego, Calif.; Long, Mare Island, Calif.

Division 45—Hulbert, Wm. B. Preston, San Diego, Calif.; Preble, San Diego, Calif.; Noa, San Diego, Calif.

Division 46—Broome, Alden, Sicard, San Diego; Pruitt, San Diego, Calif.

Squadron 10—Litchfield (leader), San Diego, Calif.

Division 11—Dorsey, Lea, Roper, San Diego, Calif.; Elliott, San Diego, Calif.; Buchanan, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

Division 12—Dent, Aaron Ward, Waters, Rathburn, Talbot, San Diego, Calif.

Division 14—Tattnall, Badger, Babbitt, San Diego, Calif.; Jacob Jones, Mare Island, Calif.; Twigg, San Diego, Calif.

Division 33—Upshur, San Diego; Tarbell, Greer, San Diego; Yarnall, San Diego, Calif.

### Carrier Divisions

Rear Adm. J. M. Reeves, Commander. Carrier Division 2—Saratoga, Lexington, San Pedro; Gannett, Langley, San Diego, Calif.

### Carrier Division 1

(Operating with Scouting Fleet.) Capt. F. J. Horne, Commander. Wright, to Cristobal; Sandpiper, Teal, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

### Submarine Division 20

Holland (flagship and tender), San Diego; Ortolan (tender), San Diego; V-1, V-2, V-3, San Diego; V-4, San Diego to Balboa; V-6, San Diego.

### Mine Squadron 1

Rear Adm. George T. Pettingill, Commander. Oglala (flagship), Boston to Canal Zone.

Division 1—Lansdale, Philadelphia, Pa.; Luce, Boston, Mass.; Ramsay, Gamble, San Diego, Calif.

Division 2—Tanager, Whippoorwill, San Diego, Calif.; Lark, Quail, Boston, to Canal Zone.

### BASE FORCE

Rear Adm. W. D. MacDougall, Commander. Aroostook, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.; Argonne (flagship of Adm. MacDougall), San Pedro, Calif.; Procyon, San Pedro, Calif.

Train Squadron 1—Antares, Vestal, Brazos, to Canal Zone; Bridge, Guantanamo Bay, to Hampton Roads.

Train Squadron 2—Relief San Pedro, Calif.; Neches, San Pedro; Medusa, San Pedro, Calif.; Cuyama, San Pedro, Calif.; Arctice, San Francisco, Calif.

### SCOUTING FLEET

Vice Adm. A. L. Willard, Commander. Send mail "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

### Training Squadron

Rear Adm. H. H. Christy, Commander. Battleship Division 6—Wyoming (flagship of Adm. Christy), Philadelphia, to New Orleans, La.; Florida, Philadelphia, Pa.; Arkansas (flagship of Adm. Willard), to Canal Zone; Utah, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

### Destroyer Squadron 16

Division 17—Fairfax, Philadelphia, Pa.; Taylor, Jacksonville, Fla.; Hamilton, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.; Claxton, Mare Island, Calif.

Division 48—Wickes, Tampa, Fla.; Philip, Evans, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Tillman, New Bedford, Mass.

### Light Cruiser Divisions

Vice Adm. Geo. R. Marvell, Commander. Division 5—Northampton (flagship of Adm. Marvell), Pensacola, Salt Lake City, Guantanamo to Cristobal; Chester, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Division 2—Memphis, Richmond, Trenton, Marblehead, Guantanamo Bay to Cristobal.

Division 3—Raleigh, Milwaukee, Detroit, to Cristobal; Cincinnati, Boston, Mass.

### Destroyer Squadrons

Rear Adm. W. R. Sexton, Commander. Concord (flagship), Manley, to Canal Zone.

Squadron 7—Dallas, Whitney, Gonaives, to Canal Zone.

## Marine Corps Orders

No changes were announced on Jan. 30 and 31.

Feb. 2, 1931

Maj. A. A. Cunningham, on Feb. 15 detached MB, Washington, D. C., to MB, NYd, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. W. B. Croka, detached Nicaragua National Guard Detachment, to Second Brigade, Nicaragua.

1st Lt. A. L. Gardner, detached Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., for duty, and to Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., for treatment.

1st Lt. J. W. Cunningham, detached Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to MB, Norfolk NYd, Portsmouth, Va., for duty, and to Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va., for treatment.

No changes were announced on Feb. 3, 1931.

Feb. 4, 1931

Brig. Gen. R. H. Dunlap, on Feb. 14, 1931, detached Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to Paris, France.

Maj. John Dixon, detached MB, Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., to Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Ch. Qm. Clk. W. A. Warrell, detached MB, NYd, New York, N. Y., to MB, Quantico, Va.

to Canal Zone.

Division 22—Blakely, Breckenbridge, Biddle, Barney, Hale, to Canal Zone.

Division 23—J. Fred Talbott, Ellis, Bernadou, Cole, Canal Zone; Dupont, Norfolk, Va.

Squadron 14—Hopkins, Dobbin, Canal Zone.

Division 40—Gilmer, Childs, Barry, Williamson, Canal Zone.

Division 42—Dickerson, Schenck, Crowninshield, Herbert, Canal Zone; Leary, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

Destroyers To Be Decommissioned—Sands, J. K. Paulding, King, Philadelphia, Pa.

## CONTROL FORCE

Rear Adm. Thos. C. Hart, Commander Bushnell (flagship) Balboa, C. Z.; Camden, Delaware Breakwater; Chewink, Coco Solo, C. Z.; Mallard, Panama Bay; Seagull, Widgeon, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; Falcon, New London, Conn.; V-5, Panama Bay.

### Submarine Divisions

Division 2—O-8, O-6, O-1, O-3, O-4, O-9, O-10, New London, Conn.

Division 3—S-10, S-11, S-13, S-12, Panama Bay; S-48, Portsmouth, N. H.

Division 4—S-1, S-19, S-21, S-18, S-20, Pearl Harbor; S-22, S-23, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Division 9—R-1, R-3, R-5, R-6, R-7, R-8, R-9, R-10, R-2, R-4, Delaware Breakwater.

Division 11—S-25, S-27, S-28, S-29, Mare Island; S-24, S-26, Pearl Harbor.

Division 12—S-6, S-7, S-3, S-8, S-9, Philadelphia, Pa.

Division 14—R-11, R-12, R-13, R-14, R-15, R-16, R-17, R-18, R-19, R-20, Delaware Breakwater.

Division 18—S-15, S-17, S-14, S-16, Panama Bay.

Division 19—S-42, S-43, S-44, S-45, S-46, S-47, Pearl Harbor.

Eagle Division 1—Eagle 35, Panama Bay; Eagle 58, Coco Solo, C. Z.

## U. S. ASIATIC FLEET

Adm. Chas. B. McVay, Commander in Chief. Pittsburgh (flagship), Manila, P. I.

Send mail to Asiatic Station via Postmaster, Seattle, Wash.

Guam, Chungking; Isabel, Manila, P. I.; Palos, Kiukiang; Monocacy, Kiukiang; Luzon, Hankow, China; Mindanao, Helena, Canton; Pecos, Manila; Oahu, Cheng-linki; Panay, Hankow, Tulsa, Tientsin, China; Tutuila, Ichang, China.

## Destroyer Squadron

Paul Jones (flagship), Manila, P. I.; Black Hawk, Manila, P. I.

Division 38—John D. Edwards, Manila, P. I.; Smith-Thompson, Shanghai; Tracy, Manila; Whipple, Shanghai; Borie, Manila; Barker, Manila, P. I.

Division 30—Simpson, Amoy, China; Bulmer, McCormack, Manila, P. I.; Edsall, Nanking; Parrott, Woosung; McLeish, Nanking, China.

Division 43—Peary, Stewart, John D. Ford, Manila, P. I.; Pope, Pillsbury, Manila, P. I.; Truxton, Manila, P. I.

## Aircraft Squadron

Avocet, Manila, P. I.; Heron, Jason, Manila, P. I.

## Submarine Division

Pigeon, Manila, P. I.

Division 16—Beaver (tender), S-32, S-33, S-34, Manila, P. I.; S-35, S-31, S-30, Manila, P. I.

Division 17—Canopus (tender), S-37, S-38, S-40, S-41, Manila, P. I.; S-36, S-39, Manila, P. I.

## Mine Detachment

Bittern, Finch, Manila, P. I.

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Rear Adm. A. St. Clair Smith, Commander. Fulton, Philadelphia, Pa.; Sacramento, Balboa, C. Z.; Rochester (flagship of Adm. Smith), Cristobal, C. Z.; Denver, Philadelphia, Pa.; Asheville, Corinto, Nic.

## MISCELLANEOUS

Chaumont, Shanghai, China; Hannibal, Gulf of Paria, Venezuela; Hart, San Diego; Henderson, Hampton Roads, Va.; Houston, Honolulu; Kittery, Norfolk, Va.; Lambert, Mare Island; Louisville, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.; Niagara, Philadelphia; Nitro, enroute to Pearl Harbor; Nokomis, Cayo Juan Clara, Cuba; Patoka, Canal Zone; Ramapo, Mare Island; Rizal, San Diego; Salinas, San Pedro to Balboa; Sapelo, Canal Zone; Sirius, Mare Island; Vega, Hampton Roads, Va.

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### The 10th FA Band

THE members of the 10th Field Artillery band laid aside their instruments and went into the theater of action with their regiment during the World War. Their service as stretcher bearers under heavy fire reveals that bandsmen can perform their duty in the danger zone as well as produce music for parade. Military music is necessary to military organizations as a booster of morale and as a means to rhythmic and precise drill. Yet when the band's instruments could not be used in actual conflict, the bandsmen continued, in other channels, to aid the success of our military mission.

A brief history of the 10th FA Band, according to Warrant Officer Manuel Comulada, Bandleader, follows:

The 10th Field Artillery Band was organized as a part of the 10th FA Regiment on June 1, 1917, at Douglass, Ariz. The personnel of the band as in the case of that of the Regiment was created with a nucleus from the 6th FA, and brought to full strength from the early musicians who volunteered for service after war was declared against the Central Powers in April of that same year.

The band, as a part of the newly formed regiment, was mounted, but in Nov., 1917, the regiment and with it the band was changed from horse to light FA.

On March 24, 1918, the band, under the leadership of Bandmaster Nicola Santoche, and Asst. Bandleader L. L. Frank, entrained with the regiment at Douglass, Ariz., for Camp Merritt, N. J., arriving there on the 29th of March in preparation for overseas service with the 3rd FA Brigade, then, as now, a part of the Third Division.

It went to Hoboken and embarked on the USS Tenadores, sailing for France on the 25th, arriving at Bordeaux, France, on May 6, 1918. The 10th FA Band, with its regiment, remained in a rest camp until May 22, when it entrained for Coetquidan Field Artillery training center, where the band performed the usual musical duties until July the 9th. Then the regiment went into position at Chateau Thierry. Here the band exchanged musical instruments for stretchers, performing first aid duty with the hospital unit assigned to the Artillery Brigade during the terrific bombardment by the Germans on July 14th, which was long heralded as the "Peace Offensive." The band, in this, its first war experience, withstood the enemy fire, the bandsmen proudly performing every necessary duty assigned to them.

The band remained with its regiment in the front lines until relieved on August 2 by the 120th FA. The next war experience was the St. Mihiel offensive on Sept. 12, remaining there until relieved again on the 15th, when it marched to Ippecourt. From this time on it was a steady advance chasing the enemy through Montfoucon to the Madeline farm.

Here, in the vicinity of Madeline Farm, was the most disastrous war experience for the band as stretcher bearers where, together with spare gunners and ammunition carriers, the bandsmen grimly busied themselves disposing of dead bodies of Americans and Germans and assisting the helpless wounded, before the 10th field gun carriages could find clear ground for their positions.

No time was to be lost as under the steady fire of the Austrian 88s human beings were being mowed down with pitiless accuracy. This time the bandsmen upheld their contention that they can also be soldiers when necessary.

The band, with the regiment, crossed the Marne to Ligny-Devant-Dun-Fontaine, remaining there until Nov. 11, 1918, when the Armistice was announced. When the news of the Armistice was received, the band once more went into full action with their instruments, playing everywhere and whatever was requested of the Bandleader, Mr. Santoche.

Four days after the Armistice, on Nov. 15, the 10th FA was chosen to

form part of the Army of Occupation, marching to Germany from Nov. 16 to Dec. 17, 1918, when the regiment, with its band of about 45 musicians, arrived at Kruff, a town about 12 miles from Coblenz. Here the 10th FA Band played Christmas Carols on Christmas day for the comfortably billeted regiment, which served in the glorious capacity of conqueror for about eight months.

On August 9th the band left with the regiment for Brest, embarking on the transport Prinz Frederick Wilhelm, Aug. 14, and arriving at Hoboken Aug. 23, from thence to Camp Merritt, N. J., once more. On Aug. 26, after the emergency men were discharged, the remainder of the band left with the regiment for Camp Pike, Ark., arriving Aug. 31, 1919.

From Camp Pike the band, with only a handful of men, departed with what was left of the 10th FA for Ft. Lewis, Wash., on Sept. 15, 1921, where it took up the personnel and instruments of the 16th FA. Since then, up to the present, the bandleaders who have seen service with this band have had the good fortune of upholding the musical efficiency and the veteran dignity of this organization carrying the name of a proud regiment, the Tenth Field Artillery, and the insignia of the Third Division, now stationed at Ft. Lewis, which upheld the traditions of the American Army in the Marne-St. Mihiel and Muese-Argonne operations.

### Menus—Then and Now

THE Christmas Day menus of the 15th Infantry, of 1867 and 1930, show a vast amount of difference. The organization, stationed in 1867 at Ft. Douglas, Utah, subsisted on a Spartan regimen, while the present organization, now at Tientsin China, on Christmas day at least, banqueted in Epicurean fashion. The two menus are reprinted from the *Sentinel*, publication of the 15th Infantry.

#### In 1867

In 1867—Breakfast: Fried potatoes, bread, coffee with milk. Dinner: Roast beef, rutabagas, bread, butter, coffee, bread pudding. Supper: Bread, cold slaw, coffee.

#### In 1930

1930—Breakfast: Fried eggs, pork sausage, cottage fried potatoes, oat meal and milk, buttered toast, bananas and cream, coffee with milk. Dinner: Oyster stew with saltine crackers, roast turkey with dressing and cranberry sauce, baked Virginia ham, roast loin of pork, snow flaked potatoes, giblet gravy, French peas, buttered corn, fruit salad with French dressing, celery hearts, Spanish olives, sweet pickles, chocolate pie, mince pie, Parker House rolls, coconut cake, fruit cake, apples, oranges, bananas, assorted candies, fruit cocktail, mixed nuts, coffee, cigars and cigarettes. Supper: Fried veal chops, spaghetti and tomato sauce, assorted cold meats, tomato salad, French dressing, stewed fruit, apricot jam, hot cinnamon rolls, rye bread and butter, coffee and milk.

### Lectures at AIC

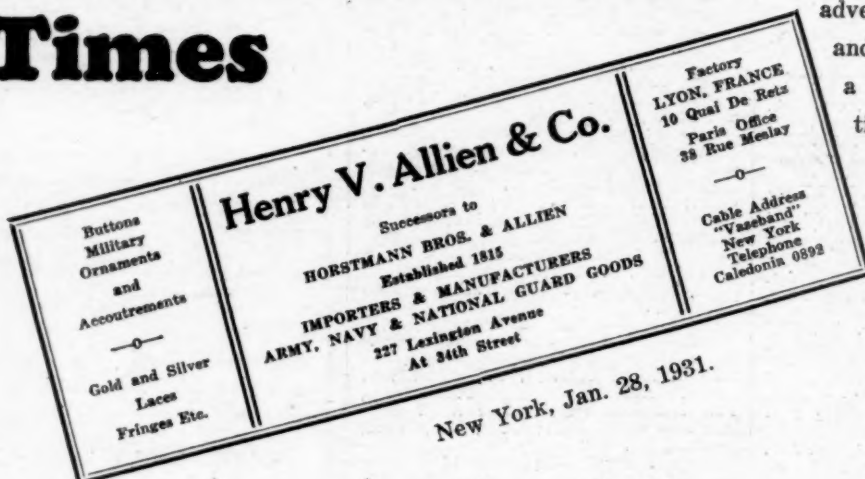
THE schedule for the remainder of the month of February at the Army Industrial College includes several lectures, two motion pictures, and a problem.

On Feb. 17, at 9:15 a. m., Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, Inspector General of the Army, will lecture on "The Organization and Work of an Army General Staff." This lecture will be held at the Army War College, with AIC student officers in attendance.

"Manufacturing Glass Jars," a motion picture, is scheduled for Feb. 20, at 3:45 p. m. On Feb. 24, at 9:15 a. m., Lt. Col. J. K. Crain, Director, Current Procurement Branch, O. A. S. W., will lecture on the "Activities of the Assistant Secretary of War in Current Procurement."

Mr. Raymond B. Dickey, Dean of the American Institute of Banking, Washington, D. C., will lecture on "Contract Law," Feb. 25, at 10:30 a. m. "Budgetary Control," will be the subject of a lecture by Lt. Col. Karl Truesdell, G. S., on Feb. 26, at 9:15 a. m. A moving picture, "The Story of Goodyear" and "Tire Manufacturing," will be presented Feb. 27, at 3:00 p. m.

## Since Civil War Times



New York, Jan. 28, 1931.

Army and Navy Journal,  
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1800 E Street, N. W.,  
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## Personals

**L. T. AND MRS. W. V. DAVIS, CAC,** and small son, Billy, who have been visiting Mrs. Davis' sister and brother-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Wharton, USA, ret., at their home, Miami, Fla., left Friday by motor for Boonville, Miss., to visit Lt. Davis' parents, Dr. and Mrs. Davis, before starting for their station, Ft. McArthur, Calif. Lt. Davis has just returned from Ft. Mills, P. I.

On proposal of the National Committee of the American Dental Association, Comdr. Paul G. White, D. C., USN, has been nominated honorary president of the 14th Section of the Eighth International Dental Congress, which is to be held in Paris, France, from Oct. 3 to 8, 1931. This section relates to dentistry as provided to the personnel of the armies and navies of the world.

The annual meeting and dinner of the Order of Indian Wars of the United States was held Saturday evening, Jan. 24, at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C. The beautiful ritual ceremony, adopted at the last annual meeting, and taken from many old customs and rites, was carried out for the first time and witnessed by a large number of members.

Col. J. Miller Kenyon and Lt. Col. John Hawley Larned were installed as companions of the order and the following officers were elected and installed: Commander, Brig. Gen. James T. Kerr; senior vice commander, Brig. Gen. Samuel W. Miller; junior vice commander, Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Slaven; historian, Brig. Gen. Edward S. Godfrey; chaplain, Dr. Alexander Leo; recorder and treasurer, Lt. Col. George P. Ahern; council of seven, Brig. Gen. David L. Brainard, Brig. Gen. Fred S. Foltz, Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Gaston, Brig. Gen. George W. McIver, Col. George H. Morgan, Maj. Thos. M. DeFrees and Mr. Herbert S. Mauck.

Col. Brady G. Ruttenegger, USA, ret., and Mrs. Ruttenegger have spent two weeks in Monte Carlo en route to Rome, Italy, where they will be until April 1, when they will return to Paris, France.

Mstr. Sgt. John G. Steidley, USA, ret., was taken to the Veterans Hospital at St. Paul, Minn., and operated on for gall stones Jan. 20, 1931. At present he is doing very nicely.

Gen. and Mrs. Hanson E. Ely announce that due to unavoidable circumstances they will not be at home on the first Sundays of February and (Please turn to Page 558)

## SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and births requested. Address Society Editor, Army and Navy Journal, 1800 E Street Northwest, Washington, D. C.

## With The Services In The Nation's Capital

**THE** Secretary of War and Mr. Hurley seem to be one of the most entertained couples in Washington. They have been the recipients of many invitations during the past week. Gen. March called on President Hoover Feb. 3. There have been numerous dinner parties held recently and more are being planned for the near future.

Maj. Gen. George V. H. Moseley, Deputy Chief of Staff, gave a luncheon at the Hotel Carlton Feb. 4, in honor of Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Chief of Staff. Present at the luncheon were Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley, Col. James C. Roop, the Assistant Secretaries of War, Col. Frederick H. Payne and Hon. F. Trubee Davison. The General Council of the War Department, Rear Adm. John Halligan, and Capt. C. R. Train of the Navy, the military attaches and their assistants, and other officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley were the guests of honor of Mr. and Mrs. John Nichols at a dinner Feb. 4 at the Mayflower.

The Surgeon General and Mrs. Merritt W. Ireland were the guests of honor of Col. and Mrs. Albert G. Love at a dinner of 42 held at the Shoreham Feb. 5.

The Chief of Staff, Gen. Douglas MacArthur, and Maj. Gen. John A. Lejeune, USMC, ret., Superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute, and Mrs. Lejeune were among the guests of the Minister of China and Mrs. Wu at dinner Feb. 3.

Mrs. Jehu V. Chase sailed Feb. 3 for Panama to join her husband, Adm. Chase, Commander-in-Chief of the Fleet.

The Ordnance Association of the District of Columbia entertained at luncheon at the Army-Navy Country Club, Jan. 30. Among the honor guests were the Assistant Secretary of War, Frederick H. Payne, Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, Maj. Gen. William Crozier, Maj. Gen. Samuel Hof, Maj. Gen. George V. H. Moseley, Brig. Gen. William H. Tschappat, Col. C. G. Mettler, Col. John E. Munroe and Col. E. M. Shinkle.

Mrs. W. F. Beattie, wife of Capt.

Beattie, USMC, entertained a party of 10 at luncheon at the Army-Navy Country Club, Jan. 31.

Among those who entertained at the Saturday evening dinner-dance at the Army-Navy Country Club, Jan. 31, were Maj. and Mrs. J. E. Baylis, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. E. C. Edwards, Col. J. V. Richards, Capt. and Mrs. C. R. Smith, Lt. P. F. Craig, and Lt. W. E. Donegan, and members of the Naval Academy Class of 1912.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley entertained the President and Mrs. Hoover at dinner Feb. 3, the fourth in the series of Cabinet functions honoring the Chief Executive and the First Lady.

The Assistant Chief of Ordnance and Mrs. Edwin D. Bricker held a dinner at the Chevy Chase Club Feb. 4, for the Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Frederick H. Payne, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Hugh A. Drum, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Harry G. Bishop, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Samuel Hof, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. R. P. Davis, Col. and Mrs. K. P. Tracy, Col. and Mrs. A. T. Smith, Col. and Mrs. Irving Carr, and Col. and Mrs. Harry N. Cootes.

Col. and Mrs. Dennis P. Quinlan are entertaining at a dinner tonight at the Shoreham, in honor of the Secretary of War and Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley.

The Commandant of the Army War College and Mrs. William D. Connor entertained at dinner in their quarters for the Secretary of War and Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley, Feb. 5. Gen. and Mrs. Connor are entertaining at dinner Monday evening, Feb. 9, for the Chief of Staff, Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

Mrs. Stephen O. Fuqua, wife of the Chief of Infantry, is entertaining at luncheon at her home Tuesday, Feb. 10, for Mrs. A. T. Smith, wife of Col. Smith.

Gen. Peyton C. March, former Chief of Staff, called at the White House Feb. 3, to pay his respects to President Hoover.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. G. Love entertained at dinner at the Shoreham Hotel, Feb. 5.

Rear Adm. Joseph J. Cheatham, Paymaster General of the Navy, was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the officers of the Quartermaster Association at the Carlton. Music was furnished for the company of 75 by the Army Band.

## Weddings

**THE** marriage of Miss Eleanor Isabel Thayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Clinton Thayer of Evanston, Ill., to Lt. Albert Livingston Toney, USN, took place Jan. 15, 1936, in the First Presbyterian Church in Evanston, with Rev. Dr. Hubert Carlton, rector of the church, officiating.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of ivory satin with a veil of ivory colored tulle, arranged from an imported cap of princess lace, and carried a white prayer book showered with lilies of the valley.

She had as her maid of honor, her sister, Miss Elizabeth Thayer. The bride's other attendants were Misses Elizabeth Cusker of East Orange, N. J.; Elizabeth Williams of Chicago, Mrs. Earl Nelson of Berwyn and Miss Dorothy Swiney of Beverly Hills.

Lt. Toney had as his best man Lt. John M. Hoskins, USN, and the groomsmen were Lts. John R. Hume, John R. Perry, Vernon Huber, Ralph Bradford, Jr., John E. Ginrich, John M. Higgins and Max Nelborn. The bridegroom and groomsmen wore the full dress uniform of the Navy, and at the conclusion of the ceremony the groomsmen formed an arch of swords under which the bride and groom passed.

A reception at the Georgian Hotel followed the wedding. After a honeymoon to Hot Springs and Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, Lt. and Mrs. Toney went to Norfolk, Va., where the groom is on duty at the U. S. Naval Training Station, Hampton Roads.

## Engagements

**MR. AND MRS. T. EDGAR PEAR-**MAN of Montclair, N. J., and Bermuda, have announced the engagement of Mrs. Pearman's daughter, Miss Louise Post Brisley, to Lt. Alexander Murray Neilson, CE, USA.

Miss Brisley is the daughter of the late Edward Betts Brisley of New York City. Her education, begun in Bermuda, was completed at the Hillside School of Norwalk, Conn., Barnard College and the Damrosch Institute of Musical Art.

Lt. Neilson is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter S. Neilson of Minneapolis, Minn. He was graduated from the Military Academy with the class of 1919 and is now stationed at West Point as instructor in the Department of Civil and Military Engineering.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. Erskine Mason Sunderland announces the engagement of his daughter, Grace Norris, to Lt. O'Neill Karen Kane, Cav., USA, son of Mrs. Kane and the late Mr. William Byrne Kane of Joplin, Mo.

Miss Sunderland is a graduate of Sweet Briar College, Virginia.

Lt. Kane is a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point. He is now stationed at Ft. Reno, Okla.

The wedding will take place at "Fairview," Howard County, Md., the evening of Feb. 21.

Capt. Adrian Richard Alfred, MC, USN, ret., and Mrs. Alfred announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Scott Alfred to Lt. (jg) Rufus Edwards Rose, Jr., son of Capt. R. E. Rose, State Chemist of Florida, and Mrs. Rose.

The engagement of Miss Mary Berkeley Reed, daughter of Col. Walter Lawrence Reed, USA, and Mrs. Reed, of Ft. Benning, Ga., to Lt. Charles Royce, USA, aide de camp to Maj. Gen. Campbell King, commandant of Ft. Benning, is announced by her parents.

Miss Reed made her debut at Newport, R. I., where her father was on duty at the Army War College. She attended Holton Arms School during her residence in Washington.

Miss Reed's marriage will take place April 22 at Trinity Church in Columbus, Ga., where her parents have a home. After the wedding Lt. Royce and his bride will sail for Tientsin, China, where he has been ordered for duty. Miss Landon Reed, only sister of the bride-elect, will be maid of honor.

Col. Frank C. Jewell, USA, and Mrs. Jewell have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Cecil Jewell, to Lt. John Lockwood Burnside, USN.

Miss Jewell attended the National Cathedral School for Girls.

Lt. Burnside, who was graduated from the Naval Academy in '26, is attending the submarine school in New London, Conn., and spends much time in Washington as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Burnside in their apartment at the Highlands.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hull Hanlon, of 7187 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., have announced the engagement of their sister, Mary Edith Hanlon, to Lt. Warren W. Christian, USA. Miss Hanlon (Please turn to Page 558)



## Shopping News

for

## Service Folk

Monday is Baby Day at HECHT CO., and such a wonderful display of adorable and exquisite Baby things. Blankets, caps, socks, dresses, carriage robes, toys, etc. All the pretty and cute things, as well as the more practical and useful ones, may be had at very reasonable prices. Baby Department is 2nd Floor. On 1st Floor are to be found lovely gifts for Valentine Day, also lovely Valentines of all kinds, including the make-your-own boxes for children. Prices to suit all purses. HECHT CO. are members of the Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc.

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## ARMY

WEST POINT, N. Y.  
Feb. 4, 1931

THE social calendar for this week included a number of teas and bridge parties as well as several dinners.

On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. C. L. Fenton entertained at tea in honor of Mrs. E. P. Smith of Geneva, Switzerland, who is the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Sherburne Whipple.

Maj. and Mrs. R. F. Thompson entertained a number of guests at tea on Sunday.

Capt. and Mrs. R. B. Ransom had as their guests at dinner Wednesday night Maj. Gen. and Mrs. W. R. Smith, Maj. and Mrs. C. D. Hartman, Maj. and Mrs. M. T. Legg, and Capt. and Mrs. W. W. Warner.

Lt. Alexander M. Neilson entertained a company of sixteen at dinner at the Officers Club on Friday evening in honor of his fiancée, Miss Louise P. Brisley, and her mother, Mrs. T. Edgar Pearman of Montclair, N. J.

Lt. and Mrs. M. D. Taylor entertained at dinner on Thursday evening.

On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. F. L. Anenbrandt entertained at bridge and tea at the Officers' Club in honor of her sister, Mrs. David W. Greene of Salem, N. J.

Capt. and Mrs. C. H. Gerhardt, Capt. and Mrs. J. S. Tate, and Lt. Mark McClure have gone to New York for the week-end.

Mrs. C. C. Carter has returned from Washington, D. C., where she passed several weeks as the guest of Col. and Mrs. F. W. Coleman.

## FT. BENNING, GA.

Feb. 2, 1931

MISS MARGARET WOODRUFF, who is the guest of Misses Nancy and Dorothy Ross, was honored at a unique party when Lt. and Mrs. Eugene Vernon entertained at a Treasure Hunt Tuesday evening.

Col. and Mrs. Harry Knight complimented Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lumpkin, of Columbus, at a dinner party at their quarters Wednesday evening. Covers were laid for ten and included Col. and Mrs. George Baltzell, Maj. and Mrs. Frank Ross, and Maj. and Mrs. Casper Rucker.

Maj. and Mrs. Edwin Harding entertained at a dinner in their quarters Tuesday evening for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Campbell King, Col. and Mrs. Charles Willard, Maj. and Mrs. Stephen MacGregor, Maj. and Mrs. Emil Leard and Capt. and Mrs. Horace Cushman.

Mrs. Thomas Taylor was hostess to the Ft. Benning Garden Club at her quarters on Tuesday. The following officers for the coming year were elected: President, Mrs. Charles Steel; vice president, Mrs. Elvid Hunt, and secretary-treasurer, Mrs. C. F. Owens.

Miss Lola O'Connell entertained her guest, Miss Allene Williams, of Ft. McPherson, at a bridge party on Wednesday.

Mrs. Hayes arrived at Benning Tuesday, and is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. Rothwell Brown.

Lt. and Mrs. David Hedekin and Lt. and Mrs. Malcolm Kammerer were joint hosts entertaining at a dinner party at the Officers' Club Saturday evening in compliment to their mother and father, Maj. and Mrs. L. W. Young, who are at present stationed at Lincoln, Neb.

Lt. and Mrs. Fred Sladen entertained at an informal tea at their quarters Sunday afternoon.

Maj. and Mrs. Samuel White entertained at a dinner party at their quarters Wednesday evening.

Col. and Mrs. Alfred Brandt were hosts at an informal dinner Wednesday, complimenting Maj. and Mrs. L. W. Young.

## SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, T. H.

Jan. 4, 1931

THE Igloo Cabaret at Schofield on New Year's Eve, with its clever decoration and entertainment, was the scene of many gay parties. At midnight, Maj. Gen. Briant H. Wells wished all a Happy New Year.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. DeW. C. Jones entertained at an informal breakfast at the Engineer Staff Club, New Year's morning.

Col. and Mrs. Cienard McLaughlin held a reception New Year's morning for the officers and ladies of Col. McLaughlin's regiment. Assisting Mrs. McLaughlin were Mrs. J. E. Hull, Mrs. I. C. Scudder, Mrs. A. A. Fall and Mrs. Clyde Kelly.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. G. E. Nelson entertained at breakfast New Year's morning for Brig. Gen. H. W. Butner and members of the 11th FA Brigade and 11th FA Regiment.

Col. and Mrs. Augustine McIntyre entertained the members of the 13th FA Regiment at breakfast New Year's day. Assisting the host and hostess were Lt. Col. R. M. Danford, Maj. Cliff Andrus,

Maj. F. B. Prickett and Capt. A. L. Billings, Capt. R. T. Adams, Lt. John Williams, Capt. H. T. Bretherton, and Lt. L. B. Bixby.

Capt. and Mrs. W. R. Frost entertained in their quarters Jan. 3, when they had at dinner Brig. Gen. H. W. Butner, Maj. and Mrs. H. G. Fitz. and Lt. and Mrs. W. S. Roberson.

Col. and Mrs. W. E. Hunt held a reception for their friends New Year's evening.

## FT. HOYLE, MD.

Feb. 2, 1931

MRS. WILLIAM S. McNAIR has left the post to join Brig. Gen. McNair at Ft. Monroe, Va. Gen. and Mrs. McNair and Miss Norma McNair expect to visit the post for a few days in March before going to their new station in Georgia.

Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Pye, Lt. and Mrs. G. A. Grayeb, and Lt. and Mrs. G. R. Scithers entertained at dinner parties during the week for Mrs. McNair.

Col. L. L. Lawson has been ordered to Ft. Hoyle from Ft. Robinson, Neb. He is expected here about March 24.

Capt. and Mrs. Herman Stafford, who are stationed at Frankfort Arsenal, Pa., have been the guests of Capt. and Mrs. I. A. Crump.

The second session of the duplicate auction bridge tournament was held Jan. 27, at the clubhouse, with 13 playing.

Lt. and Mrs. C. L. Dasher gave a bridge and supper party Saturday night.

Lt. and Mrs. F. E. Powell entertained at dinner Jan. 27. Among their guests were Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. B. Gowen.

Maj. and Mrs. J. N. Hauser entertained at dinner for Capt. and Mrs. I. A. Crump, Capt. and Mrs. Herman Stafford, and Lt. and Mrs. A. C. McAuliffe.

Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Gantt have returned from a visit at Capt. Gantt's home in Virginia.

## FT. DOUGLAS, UTAH

Feb. 2, 1931

LT. AND MRS. W. R. IRISH recently entertained at dinner for a party of 16. The party adjourned to the bridge tables following the dinner.

Friday evening a party of post juniors were guests of Miss Elizabeth McBride on an old fashioned sleigh ride. Upon their return, they sat down to a dinner of chop suey at the McBride quarters.

Capt. and Mrs. T. H. Mills were hosts to a party of ten for dinner and bridge on the evening of Jan. 31. The guests were Col. and Mrs. H. C. Price, Col. and Mrs. S. L. Pike, Maj. and Mrs. H. H. Towler, Capt. and Mrs. W. I. Sherwood, and Lt. and Mrs. J. C. Welch.

Capt. and Mrs. Richard Allen gave a dinner in honor of Maj. Bundy, ORC, Jan. 30. When at home, Maj. Bundy is mayor of the city of Ogden.

Miss Jane Rice, daughter of Col. and Mrs. C. H. Rice, preceding the post hop was hostess to a party of 14 of the younger set.

Col. and Mrs. Price, Col. and Mrs. Pike, and Capt. and Mrs. Mills were dinner guests of Maj. and Mrs. B. L. Carroll, Jan. 28.

The Officers' Club is undergoing a thorough renovating at the present time. Much new decorating is being done.

Chap. and Mrs. J. L. McBride entertained a party of 10 at dinner in their quarters, Jan. 27.

Committees have been appointed to consider ways and means of making the post chapel more attractive. Mrs. H. C. Price is chairman of the general committee.

The post library, a very well kept and well stocked feature of this post, is being made more attractive with new rugs and easy chairs.

## CHANUTE FIELD, ILL.

Feb. 2, 1931

THE Tuesday Afternoon Bridge Club met at the Officers' Club with Mrs. W. M. Lanagan as hostess.

Col. and Mrs. J. W. S. Wuest entertained with a dinner on Jan. 28. Their guests were Capt. and Mrs. Walter Bender, Lt. and Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, and Lt. and Mrs. N. R. Laughinghouse, and Mrs. Marion Beauzeville.

Dr. and Mrs. John O'Connell entertained with a dinner on Jan. 27. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. L. W. Ballantyne, Maj. and Mrs. K. P. Mason, Lt. and Mrs. N. R. Laughinghouse, and Mrs. Ethel Carleton.

The monthly dance was held at the Officers' Club on Jan. 30.

Lt. and Mrs. N. O. R. Laughinghouse and Dr. and Mrs. John O'Connell entertained with a dinner preceding the dance. Their guests were Capt. and Mrs. Walter Ben-

## POSTS and STATIONS

der, Lt. and Mrs. W. B. Souza, Lt. and Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, Lt. and Mrs. F. O. Dice, Lt. and Mrs. G. H. Sparhawk, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kuhne, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Webber, Miss Katharine Darsey, Lt. Harry Plataqual, Lt. M. S. Savage, Lt. P. E. Shanahan and Mr. Basil Darsey.

Lt. and Mrs. C. T. Gunn entertained with a dinner prior to the dance, in honor of Lt. and Mrs. M. W. Kaye.

Lt. G. W. Hanson had as his guests over the week-end, his sister and brother, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sparks and Mr. and Mrs. John Schade of St. Louis.

Lt. G. W. Hanson and Lt. W. A. Fenander entertained with dinner, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sparks and Mr. and Mrs. John Schade.

Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Marinar entertained with a dinner prior to the dance. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. J. W. S. Wuest, Maj. and Mrs. L. W. Ballantyne, Maj. and Mrs. K. P. Mason, Capt. and Mrs. T. S. Voss, Lt. and Mrs. W. C. Farnum, Lt. and Mrs. Cortland Brown, and Mrs. Ethel Carleton.

Lt. and Mrs. R. C. Lindsey entertained with a dinner on Saturday night. Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sparks, Mr. and Mrs. John Schade, Lt. and Mrs. N. B. Forrest, Mr. and Mrs. James Potter, Lt. G. W. Hanson, Lt. W. A. Fenander, and Lt. William Ball.

## FT. HUMPHREYS, VA.

Feb. 2, 1931

THE regular meeting of the Officers' Bridge Club Jan. 30, was converted into a benefit for the Red Cross. Mrs. L. E. Oliver and Capt. B. H. Bowley were hostess and host.

Mrs. W. E. R. Covell gave a bridge luncheon Jan. 26. Maj. and Mrs. Covell were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Frizzell of Washington, recently.

Mrs. L. M. Henshaw entertained at bridge and luncheon Jan. 28.

Mrs. B. C. Snow, Mrs. C. R. Jones and Mrs. E. J. Peterson were invited to tea Jan. 28, to meet Miss Frances Brady of Washington, the guest of Lt. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart.

Lt. and Mrs. J. N. Krueger had as their guests at the dinner dance at the Shoreham, Jan. 27, Miss Pamela Sweeney and Lt. A. A. G. Kirchoff.

Capt. and Mrs. A. C. Wight of Washington were tea guests of Maj. and Mrs. H. C. Johannes.

Capt. and Mrs. F. R. Lyons entertained at dinner and had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Ray Huffard, Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Chorpene, and Lt. C. L. Hahn.

Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Peterson and Miss Nancy Satterlee were dinner guests of Lt. R. C. Brown at the Army and Navy Club.

Lt. and Mrs. T. A. Weyher were dinner guests of Capt. and Mrs. W. N. Thomas, Jr., Jan. 28.

## FT. EUSTIS, VA.

Feb. 2, 1931

THE 34th Infantry Ladies' Bridge Club met at the home of Mrs. R. H. Chard on Jan. 27, when Mrs. David H. Finley and Mrs. Chard entertained jointly.

For the next meeting on Feb. 24, the hostesses will be Mrs. B. M. Hall and Mrs. H. H. Harris.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. L. Bump were dinner guests of Capt. and Mrs. A. J. Barnett at their quarters, Jan. 27.

Maj. and Mrs. H. S. Rush were dinner guests of Maj. and Mrs. F. C. Phelps, Jan. 28.

Mrs. Chester Smith has arrived from her home in Middleburg, Va., for a visit to Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Johnson.

Mrs. W. G. Bowyer of Langley Field was a recent guest of Mrs. Charles T. Arnett during the absence of Lt. Bowyer, AC, on a flight to Ohio.

Maj. and Mrs. S. E. Brett were hosts at dinner and bridge at their quarters on Jan. 31.

Capt. and Mrs. C. N. Elliott were hosts at dinner at their quarters, Jan. 29, entertaining Maj. and Mrs. F. C. Phelps, Maj. and Mrs. J. W. G. Stephens, Capt. and Mrs. A. J. Barnett, and Capt. and Mrs. J. P. Lloyd.

A delightful dinner-dance was held at the Officers' Club Jan. 30, when guests were entertained by Maj. and Mrs. J. W. G. Stephens, Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Johnson and Miss Eleanor Jones.

## FT. BROWN, TEX.

Feb. 3, 1931

MANY delightful entertainments have taken place recently, especially those given in honor of the visiting polo players from Ft. Sam Houston.

Col. and Mrs. F. W. Glover gave a tea for the visitors and staff officers of the regiment, while Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. W. Winfree were hosts at a dinner in honor of their house guests, Maj. and Mrs. B. R. Peyton of Ft. Sam Houston.

Maj. and Mrs. O. I. Holman entertained the whole garrison at a buffet supper at their quarters, in honor of their house guests, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. S. D. Rockenbach, Capt. and Mrs. Marion Voorhees also entertained the Ft. Sam Houston visitors at an attractive buffet supper.

Col. D. H. Biddle of Ft. Sam Houston was the guest of Col. and Mrs. F. W. Glover during the horse show. Col. and Mrs. Glover entertained at dinner for Col. Biddle and the latter's son-in-law

## NAVY

ANNAPOLIS, MD.  
Feb. 2, 1931

THE mid-Winter dance of the first class at the Naval Academy brought a busy week to an end.

Mrs. W. F. Halsey, wife of Capt. Halsey, who with her daughter, Miss Margaret Halsey, is spending the Winter at Carvel Hall, entertained at cards in the hotel, Jan. 30.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert Hinckley entertained at supper and cards in their residence for a number of friends, Jan. 29.

Mrs. Alfred Gray of Richmond, formerly Mrs. Gordon Ellyson, and her young daughter, Gordon, are the guests of Mrs. T. F. Caldwell, wife of Comdr. Caldwell.

Capt. and Mrs. C. P. Snyder were at home at the commandant's quarters at the Naval Academy, Jan. 28. They were assisted by Mrs. John Barleone, wife of Comdr. Barleone; Mrs. Boland Schumann, wife of Capt. Schumann; Mrs. Davis De Treville, wife of Lt. Comdr. De Treville; Mrs. Archie Glann, wife of Lt. Comdr. Glann; and Miss Jane Snyder, the young daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Snyder.

Mrs. W. L. Calhoun, wife of Capt. Calhoun, is in Florida, where she went to recover from a recent illness.

Capt. and Mrs. H. D. Cooke entertained at dinner at their quarters, Jan. 28, for Capt. and Mrs. W. L. Friedell, Comdr. and Mrs. Lemuel Stevens, Comdr. and Mrs. Clyde Robinson and Comdr. and Mrs. W. R. Carter.

## QUANTICO, VA.

Feb. 2, 1931

THE ladies' and children's riding classes under the direction of Capt. M. G. Holmes and Capt. C. H. Brown, are becoming increasingly popular.

Mrs. G. S. Clarke, wife of Maj. Clarke, USA, gave a bridge luncheon at the Officers' Club, Jan. 25.

Col. and Mrs. J. R. Henley gave a dinner party at their quarters for a number of friends.

Mrs. Drum, wife of Lt. Col. A. B. Drum, gave a bridge luncheon, Jan. 27, in honor of her mother, Mrs. L. A. Case, of Warsaw, N. J.

The officers attached to headquarters and Headquarters Co. gave a get-together luncheon at the Officers' Club, Jan. 27.

Lt. and Mrs. R. H. Rhoads gave a dinner party followed by bridge, Jan. 27. Recent arrivals at the post include Lt. and Mrs. A. C. Koonce, who have reported from duty at Pensacola, Fla.

Mrs. Horace L. Allen of Nashville, Tenn., was a mid-week visitor at the home of Capt. and Mrs. C. H. Brown. He has returned to Nashville.

The Tuesday Bridge Club met at the home of Mrs. G. H. Towner, wife of Lt. Towner.

Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Sebrer and their small daughter, Riley Ann, returned Jan. 28 from a trip to New York City.

and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. H. K. Coulter, of Ft. Sam Houston.

The Mexican Army Band of 50 pieces from Monterey, Mexico, played at several of the polo games and also alternated with the Ft. Brown Orchestra at the polo hop given for the polo teams and participants in the horse show. Several attractive tea dances were also held at the time at the Officers' Club, following the polo games.

Capt. and Mrs. Robert Maxwell were hosts at a large buffet supper preceding the polo hop, the honor guests being Gen. and Mrs. S. D. Rockenbach. Miss Vivien Maxwell has returned to her home in New York City, after a visit with her brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Maxwell.

Maj. Gen. E. B. Winans made an inspection of the post recently, at which time Col. and Mrs. F. W. Glover entertained with a luncheon party for Gen. Winans.

Capt. and Mrs. James Adamson and Capt. and Mrs. Robert Maxwell were hosts at a charming dinner dance for the whole post at the Officers' Club, when the guests were seated at small tables.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry Maas also entertained all the officers and ladies of the regiment at a beautifully appointed dinner, later taking their guests to the Brownsville Country Club dance.

Lt. and Mrs. Lambert Cain of the Presidio of San Francisco, have returned to their station after spending four months leave with Lt. Cain's parents in Brownsville. While here Lt. and Mrs. Cain were extensively entertained by the post people. Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Stodter and Lt. and Mrs. W. W. Jervy were joint hosts at a regimental dinner followed by dancing. Lt. and Mrs. W. W. Jervy also entertained at a game dinner in honor of Lt. and Mrs. W. H. Hill of Ft. Sam Houston.

Mrs. Charles E. Stodter, wife of Col. (Please turn to Next Page)

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## Posts and Stations

### FT. BROWN, TEX.

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Stodter, has been visiting her son and daughter-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Stodter. Mrs. Charles Stodter was the honor guest at numerous lovely parties. Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. W. Winfree entertained at a charming dinner for Mrs. Stodter, while Capt. and Mrs. B. B. Vail also gave a dinner for Mrs. Stodter.

Capt. and Mrs. Vernon Shell were recent hosts at a buffet supper followed by cards and Mrs. Will Griffin gave a Mexican luncheon with bridge following.

Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Stodter gave an unusually attractive bridge supper recently at their quarters, the occasion being Mrs. Stodter's birthday.

Mrs. S. W. Winfree has been giving a series of delightful dinners at home preceding the post card club, which is held every Tuesday evening at the Officers' Club.

The Ft. Brown Polo Team made several interesting trips to Reynosa, Mexico, playing against the Mexican team from Monterey and also the American team from Dallas, Tex. Gen. Ortiz, in command of the Monterey forces, presented Col. F. W. Glover with a handsome charro costume and elaborate sombrero, as well as a fine polo pony and hand tooled saddle.

The officers and enlisted men's horse show team are following an intensive course of training under the leadership of Maj. O. I. Holman, who will take his team to Ft. Sam Houston on Feb. 8 for the horse show to be held Feb. 13 and 14.

### JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO.

Feb. 2, 1931

**P**RECEDING the Regimental Hop on Jan. 23, several dinner parties were given, including ones by Col. and Mrs. Pegram Whitworth, Capt. and Mrs. S. C. Payne, Lt. and Mrs. W. B. Griffith, Jr., and a buffet supper after the hop by Maj. and Mrs. A. C. Tipton, to honor their debutante daughter, Miss Teddy Tipton.

Capt. and Mrs. Richard M. Sandusky entertained at dinner at their quarters before the Post Bridge Club meeting. Col. and Mrs. Pegram Whitworth were hosts at dinner at their quarters recently. Covers were laid for Col. and Mrs. P. C. Potter, who are recent arrivals on the post from Hawaii; Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Hall, and Capt. and Mrs. E. T. Wheatley.

Maj. and Mrs. H. S. Cole honored their house guests, Miss Adelaide Crimm of Far Rockaway, Long Island, and Mrs. J. E. Moffat of New York, at a tea on Jan. 25.

Maj. and Mrs. A. M. Reeve entertained 12 friends at dinner at their quarters preceding the Post Bridge Club on Jan. 26.

Mrs. Thomas L. Smith was hostess to the members of the Weekly Bridge Club on Jan. 27.

Maj. and Mrs. H. S. Cole and their guests, Miss Crimm and Mrs. Moffat, and Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Judd, were the dinner guests of Maj. and Mrs. A. R. Underwood recently.

### Test Tracer Ammunition

**A** TEST, recently held, of the accuracy of tracer ammunition used in conjunction with ball ammunition, and in certain types of ground firing, especially at moving targets, produced some important data.

Centers of impact of tracer and armor-piercing ammunition were prepared at 1,000 yards. At different hours groups of approximately 10 rounds were secured on nine different targets. The greatest divergency between the centers of impact on any one target was 15 inches, the tracer striking below the armor-piercing. The minimum divergency of centers of impact on any one target was 9 inches. The average divergency of the center of impact of tracer ammunition was about 10 inches, being below the armor-piercing.

### Sgt. Roth Retires

**O**N JAN. 31, Tech. Sgt. Herbert E. Roth, Band, 6th Engrs., stationed at Ft. Lawton, Wash., was retired after more than 30 years of service.

Sgt. Roth was born in Wooster, Ohio, Feb. 12, 1870. He enlisted in the Army on Jan. 3, 1889. He has seen service in the Philippines. The garrison of Ft. Lawton passed in review before him, Jan. 31, in honor of his retirement, and Maj. L. B. Chambers made the presentation of a gold watch tendered Sgt. Roth by members of the 6th Engrs.

## Samuel T. Ansell

Attorney at Law

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## Navy Talking Pictures

**C**ONTINUING its preparation for installing sound motion picture equipment on board ships of the fleet, the Navy has convened two classes for the instruction of enlisted men in the use of Navy type sound movies at the Sound Motion Picture Technicians' Schools, one located at the Navy Yard, New York, and the other at the Naval Training Station, San Diego, Calif. These classes, composed of thirty men each, will be followed by a third, to be composed of thirty-two men, which is to be convened at the Navy Yard, Cavite, P. I., on March 7, to train sound movie operators for the Asiatic Fleet.

The Navy Department has contracted for 250 sets of sound movie equipment at a total cost of \$870,000.00. Several of these sets will be installed on Coast Guard ships and all of the Army transports will be equipped under the Navy's contract. Personnel from those services to operate their new sound machines will be trained in the Navy's schools.

The first delivery of the new equipment will be made about April 15 and the entire number of machines are scheduled for delivery by July 21, 1931.

Under an agreement with the Navy, motion picture producers have agreed to furnish the Navy with sound films at a cost which is less than that of silent films.

The Navy has been working towards the installation of sound movies aboard its ships since 1929. To develop types of equipment which would efficiently meet the unusual conditions for sound projections when the ships are under way, tests were conducted by the Bureau of Engineering at the Material Laboratory, Navy Yard, New York.

In August, 1929, the Material Laboratory began its work of testing commercial machines then available to develop equipment for use afloat. At that time there was no test procedure and no suitable test apparatus in the Laboratory and it was necessary for the Laboratory force to investigate suitable test apparatus and obtain the was found necessary to conduct satisfactory and special apparatus which factorily tests on this new and extremely complicated technical material.

Tests at sea on board the USS Texas by the Laboratory's personnel were made on sound equipment under actual sea conditions for four months to determine the fundamental requirements of ships' sound movies, the proper location of speakers, the sound pressure over the deck necessary to produce desired results with a ship under way, the prevention of interference due to radio traffic, the effect of gunfire on apparatus, the necessary steps to be taken to limit gunfire damage to a minimum, and to the necessary precautions to be taken to protect apparatus against the effects of sea air and dampness.

The equipment used aboard the Texas was partly built by the Laboratory especially for that purpose. It comprised a standard broadcast microphone, calibrated in terms of sound pressure (dynes per square c. m.) and a suitable amplifier of such characteristics that the microphone response would not be affected by distortion in the amplifier. These data, not obtainable from any known source, were necessary to the makers of apparatus and for the purpose of specifying the power desired on various types of ships.

Laboratory tests were conducted and are still active, comprising an analysis of the sound motion picture apparatus involving the mechanical parts of the projector, the photo cell, gain controls, amplifier characteristics and loud speaker characteristics, including material, electrical and a coustical performance.

In this investigation, standardization of integral parts has been attempted with marked success. The amplifiers are required to show flat electrical response to all frequencies from 30 to 7,000 cycles (which covers the range of the human voice and the range of all musical instruments for entertainment purposes). This permits readily matching replacement of parts by purchase under competition in the open market, as any good photo cell and any good speaker of proper impedance can be used with such amplifiers. It also assures interchangeability of parts of the equipment between battleships and cruisers, permitting the carrying of a minimum of spare amplifier units, speaker units, photo cell units and vacuum tubes on repair ships or at shore stations.

In testing this equipment, unusual

## Retirement of Sgt. Winn

**A**FTER serving the equivalent of 30 years in the Army, Master Sgt. Aaron M. Winn, DEML (RS) retired on Jan. 31 at Headquarters Alabama Recruiting District, Birmingham, Ala.

Master Sgt. Winn first enlisted in 1901 and served with the Coast Artillery until May 1917, when re-enlisted for General Service Infantry (Recruiting Service). Sgt. Winn was a non-commissioned officer on each enlistment. He served in the Philippines, 1902-1903, and on the Mexican Border with the Punitive Expedition.

### Awarded Soldier's Medal

**A**NNOUCEMENT is made of the award of the Soldier's Medal to Pvt. John G. Hellen, Co. L, 7th Inf.

The citation accompanying the award reads as follows:

"John G. Hellen (Army serial No. 6364082), private, Co. L, 7th Inf., USA. For heroism at Ryan's Point, Columbia River, Vancouver, Wash., June 8, 1930. While swimming in the Columbia River an unknown girl was caught in a whirlpool and was drowning. Pvt. Hellen, with utter disregard for his own safety, swam to the girl and succeeded in keeping her afloat until sufficient help arrived. The heroic conduct and disregard of self displayed by Pvt. Hellen reflects great credit upon himself and the Army of which he is a member."

Birthplace: Jackson, Miss.

Residence at enlistment: Norris, Miss.

Present station: Service Co., 7th Inf., Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

and special apparatus and equipment have been found necessary.

The specially designed beat frequency precision oscillator is used to excite the speaker at a constant input power at all test frequencies. This produces a pure note sound from the speaker. The speaker is installed in the sound testing room. In front of the speaker is mounted a condenser microphone, calibrated for response. This microphone picks up the sound, its output is carried through a special three-stage amplifier, and the output of the amplifier read in terms of milli amperes, convertible to dynes per square centimeter pressure by applying the microphone calibration.

A reflectionless sound testing room has been constructed at the Material Laboratory and, in addition to testing the sound movie equipment, has been used in the testing and development of sound apparatus of loud speaking telephones, general announcing systems, inter-communicating telephones, buzzers, and ship alarm signals. This room, which measures 20 feet by 20 feet by 14 feet high, has its walls and ceiling specially treated with three layers of burlap and one layer of heavy mummy cloth, loosely draped and with air spaces between the several layers. The floor is covered with one inch balsam wool padding, on top of which are placed heavy rugs.

Two types of sound equipment are being purchased by the Navy: Type One, Class A, for battleships; Type One, Class B, for cruiser and auxiliary ship use, and Type Two for destroyer use. The Navy type apparatus differs from standard commercial equipment in material used in its construction, design of sound head, size and numbers of reproducing units and the output voltage of the power amplifying units.

The speakers of both types are portable so that when the equipment is not in use, they can be stowed below decks. Amplifying units for Type One equipments will be permanently located below decks. The amplifying units for Type Two equipment will be contained in a portable metal case, easily adaptable for stowage below decks.

The Navy equipment generally consists of a projector with drive motor which projects the picture on the screen; a sound head, where light energy is transformed into electrical energy by means of the change of exciter light intensity through a sound track to a photoelectric cell; a voltage generated in the photo-electric cell is increased to the required value; a power amplifier, which is the last step of amplification; and the reproducer units, where the electrical energy is converted into audio energy. A screen capable of allowing the passage of sound from the reproducer units is a part of the equipment.

## Air Division Plans

**T**HE 1931 Army Corps Field Exercises by the First Air Division will begin at Dayton, Ohio, May 18, end at Washington, D. C., May 30, and will cover the Atlantic seaboard as far north as Bangor and as far south as Norfolk, according to statement made Feb. 3 by Assistant Secretary of War, the Honorable F. Trubee Davison, who has charge of Army aviation.

In addition, Mr. Davison made it known that the First Air Division will consist of 205 Pursuit planes, 335 Observation, 51 Attack, 36 Bombardment and 45 Transports—672 planes. The personnel totals 740 officers and 631 enlisted men.

"The various Air Corps and National Guard squadrons will concentrate at Wright and Fairfield airdromes near Dayton, Ohio, May 15 and 17," said Mr. Davison. "From May 18 to 20, inclusive, there will be formation and combat practices by the entire division."

"The war starts on the morning of May 21 when, by various routes, the aerial armada will descend upon New York City. The division will not travel as a unit because the fuel demands would be too great for the airports along any one airway between Dayton and New York. For that reason, some planes will go by way of up-state New York—Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse; others by way of Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

"On arrival in New York, planes will land at Mitchel Field, which will be Division Headquarters, and adjacent airdromes. From that moment until Sunday, war conditions will exist and bring into play a varied program of combat demonstrations. The details for that program are now being worked out and will be announced later."

"Sunday, May 24, the Division will proceed to Boston and other airdromes in that section of New England. This time the division will fly in full battle formation. As it proceeds northward, Hartford, New Haven and Providence will be attacked. That night, weather permitting, there will be night attacks over the Boston Area. May 25, the attack program staged over New York will be repeated over Boston. One group of planes—Bombardment or Observation—will be directed to attack Portland and Bangor, Maine, by way of Vermont and New Hampshire.

"Having covered the coast line, the Air Division will continue its advance on the 26th by flying westward over Springfield, Troy, Schenectady and Albany. Then, following the Hudson River, the division will return to its original New York airdromes. May 27, Atlantic City, Trenton, Newark and Jersey City will serve as targets. On the completion of those missions, the divisions will return to New York. May 28 will be maintenance and inspection day with full opportunity for the public to view the planes on the ground."

### Return to New York

"In the forenoon of May 29, the division will take to the air once more, this time with Philadelphia, Camden, Wilmington, Baltimore and Washington as its objectives. The main demonstration, over Washington, will take place on Memorial Day. The following day will be devoted to rest and repairs and on Monday morning, June 1, the troops begin their return treks to their home stations."

"Briefly outlined, the principal features of the tests to be conducted during the field exercises fall into the following major classification: Problems of command incidental to handling huge volumes of personnel and equipment in the air and on the ground; expanding and developing combat theories; teaching the various units within the Air Corps to function as a team and, last but not least, means of subjecting both planes and personnel to exacting endurance tests. Moving an entire air army—mechanics, spare parts, staff and all—over battle sectors that are hundreds of miles apart and in a few hours, demands perfect organization and one that can be built up only through experience and such experience can only be obtained under actual field conditions."

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## Opposes VC Promotion Bill

THE War Department is opposed to the enactment of the Veterinary Corps promotion bill as it would "by accelerating promotion in the Veterinary Corps, accentuate the disparity in promotion which already exists between the non-promotion-list branches and the line of the Army," Secretary Hurley informed the House Military Committee this week.

In his report on the measure, the Secretary says that the bill would have the advantage of placing the Veterinary Corps upon a par with the Medical and Dental Corps, but states that as it is probable that general promotion legislation will be enacted during the next Congress, they do not recommend its passage now.

A description of the bill and a comparison with provisions of existing law as to promotion in the Medical and Dental Corps is given by Mr. Hurley, as follows:

The effects of the proposed legislation would be:

a. Officers initially appointed in the Veterinary Corps subsequent to the enactment of the bill would be placed on equality as to appointment, promotion, and pay and allowances with officers of the Medical and Dental Corps of the same length of service (Section 1). It should be noted, however, that the age limits for initial appointment in the Veterinary Corps would remain at 21 to 30 years, as compared to limits of 23 to 32 years for the Medical and Dental Corps.

b. Second lieutenants now in the Veterinary Corps would be immediately promoted to the grade of first lieutenant and present first lieutenants having three or more years of service would, subject to examination, be promoted to the grade of captain. These officers would subsequently be promoted to the higher grades after the same lengths of service as are now required for officers of the Medical and Dental Corps (Section 2).

c. Officers now in the Veterinary Corps in grades above first lieutenant would be promoted to the higher grades as now provided for by law, i.e., to the grade of major after 14 years' service, to the grade of lieutenant colonel after 20 years' service, and to the grade of colonel after 26 years' service. (Section 3).

This bill is presumably intended to produce equality in rank, pay, and allowances between officers of the Veterinary Corps on one hand and the Medical and Dental Corps on the other. As to officers appointed subsequent to its enactment, this result would be achieved, subject to the discrepancy in age limits on initial appointment previously mentioned. The legislation would not, however, equalize promotion and compensation for the officers who at present hold the grades of captain, first lieutenant, and second lieutenant in the Veterinary Corps. The bill, as drawn, would have the following effects in this respect:

a. The captains of the Veterinary Corps on the date the legislation became effective would be promoted to the grade of major on fourteen years' service (as compared to 12 years in the Medical and Dental Corps) while the first and second lieutenants would become majors on 12 years' service. This might result in promoting some of the first lieutenants into the major's grade in advance of some of the captains, with a consequent reversal in rank.

b. The captains, first lieutenants and second lieutenants of the Veterinary Corps on the effective date of the legislation would not attain equality in pay and allowances with officers of equal length of service in the Medical and Dental Corps until they had completed 14 years' service. This is because the former were initially appointed as second lieutenants and the latter as first lieutenants, which places them in higher pay periods during portions of their first 14 years.

The proposed legislation would be advantageous in establishing equality in promotion and compensation, with the exceptions previously described, among the commissioned personnel of the three professional corps of the Medical De-

## OBITUARIES

Announcement of deaths should be addressed to Editorial Office, Army and Navy Journal, Architects Building, Washington, D. C.

Col. Robert R. Stevens, USA, ret., died at the Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Jan. 28, 1931.

Col. Stevens was born in San Antonio Texas, June 22, 1855. He entered the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., from Mississippi, Sept. 2, 1873; commissioned 2nd lieutenant, 6th Infantry, June 15, 1877; promoted 1st lieutenant Jan. 16, 1884; captain, Assistant Quartermaster, Feb. 20, 1894; Major, Quartermaster, Feb. 2, 1901; lieutenant colonel, Deputy Quartermaster General, Dec. 15, 1905; colonel, Assistant to the Quartermaster General, June 7, 1910; retired at his own request, after 30 years' service, July 31, 1910. During the Spanish-American War he served as Major, Quartermaster, from Jan. 11, 1900, until honorably discharged May 17, 1901.

He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Lauch McLaurin, Box 443, Port Gibson, Miss.

Maj. Eston M. Barker, USA, ret., died at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Jan. 31, 1931.

Maj. Barker was born in Middleburg, Va., July 13, 1872. He was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, Philippine Scouts, Aug. 9, 1906; promoted 1st lieutenant, Sept. 19, 1908; captain, Aug. 15, 1916; major, July 1, 1920; retired for disability in line of duty Aug. 17, 1922. Before his commissioned service, he served as private, corporal and sergeant, Company G, and sergeant-major and battalion sergeant-major, 9th Infantry, May 3, 1900, to Aug. 15, 1906.

He is survived by a sister, Miss Florence Barker, 112 Maryland Avenue, Northeast, Washington, D. C.

Col. H. E. Robinson, USA, ret., died at Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 30, 1931.

Col. Robinson was born in Uniontown, Pa., May 19, 1850. He entered the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., from Pennsylvania, Sept. 1, 1867; commissioned second lieutenant, 4th Infantry, June 12, 1871; promoted first lieutenant, March 20, 1879; captain of Infantry April 4, 1896; major Feb. 2, 1901; lieutenant colonel (Please turn to Page 559)

partment. Furthermore, the increased advantages offered to officers of the Veterinary Corps should result in competition for appointment therein and the procurement of desirable officer material.

On the other hand, this bill, by accelerating promotion in the Veterinary Corps, would accentuate the disparity in promotion which already exists between the non-promotion-list branches and the line of the Army. As an instance of this, officers appointed in the Veterinary Corps in 1931 would become captains in 1934, at which time it is estimated that some line officers of World War experience and 17 years' service will still be first lieutenants. It should be noted that chaplains, a class of professional commissioned personnel who now have an advantage in initial appointment and promotion to captain over officers of the Veterinary Corps, would, by the enactment of this legislation, lose this advantage, and would reach the grades of captain and major two years later than Veterinary officers.

The conditions affecting the promotion and pay of commissioned personnel of the Army have recently been under study by the Joint Committee of Congress, which was created by Public Resolution No. 36, 71st Congress, approved February 3, 1930. That committee has just submitted a report which recommends a continuance of the investigation by another joint committee composed of Senators and Representatives-elect to the Seventy-second Congress. It appears probable that, either as a result of the recommenda-

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

### BORN

CRISP—Born at Hartford, Conn., Jan. 23, 1931, to Lt. Marion Crisp, USN, and Mrs. Crisp, a son.

DIXON—Born at the William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Texas, Jan. 25, 1931, to Sgt. Thomas Dixon, USA, and Mrs. Dixon, a daughter, Bertha Dixon.

DYKERS—Born at Savannah, Ga., Jan. 8, 1931, to Lt. (jg) Thomas M. Dykers, USN, and Mrs. Dykers, a son, Thomas Michael, Jr., grandson of Capt. William Lane Tydings, USA, and Mrs. Tydings.

LIEBER—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1931, to Capt. A. C. Lieber, Jr., USA, and Mrs. Lieber, a son.

LITZENBERG—Born at King's Daughters Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., Jan. 27, 1931, to 1st Lt. Homer L. Litzenberg, Jr., USMC, and Mrs. Litzenberg, a son, Homer Litzenberg, 3rd.

McALISTER—Born at the Post Hospital, Fort Lewis, Washington, Jan. 2, 1931, to Lt. C. K. McAlister, FA, USA, and Mrs. McAlister, a son, Charles Kellogg McAlister, Jr.

MURPHY—Born at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., recently, to Capt. Thomas B. Murphy, MC, USA, and Mrs. Murphy, a daughter, Kathryn Patricia.

PINGER—Born at the University of California Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 14, 1930, to Maj. Frank William Pinger, USA, and Mrs. Pinger, a daughter, Janet.

RIGDON—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 28, 1931, to 1st Lt. J. M. Rigdon, MC, USA, and Mrs. Rigdon, a daughter, Anne Margaret Rigdon.

RYAN—Born at Garfield Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1931, to Lt. Thomas J. Ryan, USN, and Mrs. Ryan, a son, Thomas Edward.

SMITH—Born at Pensacola Hospital, Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 20, 1931, to Lt. Don Smith, USN, and Mrs. Smith, a daughter, Dona.

SMITH—Born at the Family Hospital, Quantico, Va., Jan. 29, 1931, to Lt. James M. Smith, USMC, and Mrs. Smith, a son, Joseph Newton Smith.

SWITZER—Born at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., recently, to St. Sgt. Richard A. Switzer, AC, USA, and Mrs. Switzer, a daughter, Anne Louise.

TOWNER—Born at Baltimore, Md., Jan. 23, 1931, to Lt. (jg) George Crosby Towner, USN, and Mrs. Towner, a son, George Crosby Towner, Jr.

### MARRIED

GRUBE-RHOADES—Married at Yuma, Ariz., Dec. 31, 1930, Miss Elizabeth Rhoades, to Lt. John Franklin Grube, USN, executive officer of the USS Roper.

LOVE-STIMSON—Married at Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 21, 1931, Miss Alice Josephine Stimson, to Lt. Henry Louis Love, FA, USA.

MAXWELL-BRUN—Married at St. Patrick's Church, Washington, D. C., Jan. 31, 1931, Miss Bernice Brun, to Lt. (jg) Merritt Monroe Maxwell, USN.

PETERSON-REYNOLDS—Married at Dallas, Texas, Jan. 24, 1931, Miss Mary Katherine Reynolds, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. P. Reynolds, to Lt. G. L. Peterson, USA.

SULLIVAN-TATTERSON—Married at Honolulu, T. H., Jan. 2, 1931, Miss Ethelda Tatterson, to Lt. (jg) Eugene D. Sullivan, USN.

TINGLE-BELL—Married in Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 31, 1931, Miss Hollenbeck Bell, to Ralph J. Tingle, son of Maj. Clarence Herbert Tingle, USA, and Mrs. Tingle.

### DIED

BALLENTINE—Died at Hagerstown, Md., Jan. 31, 1931, Harper Ballentine, during the World War 1st lieutenant with 316th FA.

BARKER—Died at Letterman General Hospital, Jan. 31, 1931, Maj. Eston Murray Barker, USA, ret.

BINGHAM—Died at Birmingham,

tions of the new joint committee, if one be created, or in consequence of the discussions of the personnel situation in the Army, which have occurred in the Military Affairs Committees of Congress during the past few years, general promotion legislation will be undertaken by the Seventy-second Congress. In view of this situation, and the fact that any legislation governing promotion in the Veterinary Corps should be coordinated with the general plan, the War Department does not recommend the enactment of H. R. 14247 at this time.

Ala., Jan. 24, 1931, Mrs. Frasier Franklyn Bingham, of Pensacola, Fla., mother of Mrs. Kohn, wife of Capt. Joseph P. Kohn, CAC, USA.

BURGESS—Died at East Liverpool, Ohio, Jan. 31, 1931, John H. Burgess, Civil War Veteran.

BURTON—Died at the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 27, 1931, Col. Norman G. Burton, USMC, ret.

CARUSI—Died at Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 5, 1931, Dr. Charles Francis Carusi. Besides his widow he is survived by a daughter, Mme. Lombard, wife of Maj. Emmanuel Lombard, military attache of the French Embassy; a son, Ens. Eugene C. Carusi, USN, and a brother, Eugene Carusi.

ESKRIDGE—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Feb. 5, 1931, Col. Oliver S. Eskridge, USA.

FRANK—Died at Washington, D. C., Feb. 3, 1931, Stephen Frank, father of Sgt. George Frank, USMC.

HAMILTON—Died at Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1931, Ethel Middleton Ryan, wife of Brace Hayden Hamilton. Besides her husband, she is survived by her mother, Rebecca Hamilton, widow of Arthur Blackwell Ryan, sisters, Louise, wife of Capt. William Jefferson Giles, Jr., USN, Kathleen, wife of Richard Philler, of New York, and Martha.

KEYSER—Died at Washington, D. C., Jan. 25, 1931, Mrs. Charles H. Keyser, mother of Mrs. Long, wife of Lt. John H. Long, USN, and of Midshipman C. H. Keyser, and Miss F. R. Keyser.

MCCORMICK—Died at her residence, 1805 Phelps Place, Washington, D. C., Feb. 2, 1931, Edith Abbot McCormick, wife of Rear Adm. A. M. D. McCormick, USN, ret., mother of Lt. Comdr. Lynde D. McCormick, USN, and of Mrs. John R. Beardall, wife of Comdr. Beardall, USN.

MILLER—Died at the American Barracks, Tientsin, China, Dec. 23, 1931, Thomas L. Miller, member of the foreign community of Tientsin.

MILLS—Died at Hyattsville, Md., Jan. 25, 1931, Rev. Seth Adoniran Mills, father of Lt. Harold C. Mills, USMC, who was killed at Belleau Wood.

NEELY—Died at the Naval Hospital, League Island, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 28, 1931, Lt. Comdr. Ashton Earl Neely, MC, USN.

PECK—Died at Newark, N. J., Feb. 3, 1931, William H. Peck, in his eighty-eighth year, father of Col. Robert G. Peck, USA, ret., and grandfather of Robert G. Peck, Jr.

READER—Died at the Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Md., Feb. 5, 1931, Midshipman Joseph Clyde Reader, Jr., USN.

ROBINSON—Died at Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 30, 1931, Col. Henry E. Robinson, USA, ret.

SEABROOK—Died at Westminster, Md., Jan. 22, 1931, after a very brief illness, Mr. William I. Seabrook of Westminster, father of W. B. Seabrook of New York, of the late C. R. Seabrook of Detroit, and of Mrs. Ralph Whitman, wife of Comdr. Ralph Whitman, CEC, USN.

SHINN—Died at Washington, D. C., Jan. 27, 1931, Mr. Charles M. Shinn, father of Lt. Comdr. Herbert L. Shinn, USMC.

STEVENS—Died at the Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Jan. 28, 1931, Col. Robert R. Stevens, USA, ret.

STICKNEY—Died in an automobile accident at Honolulu, T. H., Jan. 31, 1931, Mrs. Ruth Stickney, wife of Lt. Frederick R. Stickney, USN, attached to the USS Ramsey.

TAYLOR—Died at Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 21, 1931, John Francis Taylor, father of Francis W. Taylor, of Pensacola, and brother of Mrs. F. R. Meade, Seattle, Wash., and Mrs. Greenslade, wife of Capt. J. W. Greenslade, USN, of Washington, D. C.

THOMAS—Died at Media, Pa., Jan. 13, 1931, William M. Thomas, father of Comdr. George C. Thomas, MC, USN.

WILSON—Died at Fairmont, W. Va., Jan. 27, 1931, Lt. Col. E. R. Wilson, USA, ret.

TODD—Died at Beaver Falls, Pa., Jan. 12, 1931, Bela B. Todd, father of Capt. James H. Todd, USA, ret.

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## Inspector General's Report

(Continued from Page 539)

outgoing transports at primary ports were made by officers of the Inspector General's Department.

The scope of the inspections included subjects prescribed in AR 20-20, as well as inquiries as to the adequacy of the equipment of soldiers traveling on transports and of the provisions made for the comfort and convenience of passengers of all classes. As a result of these inspections and of economic surveys made of the Army Transport Service as a whole, several important recommendations made by inspectors were approved by the Secretary of War. These approved recommendations included:

Requiring the Army Transport Service to obtain certificates from the U. S. Steamboat Inspection Service. At the end of the fiscal year only two transports, the USAT Meigs and the USAT Grant had secured these certificates. Even in the case of these two transports, certificates of compliance with the "Rules and Regulations for Ocean and Coastwise Shipping," published by the Department of Commerce, have been withheld, principally due to insufficient number of davits and lifeboats; non-standard motor lifeboats and lack of certain fire-fighting appliances.

The issue of mattresses and pillows to enlisted men traveling in troop accommodations.

The establishment of post exchanges on transports.

The provision of a separate medical consulting room for women passengers on transports and of facilities for washing clothing in women's lavatories.

The establishment of post-offices on transports.

The placing of the Army Transport Service at the primary ports of New York and San Francisco under the command of the commanding officer of the General Depots at those ports.

The assignment of line officers as permanent commanding officers of transports.

The commanding general, 9th Corps Area, in commenting upon the annual report of his corps area inspector, calls attention to the justified public criticism of the Army which would be evoked in case of accident to a transport by the failure to correct deficiencies brought out during the annual inspection of transports by the U. S. Steamboat Inspection Service. No further delays should be permitted in bringing all transports up to the standards required by the U. S. Steamboat Inspection Service.

Class "B" transports have continued to be operated with an authorized maximum of troop passengers in excess of the number that can be carried with a reasonable degree of comfort. This situation has arisen for reasons of economy, but it should not continue indefinitely. The Army Transport Service has made considerable progress during its thirty years of operation in providing more comfortable living conditions for troop passengers, although in the same period great strides have been taken by commercial steamship companies in providing modern comforts and conveniences for their steerage passengers. It is true that troop messes have improved since the increased ration has been authorized, but methods of serving food and sleeping accommodations remain primitive. No criticism is intended of the personnel charged with the operation of transports. Within the limitation of the means available, conditions pertaining to all classes of passenger and appearance aboard ship have been found to be excellent on all transports.

### Tactical Mobility and Maneuverability and Tactical Fire Power of Combined Arms

THE primary and vital mission of the Regular Army is to stand ready at any moment to meet any emergency with the full force of the greatest possible combat power which its organization and strength may be capable of developing. Unless maintained in such a state, a regular army engenders unwarranted reliance on a mythical preparedness and is uneconomical.

Whether the Regular Army's present

state of preparedness and training is adequate for the performance of this mission is highly questionable. The regular combat forces in the overseas possessions may be considered as up to standard, except for certain needed modernization of weapons, but there are serious doubts relative to those in the continental garrisons. The latter are dangerously weak in strength and in modern weapons and equipment. Scattered in small garrisons along our extensive frontiers and in the Central States, no opportunity is offered for practical training in tactical mobility and maneuverability and tactical fire power of combined arms. Yet these very qualities are the essence of the combat power that a regular army should possess in the highest degree.

While the personnel of the Regular Army combat forces as a whole is in a high state of efficiency from the viewpoint of theoretical education and individual knowledge of the technique of utilizing their available weapons, there appears to be a serious weakness in the practical tactical and logistical handling of troops of all arms and their weapons in combination, under field and combat conditions. The junior leaders have too few opportunities to develop in a practical field service sense that resourcefulness, initiative and knowledge of men and terrain so essential to efficient battlefield leadership. The combatant commanders have too few opportunities to exercise the vital functions of tactical direction, control and coordination, and to obtain by experience an understanding of the many practical difficulties which inevitably arise in the actual execution of tactical operations by combined arms which cannot be obtained at schools or in staff rides, terrain or command post exercises.

Officers with World War experience in the direction, control and coordination of units of combined arms are rapidly disappearing from the active list. Unless special efforts are made in the near future to afford opportunities for higher officers to command in field exercises forces of all arms, the Army will again revert to the state in which it has found itself at the commencement of all the wars in which it has been engaged, with a serious lack of leaders trained to command larger units and an ignorance on the part of these units of the vital tactical essentials of mobility, maneuverability and fire power of combined arms.

The large annual turnover of officers on duty with combat units is referred to elsewhere in this report. Too large a portion of the short time that officers habitually remain on duty with their combat commands is devoted to administrative duties. The greater part of an officer's service is spent away from troops—at schools, on duty with civilian components, and at various administrative headquarters.

The duties of the Regular Army as a training force for the civilian components and the housekeeping tasks incident to its own living and administration tend, of recent years, to obscure its vital mission for the successful execution of which a higher state of combat efficiency than now exists is indispensable.

While some of the defects indicated in the foregoing are subject to administrative correction, real improvement in this connection is dependent upon allotments of adequate funds for combined field training.

### Turnover of Commissioned Officers with Combat Troops

THE turnover of commissioned officers with combat troops has continued to be excessive during the past year. A special investigation of this subject was made at one post in the United States at which two regiments of infantry were stationed. In one regiment of 14 companies each company averaged three different commanders in one year, ranging from two in the case of four companies to six in one company. The time in command of a company averaged 6.1 months for each of nineteen captains, and 3.7 months for each of fourteen lieutenants. Twenty-four officers were relieved from duty with the regiment during the year. As the average number of officers present for duty during the year was 23, this amounted to more than a complete turnover of officers in the year under consideration. Similar conditions existed in the other regiment. At many other posts a 40 to 50 per cent turnover in regimental officers is reported. In one corps area one post commander was relieved after three months' tenure, another after nine months. The average tenure of command for four posts was less than twelve months.

There is a general shortage of offi-

## Army Orders

(Continued from Page 548)

### LATE WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS

S. O. No. 29, W. D., Feb. 4, 1931

The following orders were received too late for classification:

#### Quartermaster Corps

1st Lt. E. A. Anderson, from duty at AMC, Wash., D. C., Feb. 15, proceed to Ft. Hancock, N. J., report for duty as asst. to qm. of that post, relieving Capt. Holden Spear, QMC, who upon being relieved will proceed to N. Y. gen. depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., for duty as asst. to qm. supply officer.

Maj. J. H. Mellom, in addition to pres. duty at Ft. Sill, Okla., assigned to duty as constr. qm. at Ft. Sill.

Maj. A. M. Reeve, in addition to pres. duty at Jefferson Bks., Mo., assigned to duty as constr. qm., Jefferson Bks.

Capt. R. A. Blair, in addition to pres. duty at Ft. Riley, Kans., assigned to duty as constr. qm. for Marshall Fld., Kans.

Capt. E. C. Bower, in addition to pres. duty at Ft. Hoyle, Md., assigned to duty as constr. qm. at Ft. Hoyle, Md.

Capt. C. L. Middleton, in addition to pres. duty at Middletown air depot, Middletown, Pa., assigned to duty as constr. qm. at Middletown air depot, Middletown, Pa.

Lt. Col. R. H. Jordan, from duty in office of QMC, Wash., D. C., from duty with 464th Motor Repair Sect., from detail with OR, 3rd CA, proceed to N. Y. C., sail April 8 for Europe, thence proceed to Paris, France, report Chief American Graves Registration Service, QMC, in Europe, for duty until Sept. 30, and assume the duties of Chief Amer. Graves Registration Service in Europe, QMC, and officer in charge of all matter pertaining to the management in Europe of the pilgrimage of mothers and widows to the cemeteries of Europe; upon being relieved return to N. Y. C., report AGD by letter for further instructions.

#### Finance Department

Maj. G. N. Watson, Letterman Gen. Hosp., Presidio of S. F., Calif., proceed to home and await retirement.

#### Chemical Warfare Service

Capt. J. C. MacArthur, from duty as asst. military attaché, London, England, July 13, assigned to duty at Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., for duty as instructor at Chemical Warfare School.

#### Field Artillery

1st Lt. Thomas North, from duty with 5th FA, Ft. Bragg, N. C., proceed to Washington, D. C., report Feb. 15 to chairman Amer. Battle Monuments Commission, for duty.

Maj. J. A. Pickering, detailed in Militia Bu., May 1, from detail as instr., Pa. NG, Phila., Pa., proceed to Wash., D. C., report Ch. Militia Bu., for duty in his office.

#### Coast Artillery Corps

1st Lt. B. E. Cordell, assigned to 12th CA, Ft. Monroe, Va., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service.

Maj. F. M. Green, assigned to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service.

#### Chaplains

Chap. C. P. Fletcher, assigned to duty at Ft. McPherson, Ga., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service.

Chap. J. O. Ensrud, from duty at Ft. McPherson, Ga., proceed to N. Y. C., sail May 5 for Panama Canal Dept., for duty.

#### Infantry

Capt. W. B. Yancey, in addition to pres. duties at Ft. Ontario, N. Y., assigned to duty as constr. qm., Ft. Ontario.

#### Warrant Officers

W. O. R. F. Donaldson, from pres. duty at Ft. Washington, Md., proceed to home and await retirement.

W. O. Cleveland Elkins, from duty at hq., 5th CA, Ft. Hayes, Ohio, proceed to home and await retirement.

#### Leaves

Two months, April 20, to Capt. J. A. Klein, Inf.

One month, 15 days, July 3, to Capt. D. C. Hall, OD.

Three months, 21 days, July 2, to Capt. J. W. Callahan, Jr., Inf.

#### Retirement of Enlisted Men

Mstr. Sgt. A. H. Dewey, QMC, placed on ret. list at U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., N. Y., Feb. 28, sent to home.

Sgt. J. F. Nagle, Inf., placed on ret. list at Ft. McPherson, Ga., Feb. 28, sent to home.

Mstr. Sgt. R. P. Murtha, det. enlisted men's list, recruiting service, placed on ret. list at U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., Feb. 28, sent to home.

1st Sgt. W. D. Stewart, Cav., placed on ret. list at Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., Feb. 28, sent to home.

St. Sgt. H. E. Roser, det. offr. list, U. S. Mil. Academy serv. det., placed on

cers at posts in the United States during the Summer months, the very time when officers are most needed with troops. Many officers are relieved to attend schools and take short leaves before reporting. Their replacements graduated from schools take longer leaves before reporting. As a result the efficiency of the troops suffers. The efficiency of combat units requires smaller annual officer turnover and an increase in officers with units.

## Army Transport Sailings

ST. MIHIEL, scheduled to leave New York Feb. 19, arrive San Juan Feb. 23; leave Feb. 24, arrive Cristobal Feb. 27; leave March 4, arrive San Juan March 7; leave March 7, arrive New York March 11; leave March 18, arrive Panama March 24; leave March 25, arrive Corinto March 27; leave March 27, arrive San Francisco April 4.

Cambrai, scheduled to leave New York Feb. 17, arrive Panama Feb. 23; leave Feb. 24, arrive Corinto Feb. 26; leave Feb. 26, arrive San Francisco March 6; leave March 10, arrive Honolulu March 16; leave March 21, arrive San Francisco, March 27.

Chateau Thierry, scheduled to arrive Honolulu Feb. 11; leave Feb. 17, arrive San Francisco Feb. 23; leave Feb. 28, arrive Corinto March 8; leave March 8, arrive Panama March 10; leave March 11, arrive New York March 17; leave March 26, arrive San Juan March 30; leave March 31, arrive Cristobal April 3; leave April 8, arrive San Juan April 11; leave April 11, arrive New York April 15.

ret list at U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., Feb. 28, sent to home.

### LATE WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS

S. O. No. 30, W. D., Feb. 5, 1931

The following orders were received too late for classification:

#### Quartermaster Corps

Capt. I. S. Dierking, from duty as stu. at QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., proceed to N. Y. C., sail July 17 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty.

Col. W. H. Noble, in addition to pres. duty at N. Y. C., assigned to duty as constr. qm., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

#### Medical Corps

Maj. J. H. Ashcraft, detailed as medical examiner and witness before Army ret. bd. to meet at Hq. 2nd CA, Governors Island, N. Y.

Order amended to read: Maj. R. C. Murphy, proceed to New York City, sail March 18 for Hawaiian Dept., for duty.

#### Medical Administrative Corps

Capt. J. W. Cleave, detailed as member of Central Med. Dept. Bd., appointed by par. 2, S. O. 126, W. D., May 29, 1930.

#### Ordnance Department

The following is excepted from prov. of sect. 4c of natl. defense act of June 3, 1916, requiring duty with troops of one or more of combatant arms, effective date after name:

Maj. James Kirk, May 11; Maj. S. P. Spalding, May 29; Maj. C. M. Steese, May 28; 1st Lt. G. D. Rogers, May 7.

#### Cavalry

Maj. J. G. Monihan, from duty as instr., The Cav. Sch., Ft. Riley, Kans., May 11, assigned to 9th Cav., Ft. Riley.

Col. B. O. Davis, from duty at Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., proceed to N. Y. C., report offr. in charge pilgrimage port of embarkation, N. Y. C., May 15 for duty in connection with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe.

The relief of Lt. Col. E. P. Pierson, now on duty as military attaché, Stockholm, Sweden, from detail as acting Gen. St. officer, Jan. 14, announced.

#### Field Artillery

The following from duty as instr. at FA Sch., Ft. Sill, Okla., thence assigned to 1st FA, Ft. Sill:

Maj. J. A. Crane, Maj. J. M. Swing, and Capt. A. M. Gurney.

1st Lt. D. R. Van Sickler, from duty in connection with recruiting at Seattle, Wash., May 12, assigned to 4th FA, proceed to Ft. Robinson, Nebr., for duty.

Maj. A. C. Sandeford, detailed as recorder of Army ret. bd. to meet at hq. 2nd CA, Governors Island, N. Y.

#### Infantry

Order relating to 2nd Lt. R. J. Heret, revoked; he is assigned to 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y., on completion of pres. tour of foreign service.

#### Leaves

Four months, Aug. 1, to Capt. H. L. Hart, QMC.

#### Transfers

The transfer of Lt. Col. Sherman Miles, GSC, to FA, Jan. 29, announced.

#### Retirement of Enlisted Men

Mr. Sgt. Abrom Freilecher, U. S. Military Academy Band, placed on ret. list at U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., Feb. 28, sent to home.

1st Sgt. Adam Benedict, Inf., placed on ret. list at Ft. Brady, Mich., Feb. 28, sent to home.



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# National Guard U. S. A. Reserve

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# THE CIVILIAN COMPONENTS

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# U. S. Naval Reserve Naval Militia

## Maryland NG Notes

**T**HE Service Co., 1st Inf., Silver Spring, heads the State Honor Roll, Md. NG. for Dec. 1930, with 95.71 per cent average enlisted drill attendance. Regimental percentage, 75.46.

The Band Section, Service Co., Baltimore, leads the 5th Inf., with 89.77 per cent. Regimental percentage, 70.18.

The Service Section, Service Btry, leads the 110th FA, with 88.14 per cent. Regimental percentage, 73.14.

The Service Section, Service Co., Baltimore, leads the 104th Medical Regt. with 85.80 per cent. Regimental percentage, 72.70.

The 104th Medical Detachment, 29th Div. Aviation, Logan Field, leads the Squadron, with 84.00 per cent.

Headquarters Co., 58th Brig., 86.17 per cent.

State Detachment, 90.91 per cent. 1st Separate Co., Inf., Baltimore, 81.86 per cent.

The 29th Div. Aviation leads the Regiments with 76.81 per cent.

Nine officers, Md. NG, attended the monthly conference of the Brigade Headquarters and the State Staff, at Baltimore, Jan. 27.

Brig. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, Md. NG, was an honorary pallbearer at the funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth C. Ritchie, mother of Gov. Albert C. Ritchie. Mrs. Ritchie was buried in Greenmount Cemetery, Baltimore, on Jan. 26.

## Brig. Gen. J. S. Thompson,

**F**EDERAL recognition has been extended by the Militia Bureau to John S. Thompson as Brigadier General, New York National Guard.

Gen. Thompson has been colonel of the 108th Infantry since 1919 and his recent promotion to command the 54th Infantry Brigade vice Brig. Gen. Edgar S. Jennings, resigned, is a well deserved recognition of his ability and long service in command of the regiment.

Gen. Thompson was born at Uxbridge, Canada, June 3, 1873, and removed to the United States as a young man, becoming a citizen in 1900. His military career began Jan. 28, 1898, when he enlisted in the 29th Separate Company, New York National Guard, at Medina, N. Y., and his service has been continuous ever since except for a few months following the World War, when was discharged after being gassed, Sept. 29, 1918.

Gen. Thompson was commissioned second lieutenant in the 29th Separate Company Nov. 4, 1907, and his entire service has been in that company and the 3rd Infantry, New York National Guard, in which it was merged and which became the 108th Infantry during the World War and subsequently.

He served on the Mexican Border as captain and in the World War as captain and major, participating at Ypres-Lys and in the Somme Offensive and serving in the Dickebusch Lake and Scherpenberg Sector in Flanders.

He has received two Divisional Silver Star Citations for bravery in action and has been awarded the New York State Conspicuous Service Cross and the Belgian Croix de Guerre with Palm.

In civil life Gen. Thompson is an electrical engineer engaged in furniture manufacturing at Medina, N. Y.

## Elect ROA Officers

**E**LECTIONS were held at the annual convention of the New Jersey Department, Reserve Officers of the United States, which was held at Trenton, N. J., Jan. 24. Also a resolution was adopted favoring the increase in pay of the Regular Army and Navy.

The officers elected were: President, Col. H. V. D. Moore; vice president, Col. Philander Betts; vice president, Maj. A. C. Bigelow; vice president, Capt. W. H. Kruitbosch; secretary, Maj. E. H. Valle; and treasurer, Lt. Col. C. R. Morris. Members of council elected were: Col. H. D. Corbusier, Col. Paul Debevoise, Lt. Col. J. M. H. Dudley, Lt. Col. H. G. Thomas, Maj. H. G. Coffman; member of Congress from Third District of New Jersey, and Maj. S. A. Cosgrove.

## NG Companies Change

**MAJ. GEN. FRANKLIN W. WARD**, the Adjutant General of the State of New York, has recommended the station of the 27th Signal Company, Special Troops, 27th Inf. Div., New York National Guard, be changed from Brooklyn to Yonkers and that of Co. B, 101st Signal Battalion, New York National Guard, from New York City to Brooklyn.

These recommendations have been approved by Maj. Gen. William G. Everson, Chief of the Militia Bureau, and will be effected as rapidly as possible. In order to maintain historical continuity and retain battle honors the above practice has been followed instead of mustering out the old unit and reorganizing at the new station as is usually done.

The 101st Signal Battalion is the only one organized in the National Guard. Being Corps Troops, it is improbable any more will be organized in the near future, as priority is given divisional units, not yet organized, when additional units are authorized. There is only one active Signal Battalion in the Regular Army—the 51st stationed at Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

## No Cut in USNR

**RUMORS** that drastic curtailment in naval reserve funds are to be expected in the future, have been denied by the Bureau of Navigation, in a statement issued recently.

"It has recently come to the attention of the Bureau that certain rumors, based on the recent economy program and lacking any foundation, are being bruited about and given more or less credence by some members of our organization," the announcement relates. "These rumors cause dissatisfaction and unrest among the Naval Reserve. Specifically, the rumors are to the effect that pay to members of the Fleet Reserve for the performance of drills is to be discontinued and all Naval Reserve officers performing active duty in connection with the instruction, training and drilling of the Naval Reserve are to be removed from this duty."

"These rumors are without foundation in fact, and the bureau is no more able to account for them than a captain can account for scuttlebutt rumors aboard his ship."

"The Navy Department has been called upon to bear its share in the curtailment of expenditures below actual appropriations for the current year in the general economy program. In apportioning the amount to be saved between the regular establishment and Naval Reserve, the regular establishment is required to turn back approximately 10 per cent of its appropriations, while the Naval Reserve is required to turn back only about 5 per cent. In effecting these economies, a new and, it is believed, a better system has been established for cruising reservists on the Atlantic Coast. Certain Naval Reserve vessels have been or are to be decommissioned and certain Naval Reserve officers are to be released from permanent active duty. The selection of vessels to be decommissioned and of officers to be released has been made with the greatest care with a view to disturbing existing activities as little as possible. Certain of the Reserve officers released from duty are to be replaced by regular Navy officers, a greater number of whom are now available for this duty. Also it is necessary to discontinue periods of equivalent instruction or duty for fleet organizations for the balance of the present fiscal year."

"The above curtailments represent the limit contemplated in order to effect the desired results. While the Congress has not yet made the appropriation for the coming fiscal year, there is no reason to believe the appropriation will be less than for previous fiscal years (less the amount required for vessels already designated for decommissioning and the consequent decrease in officers and men on permanent duty. It is hoped that periods of equivalent instruction and duty may be resumed during the coming fiscal year."

## ROA Notes

**A**T A recent meeting of the Executive Committee and National Council of the Reserve Officers' Association, the following resolution was adopted:

"That every R. O. T. C. Cadet, upon acceptance of his commission at graduation, be accepted as a member of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States for that year upon payment of 75c dues to the National Association, and that further, as a gesture of our good will, that the association award each one of these graduates a rosette and in addition place their names on the mailing list to receive the Reserve Officer."

Plans are well under way for the 1931 convention of the ROA. The convention will meet in New Orleans April 20 and continue through the 22d.

## Ordnance Activities

**T**HE renovation plant for 75 mm. H. E. Shell at Raritan Arsenal is again in operation. This plant was closed for several months pending the accumulation of additional stocks of unserviceable shell. The new renovation plant at Curtis Bay has begun operation. This plant will renovate 75 mm. Shrapnel at the rate of 300,000 a year. There are large stocks of unserviceable shrapnel on hand at Curtis Bay awaiting renovation. The 21-second time fuzes will be renovated at Picatinny Arsenal. The new plant for 75 mm. shell at Nansmond Depot is also beginning operations and will have a rate of 210,000 a year. When all plants are in full production the capacity of the four H. E. shell renovation plants in the United States will be 840,000 a year. One overseas plant in Hawaii has an additional capacity of 100,000, so that the total shell capacity will be 940,000 rounds in the fiscal year 1932, which, with the shrapnel capacity at Curtis Bay, will provide a total capacity of 1,240,000 rounds.

There has been ordered from Rock Island Arsenal a large quantity of spare parts for the experimental vehicles of the Mechanized Force. These parts will be delivered to the Mechanized Force in small lots, as completed. The Mechanized Force will eventually be equipped with over 36 experimental Ordnance vehicles, of many different types; the maintenance of which by the Ordnance personnel of the Mechanized Force is a large problem in addition to the maintenance of the standard Ordnance equipment of the Force. The 19th Ordnance Company of the Mechanized Force is also maintaining the Quartermaster motor vehicles with which the Force is equipped.

The Quartermaster General has been requested to procure for the Ordnance Department two experimental armored wheeled Infantry Carriers, T2. These vehicles are intended for delivery to the Mechanized Force for a tactical test in comparison with two convertible Infantry Carriers now under development.

## Consider Britten Bill

**T**HE fate of the Britten bill may be decided today.

On Thursday, Feb. 5, the House Rules Committee, considered the question of giving preferred status to the Navy personnel bill, and after hearing the testimony of members of the Naval Affairs Committee, reserved decision in the matter. They meet again this morning and many act upon the matter.

Owing to the short time remaining, about the only way in which the Britten bill can be brought up in the House for vote, is for the Rules Committee to bring in a rule directing the consideration of the measure, or by suspension of the rules. Last week, Chairman Britten of the Naval Committee, asked for a rule upon the bill bearing his name, and Thursday the Rules Committee considered the request. Representatives Darrow and Vinson of the Naval Committee accompanied him and testified in favor of the bill. Representative McClintic, Democratic member of the Naval Committee was heard in opposition to the rule.

At the meeting, Feb. 5, a rule was also asked on the battleship modernization bill. Representative McClintic also opposed this. Nothing was done upon the Navy construction bill, upon which preferred status is desired.

## Explanation From C of E

**I**N RESPONSE to the remarks on the activities of branch journals, made in the Senate Jan. 27 by Senator Reed and printed in last week's issue of the *Army and Navy Journal*, the Chief of Engineers on Jan. 29 addressed a letter to Senator Reed giving his view of conditions.

Senator Reed presented the letter to the Senate on Jan. 30. Senator Reed's remarks and the letter follow:

"Mr. President, yesterday in the consideration of the Army appropriation bill, in referring to an amendment offered by the senior Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. Moses), I said I thought it was extremely improper for officers of the Corps of Engineers to solicit advertisements from persons who had contracts with the United States made through the Corps of Engineers, and I still think it would not be proper if that were done. I am afraid my remarks implied it had been done, and if they did that was a wrong impression. I send to the desk a letter from the Chief of Engineers, and ask that it be printed in the Record."

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

War Department,  
Office of the Chief of Engineers,  
Washington, Jan. 29, 1931.

Hon. David A. Reed,  
United States Senate,  
Washington, D. C.

My Dear Senator Reed: I have noted your remarks before the Senate on the question of the service magazines. You mention the Corps of Engineers and the propriety of an officer of that corps soliciting advertisements from people with whom he is transacting business in the letting of contracts.

There would be an impropriety if such were the case, but the case is quite different. No officer solicits any advertisements at all. Soliciting of advertisements is placed in the hands of a regular established firm, which is paid a part of the income derived from advertisements. Further, the officer who edits the magazine has no connection whatever with the letting of any contract made by the Corps of Engineers.

I agree with you that if the supposition were correct there would be manifest impropriety in the situation. It is, however, so manifestly improper that it could never endure for a moment in the usual administration of the business of the Corps of Engineers.

I see that you have been misinformed, and I am anxious that you have the truth.

Very sincerely,

LYTLE BROWN,  
Major General, Chief of Engineers.

## War Dept. Orders To Organized Reserves

2nd Lt. W. F. Rivers, Enr.-Res., to active duty, Feb. 2, at North Atlantic Division, New York, N. Y., to Division Engineer, for training. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. C. W. Beeson, MI-Res., to active duty, Feb. 7, at Wash., D. C., Asst. Chief of Staff, G-2, for training. (Jan. 30.)

The following of MI-Res., to active duty, Feb. 8, at Wash., D. C., Asst. Chief of Staff, G-2, for training: Maj. G. K. Stimson, Capt. A. D. Deason, jr., Capt. J. W. Janicki, Capt. L. W. Parker, Capt. P. R. Pattison, and Capt. R. F. Smith. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. G. T. Lampton, Spec-Res., to active duty, Feb. 23, at Wright Fld., Dayton, Ohio, for training. (Jan. 30.)

Lt. Col. Oldham Paisley, Inf-Res., to active duty, March 2, at Wash., D. C., Chief of Staff, for duty. (Feb. 2.)

2nd Lt. F. E. Quindry, Air-Res., to active duty, Feb. 10, at Selfridge Fld., Mt. Clemens, Mich., for duty with a tactical unit of AC. (Feb. 3.)

Maj. L. L. Scott, AGD-Res., to active duty, March 12, at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to comdg. gen. for purpose of pursuing a course of instr. for reserve officers at Command and Gen. St. Sch. (Feb. 3.)

2nd Lt. W. H. Bamford, Engr-Res., to active duty, Feb. 7, at engr. reproduction plant, Washington, D. C., for training. (Feb. 3.)

Col. J. H. Larned, Air-Res., to active duty, March 13, at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to comdg. gen. for purpose of pursuing a course of instruction at Command and General St. School. (Feb. 5.)



## MERCHANT MARINE

## FINANCE

## Pay Hope Sustaining Morale

(Continued from First Page)

present pay and allowances. The morale of the older officers is adversely affected by worry over retirement either for age or disability. Saving money to augment the greatly reduced salaries upon which they and their families must live in the event of their being placed upon the retired list, is out of the question under existing conditions. Increases of pay which will place them relatively in the same financial position as officers of their grade enjoyed before the cost of living was enhanced by the World War are the extent of the modest demands made by officers of the Army upon the country to whose service their lives are devoted. A spirit of optimism in connection with proposed pay and promotion legislation has undoubtedly played an important part in sustaining the morale of the officers of the Army and their families during the past year. Disillusionment of their hope in this connection will inevitably react most unfavorably upon the general morale of the Army.



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## Financial Digest

THERE appears to be a happier feeling with regard to possible legislative developments at Washington, according to recent morning stock letters from E. A. Pierce & Co., the underlying thought being that there is a better chance of a relatively satisfactory compromise on the drought relief and veterans' bonus questions.

"The narrow range in which the industrial averages have fluctuated for several days, in the face of a preponderance of unsatisfactory news, is perhaps having a gradual effect upon trading sentiment," states the letter of Feb. 4. "The Hudson Motors annual statement was something of a surprise in that net profits were smaller than generally anticipated, but we believe that such surprises will be very much in the minority."

Indications have not been given of the ability of the market to rise above the limit of the early January recovery. February, ordinarily, is a more conclusive month than January in respect of evidence as to the trend of industrial activity in the Spring. It is possible that the market, generally speaking, will continue to fluctuate dully and within a narrow range until evidence as to relative business activity in the forthcoming months is furnished.

The establishment of leadership by the higher grade industrial issues would probably induce confidence in those who are maintaining a neutral attitude toward the market. There is a natural disinclination toward buying these stocks as they have remained at prices which are relatively high in relation to current earnings. The industrial averages at the same time appear to have established a fairly definite resistance point and the past few weeks shows that weakness did not attract renewal of general liquidation.

## Navy High Speed Planes

(Continued from First Page)

it has made no effort in recent years, and no effort has been made because no funds have been available. Each year there is fixed by the Director of the Budget a limiting figure beyond which the Naval estimates as a whole shall not extend. It then becomes necessary for the Secretary of the Navy to fix a figure for each Bureau and Office a total of which figures shall be within the limit set by the Budget; continuing further in this sub-division it next becomes necessary for the heads of the various bureaus and offices to fix a limit for each subhead under his estimates and still remain within the Bureau or Office limitation fixed by the Secretary. The Bureau of Aeronautics is responsible under a mandate of Congress to complete and maintain a five-year program consisting of building up to and maintaining one thousand useful airplanes and also the lighter-than-air branch consisting primarily of two large airships. It has therefore been necessary on the part of that Bureau to limit its regular experimental estimates to rather a low figure, in order that the necessary funds would be available to purchase and maintain the aircraft of the program authorized by Congress. The Bureau has each year submitted supplemental estimates showing why more money was required for experimental purposes, but these supplemental estimates have not been approved, as they can not be approved without a cut somewhere else. The supplemental estimates for the fiscal year 1932 contain as an item "high speed plane development \$220,000.00" and carry the following explanatory note:—"Item 12 covers high speed development which the Navy cannot undertake at this time on account of lack of funds and which cannot be undertaken at this time without exceeding limitation of \$32,000,000. It is desired to develop high-speed planes as rapidly as possible and necessary funds covered by this item are urgently recommended." The Bureau, for the fiscal years 1928, 1929 and 1930 made similar efforts to secure approximately similar annual appropriations for this particular purpose. No effort was made for the fiscal year 1931 because it seemed impossible to obtain such appropriation.

## "Millions Appropriated"

Q. I would like to be informed also why it is that with the millions we have appropriated we have not one ship fit (Please turn to Back Page)

## Personals

(Continued from Page 552)

March as previously announced, but will be at home on Sunday, Feb. 15, and Sunday, March 15, from 4 to 6 p. m., at their quarters on Governors Island, N. Y.

Mr. Stanley G. Slavens, Foreign Service Officer, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Slavens, sailed Feb. 6, for Buenos Aires, Argentina, for his new post of duty.

Col. David L. Roscoe, USA, ret., is a candidate for the office of mayor of the city of San Diego, Calif., at the coming Spring elections.

The Annual Meeting of the Navy Relief Society which was scheduled for 10:30 a. m. Feb. 5 was delayed until afternoon on account of the funeral services for Mrs. McCormick, wife of Rear Adm. A. M. D. McCormick, MC, USN, ret.

Mrs. McCormick served as a member of the Board of Managers of the Navy Relief until a short time ago when she resigned because of ill health.

Rex Bernheim, son of Col. and Mrs. Julien R. Bernheim, graduated from Central High School, Washington, D. C., at the mid-year commencement exercises, at the age of 16. He was a member of the National Honor Society. He plans to attend George Washington University in Washington.

Col. H. L. Laubach, USA, comdg. offr. of the New York gen. depot, and Mrs. Laubach are house guests of Maj. James R. Hill, USA, and Mrs. Hill, Jeffersonville, Ind. Col. Laubach has recently been detailed to the Inspector General's Dept., with station at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

## Engagements

(Continued from Page 552)

lon is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William W. Hanlon of St. Louis and was graduated from Ward-Belmont School and the Washington University of St. Louis.

Lt. Christian is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Christian, Jr., 2649 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C. He was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in November, 1918, in the class of 1921 and is now serving with the 12th Infantry at Fort Washington, Md. The wedding will take place in March.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Babcock announce the engagement of the former's daughter, Miss Georgia Wright, to Lt. James Ostrand, USA, CE, son of Judge Ostrand.

Col. Walter H. Johnson, USA, and Mrs. Johnson, of Monterey, Calif., announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise Letitia, to Lt. Henry B. Fisher, AC, USA.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Announcement has been made by Maj. William McCleave, USA, and Mrs. McCleave of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helena Ann McCleave, and Lt. Minton W. Kaye, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Wallace Kaye of Beverly Hills, Calif.

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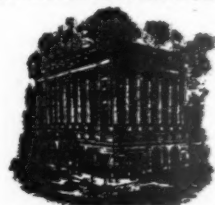
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## Letters to Editor

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All letters intended for publication should be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a proof of good faith. If the writer desires to omit his name when the letter is published, he should so state.

Letters printed in this column represent the views of the writer and publication herein does not imply endorsement by the Army and Navy Journal.

## MUST STRAIGHTEN HUMP

Editor, Army and Navy Journal: TWO of my Lieutenants (former Provisional) were batting them out late this afternoon. They were advised when the war broke out not to attend the First Training Camp but to take a mental examination for the Regular Army. As a consequence, they are swamped for life by officers whom they ranked during the war.

I told my story of a competitive examination some years before the war and of being held up for months while the powers that be decided to give a commission to a man who was born with one leg shorter than the other. In the meanwhile, about fifty officers, most of them younger, were commissioned ahead of me. After the war, despite the wording and the intent of the law, over a hundred World War Officers were commissioned over me, and given a greater salary besides.

The above instances represent broken promises on the part of Uncle Sam. The American Indian can attest to many injustices on his part because of similar broken promises.

It is high time for Uncle Sam to adopt some standards of honor; it is high time to adopt some standards for commissioning officers.

The World War hump must be straightened out if the Army is to face the next major conflict with its commissioned ranks filled with efficient, capable officers imbued with the highest possible morale.

There was never any excuse except political for absorbing over five thousand officers in one year. It is folly to argue that the mistake cannot be remedied. We jumped into Prohibition after half-baked thinking. Now that we realize its ghastly mistake, it argues badly for the spirit of American genius to insist that a terrible wrong cannot be undone.

A philosopher once said that the ability of the genus homo to avoid doing something that should be done surpasses all comprehension. He will argue the matter day and night, if necessary, in order to postpone or avoid action.

FIELD OFFICER.

## SEEK INFORMATION

Editor, Army and Navy Journal:

WILL you be good enough to publish this letter, written in behalf of Miss Audrey K. Dale, the daughter of Col. and Mrs. Frederick A. Dale.

Several weeks ago the sensational branch of the American press syndicated a picture of Miss Dale throughout the United States over a news article which was at once untrue and most unpleasant to Col. Dale's family.

The undersigned, attorneys for Miss Dale, would appreciate it greatly if any of Miss Dale's friends throughout the army who may have seen the syndicated article or who have heard it discussed would communicate with us.

We feel sure that we speak for Miss Dale's many friends in thanking the Army and Navy Journal for publishing this letter.

FRANKLIN and HICKS,  
One East 42nd Street,  
New York, N. Y.

## ARMY OFFICERS UNEMPLOYED

Editor, Army and Navy Journal:

A FEW weeks ago, some congressmen, thinking to launch a venomous shaft of sarcasm and ridicule at the Army, announced that he considered army officers to be among the "unemployed" of our country. He followed that up with other remarks to the effect that the army were loafers supported in luxury by the taxpayers. Evidently, there are some people in this country who still believe such misrepresentations as this, or would like to believe them; otherwise, demagogues and propagandists would not give vent to them. Any fair minded investigator can readily discover how untrue they are.

But perhaps that word, "unemployed," does, after all, apply; though

## Legislative Prospects

(Continued from First Page)

a favorable report from the House Military Committee, but an unfavorable recommendation from the War Department.

Provision for the sending of Army personnel to the Olympic games is contained in a bill which has passed the Senate and been approved by the House committee. It probably will be enacted. Chairman James' ration bill, to withdraw the authority of the President to prescribe the Army ration and solidify it into law, is also on the House calendar.

More interest is attached to the naval legislation pending owing to the greater scope of the projects involved. Among these are the construction bill and the battleship modernization bill. The latter has passed the Senate and enactment of both is hoped for.

## Navy Air Base

The bill authorizing the acquisition of a lighter-than-air base at Sunnyvale, Calif., passed the House this week by unanimous consent. Senator Hale states that he intends to hold hearings

hardly in the sense our unfriendly critic intended. At least one strong implication does apply to the army, to the whole personnel of national defense and that of the allied services. All of them are among the "unemployed" to the extent that they are faced in every direction with the same need of rigid economy that just now confronts many of their fellow citizens. What is more, ever since the war the members of all these services have been confronted with a continuing poverty such as the country as a whole had not experienced in any degree until recently.

Demotions for the regular army followed hard upon the close of the war. The pay of officers and of enlisted men in the higher grades was greatly reduced. For some individuals it was cut in half. The lost value of the dollar, most of it anyway, stayed lost, instead of finding its way back as some said it would. As far as any relief went, the "adjusted" pay schedules of 1922 proved to be illusory—a mirage of water for the thirsty where there was no water. In fact, the saving clause of the 1922 Act was the only thing in some cases that prevented a drop below the 1908 scale of pay; as for instance, some of the majors.

Most of the army quarters were wartime cantonments. Congress would not build needed quarters because the cantonment shacks had not yet fallen down. Congress would not repair the shacks because they were "temporary" and not worth wasting money on. For a long time, Congress would not repair permanent garrison buildings because there were more than enough cantonment shacks to go around, and many of the permanent buildings did not need to be used. Appropriations for everything else connected with the army went down, down, down.

But we are getting away from the "unemployed" theme. Is a policeman "unemployed," night after night, as he walks his beat? Or is he "employed" only while dashing down the street after a criminal, his gun spouting bullets? Is a fireman "unemployed" while he sleeps in his clothing on the second floor, or sits smoking at ease near the alarm bell? Or is he "employed" only while turning the crank of a siren on a rushing ladder truck, or while he drags a hose to a burning building? Is either policeman or fireman "unemployed" while he studies and learns how to serve his community better in his chosen vocation? Are coast guardsmen "unemployed" while . . .

But why spin out such a foolish catechism? Ask any average citizen such questions and he will look at you to see if you are crazy. Or, if he thinks you may really be seeking an answer, he will get mad and shout "No!"—and it will be an emphatic "No!" And the average citizen likewise has enough sense to see that the national defense services are not "unemployed" while they are keeping alive during peace time the vital science of national defense. And he has enough sense of fair play to express a strong opinion that the personnel of those services, equally with police and firemen, are entitled to a living wage. During the past year, Mr. Average Citizen, many of him indeed, has gone on record, through chambers of commerce and the press, advocating proper salaries for the Army and Navy and allied services. It is only the demagogue, the economist and the pacifist that are obstructing this matter of simple justice.

RETIRED.

on the project in the near future and hopes to get the bill through this session. He is also waiting a favorable time to bring the Senate construction bill up. The measure differs from the House bill, in that it includes authorization for the building of a six-inch gun cruiser—a vessel asked for by the Navy Department but which was disfavored by the House Naval Committee.

Authorization for the expenditure of \$3,000,000 in construction at the naval hospital, Philadelphia, has passed both Houses of Congress. Minor amendments adopted by the Senate must be agreed upon by the Representatives. The construction bill for the Washington, D. C., naval hospital, was reported to the Senate, Feb. 2, carrying authorization for the original amount approved by the House Naval Committee—\$3,200,000. This was cut to \$1,500,000 by amendment on the floor of the House when the bill was passed by that body. Neither of these measures has the endorsement of the Navy Department. Another construction bill, for \$400,000 at the Naval War College, carrying the approval of the Budget and the Navy Department is on the calendar of the House, and a similar bill was reported to the Senate, Feb. 2.

## Army Supply Bill

The War Department appropriation bill is in conference between the House and Senate. As passed by the latter body the bill carries \$446,975,948, nearly a million dollars more than the amount the House approved. Among the matters in controversy are the following: \$37,518 for pay of retired officers on active duty, added by the Senate; \$420,000 for purchase of gas masks, added by the Senate; \$200,000 for experimentation with a metal-clad airship, proposed by the House and stricken out by the Senate; \$227,600 for Organized Reserves, adopted by the House but cut out by the Senate; a provision approved by the House Appropriations Committee and stricken out by the House withholding the pay of any officer who is employed by or connected with a service publication which carries paid advertising, was re-

These matters will be threshed out by the conferees when they meet at 2 p. m., Feb. 9. On that day also, the Navy Department Appropriation bill will be reported to the House. With these two bills as well as the other supply measures delayed as they are, a special session is beginning to appear inevitable. Although proponents of an extra session desire it, in order that some pending legislation which cannot receive consideration now may be taken up, a special session would hardly be of help to the services. Both the Army and Navy have half of the battle won in the fight for promotion relief. But with the death of the 71st Congress, the promotion bills lose their status and would have to be re-introduced, re-considered by new committees and brought before new houses of Congress, a duplication of the fight waged this Congress. And then, what chance would service legislation have, no matter how meritorious, during a special session? The fight, to be successful, needs to be fought in the next 20 days that remain.

## MANILA

By HARRIOTTE MONTAGUE

The stout ship groans, the waves pile high,  
Pale mists obscure a storm-swept sky,  
Seas burst in spray, a spray like snow,  
As pounding, reeling, on we go,  
Our green world now a world of foam  
As we go roaring homewards, boys,  
As we go roaring home.

The moon shines on the Dreamland Bar,  
We do not even rank a star;  
The Santa Ana cabaret  
Lies many watery leagues away;  
We've changed our beer for tons of foam  
For we are roaring homewards, boys,  
For we are roaring home.

Old Intramuros' sights and smell  
Are lost behind the ocean's swell;  
No ballerinas coax our pay,  
Gone are those girls who glide and sway  
Down by the Pasig's lilyed foam;  
But we are roaring homewards, boys  
But we are roaring home.  
And some of us have come from Maine,  
Some from the torrid Texas plain,  
Some hail from little old New York,  
Some saw the light at Hickory Fork—  
But roaring now through tons of foam  
Where we debark is homeland, boys,  
Where we debark is home.

## The Journal Salutes

THIS week the Army and Navy Journal salutes:

Brig. Gen. Benedict Crowell, Army Reserve Corps, upon his appointment to that grade.

Capt. John S. Abbott, USN, who has been appointed Governor of Guam, and Commandant, Naval Station, Guam.

Edgar E. Miller, who has been appointed head football coach at the United States Naval Academy.

## Obituaries

(Continued from Page 555)

April 7, 1904; military secretary July 28, 1905; colonel Oct. 24, 1908; retired at his own request, after 40 years' service, Oct. 28, 1908.

He is survived by a son, George H. Robinson, 168 South Beeson Avenue, Uniontown, Pa.

Funeral services for Col. Hamilton Diston South, USMC, who died at the Naval Hospital, Washington, on Jan. 29, were held in the Epiphany Church, Washington, D. C., Jan. 31. Lt. Comdr. Clinton A. Neyman, Chap. Corps. officiated.

Interment was in Arlington National Cemetery at 2 p. m., with full military honors. Honorary pallbearers were: Brig. Gen. George Richards, USMC; Brig. Gen. H. Matthews, USMC; Col. T. C. Turner, USMC; Col. J. S. Tur- rill, USMC; Col. L. M. Little, USMC; Maj. E. A. Osterman, USMC.

Mr. B. Francis Saul, widely known in service circles, died at his home in Washington, D. C., Feb. 1, 1931. Mr. Saul, who was a prominent investment banker, was 59 years of age. He was born in Washington, D. C.

He leaves his wife, and five children, John, Bernard, Andrew and Teresa Saul and Mrs. Rose Saul Montgomery, wife of Warwick Montgomery, jr. A third daughter, Miss Frances Saul, was fatally injured last spring when she was thrown from her horse. Other survivors are Mary C. Saul, Mrs. Rosina M. May, Agnes A. Saul, sister, and John A. Saul, brother, all of Washington, and Mrs. Fannie E. Frigon, a sister, of Montreal.

## Speaks at Infantry School

LT. COL. ADNA R. CHAFFEE, G. S. C., of the G-3 Section War Department, Washington, D. C., spoke to approximately 500 officers of the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., Jan. 26, 1931, on the subject "Composition, objectives, and Doctrines of the Mechanized Force."

## Signal School Graduation

THE graduating exercises for the short term courses in the Post and Signal Schools at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., were held Jan. 30. Col. A. S. Cowan, Signal School Commandant, delivered the graduating address and presented diplomas to the 85 graduates.

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### Sec. Ingall's Letter

(Continued from Page 558)  
or capable to enter in the International Schneider Cup.

Because the millions that we have appropriated in this country have not been appropriated for the development or construction of an airplane to enter in the International Schneider Race. With reference to the millions appropriated for the Navy Department, they have been devoted to the development and maintenance of a naval aerial fighting force that is today second to no other in the world. In support of this statement may I quote the words of Lord Beatty:

"The Navy (English) today is the most up-to-date and efficient navy in the world, except in one respect, and that is in its air equipment. The air wing of the U. S. Navy, owing to the single control exercised over the U. S. Navy, is far ahead of our Fleet Air Arm. They carry out exercises on a scale quite impossible in our Fleet. Cooperation between their ship-borne and shore-based aircraft has reached a high state of efficiency; with us it is non-existent." (Statement made April 30, 1930.)

#### Tydings' Report

May I also refer to your attention the findings of the Tydings Committee enclosed. That Committee conducted an investigation in regard to high speed development in the Navy and the findings speak for themselves. I quote one of the several conclusions of the Committee:

"Your Committee also made an investigation into the comparability of the fast pursuit and bombing planes of the United States with those of other nations. We believe from the reports submitted that in number of planes in the Navy, speed of planes in the Navy and general bombing and fighting equipment that our Navy has pursuit and bombing planes of such number, type and speed as to give it parity, if not supremacy, with any other nation in the world." (Finding on May 27, 1930.)

It is of course unnecessary for me to point out that the appropriation by Congress of many millions for one purpose can have no effect upon the accomplishment of some other purpose, and so the appropriation of funds specifically for the development and maintenance of a fighting force has no more bearing upon the development and maintenance of racing airplanes than have the millions expended in the manufacture of say the ordinary Ford automobile to do with the development and maintenance of the automobiles that race in and win the National Automobile Races at Indianapolis each year.

#### Experiments and Development

May I refer you to the appropriations for the Navy Department for the years from 1920 to date, and particularly call your attention to the item "Experiments and Development." I assure you that it is only with the funds under this particular item that the Navy Department may legally proceed with any development or maintenance of racing craft and then only as a means of accomplishing improvement in its fighting craft. You will find that although aviation in the Navy has increased enormously since 1920 and the appropriation for the particular field of "Experiments and Development" has not only not increased proportionately but has even decreased. As the importance of aviation in the Navy has grown, so has the field of development and experimentation grown, until the vast multitude of items upon which this particular appropriation must be annually expended has by its very necessity forced a partial withdrawal from the part of the Navy Department from the particular development of high speed. It is my firm conviction that important though the development of higher speed seaplanes may be this is not as important as the purpose to which the Navy is now applying its limited fund of two millions for experiment and development. And as explained above, under the limiting figure established each year by the Bureau of the Budget, the Navy Department is unable to provide the fighting air force laid down in accordance with the program of Congress and at the same time devote more of its appropriations for this particular purpose of experiments and development.

#### Since 1925

Q. 3. What has happened to American Aviation since 1925?

Generally speaking, American aviation has been developed and maintained to a greater extent than aviation in any other country. Our military serv-

ices are well-organized, well-equipped, and well-offered and manned, small perhaps, but at least affording an excellent groundwork which could readily be enlarged and strengthened in the event of war. Commercially, aviation in this country has gone ahead until it has surpassed that of other countries. The fact that other countries have developed a few racing planes capable of flying faster than the planes of this country is no more conclusive of the general situation regarding aviation in this country than is the fact that the British have built and recently driven an automobile at a speed infinitely greater than that of American-made automobiles indicative of the general automobile industry in this country.

Q. 4. I would also like to know if the Navy now has a plane of sufficient speed to enter the next Schneider Race.

The Navy Department has no plane of sufficient speed to enable it to properly compete in such a race.

#### Too Late for this Year

Q. 5. If not, is the Department able to obtain such a ship if appropriations are made immediately available?

The Department is unable to obtain such a plane, regardless of the appropriations. There is insufficient time to develop and construct a plane and engine that could satisfactorily compete in the next Schneider Cup Race,

which is to take place in September of this year. As I have said above, the Navy Department has been out of the racing game since 1925, and the development and construction of a racing craft of the necessary speed would require the development and construction not merely of a plane but of an engine almost from the ground up. This is a matter requiring several years, rather than several months. If, however, appropriations were made immediately available the Navy Department could obtain such a plane in time for the Schneider Cup Race in 1933 if such a race is held in that year.

In this connection, may I point out that should the British win in 1931, they will have permanently won the Schneider Cup Trophy, and the race will be no more, unless it be re-established. However, may I also say that it is my opinion that so important and outstanding an event as this race will be renewed or continued by some means or other should such become necessary this year.

In conclusion, may I again express my sincere appreciation of your interest in this matter and express the readiness of the Department to cooperate with you in the best interests of our national defense.

Yours sincerely,

DAVID S. INGALLS.

### Ft. Douglas Weather Bureau

THROUGH the efforts of Col. Howard C. Price, commanding officer at Ft. Douglas, and Mr. J. Cecil Alter, meteorologist, of Salt Lake City, the Chief of the Weather Bureau at Washington authorized the reestablishment of the weather bureau station at Ft. Douglas, Utah.

The new station will be under the supervision of Capt. C. A. Robinson, Post Signal Officer. Reports will be made daily to the city office and published along with the weather bureau reports.

### EO Retirements

THE following officers have been retired under the provisions of the Emergency Officers' Retirement Act of May 24, 1928:

1st Lt. G. L. Thompson, MC; 1st Lt. J. A. Estill, CAC; Capt. H. A. Gane, Inf.; 2nd Lt. H. E. Hefner, CE; 1st Lt. F. S. Swanson, Inf.; 2nd Lt. V. A. Weiser, SC; 1st Lt. M. A. King, Inf.; 1st Lt. J. R. Brown, MC; Maj. W. W. Smith, SC; Lt. Col. R. W. Watson, AGD; 1st Lt. G. E. Hayes, Jr., Inf.; 1st Lt. A. F. Murray, Inf.; 1st Lt. S. C. Snow, QMC; Maj. R. N. Brady, OD; 2nd Lt. H. E. Barnet, SC; Maj. Irving Deems, SC.

## SCHOOL DIRECTORY

The Journal's Service Department is making a very careful study of the Schools listed in this directory, preparatory to making recommendations meeting the individual needs of Service Children of School age.

Write to the Schools direct, or if you need help, we will be only too glad to assist you. Address your letter personally to the Director, Department of Education, Army and Navy Journal, 1800 E St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

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